THE GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers | Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, June 11th, 1913 | VOL. XL. NO. 11

Death of Mrs. Wm. Karberg.

Mrs. Wm. Karberg of Port Edwards died on Friday of last week, cause of death being blood poinoning. The funeral was held on Sunday, Rev. Wm. Nommensen of this city conducting the services, the remains being interred at Nekoosa. Mrs. Karberg is survived by her husband and eight children.

—Legal blanks for sale at this office

ADVERTISED LETTERS

Ladies. Barclay, Miss Mary, card; Bergen, Miss Meda, card. Hutchens, Mrs. Alice, W.; Mack, Miss Esther; Ryan, Mrs Edw.; Tews, Mrs. Chas.; Voos, Miss Matilda; Waterman, Mrs. P

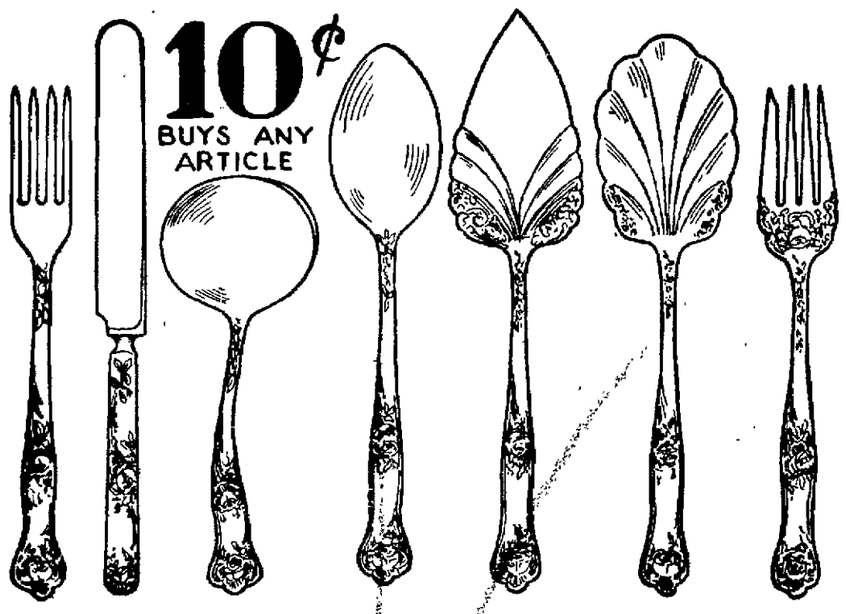
Gentlemen. Atwood, A. E.; Buelow, Emil, Davey, Ed. card. Ebert, H.; Hackert, Martin, card; Schmerler, Chas.; Trickey, Francis.

Cold Breaks Record.

The cold spell of Sunday and Monday is reported to have broken all previous records for cold weather in June. Frosts were reported from Vermont, New York, New England, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan and Wisconsin. While a frost in northern Wisconsin in June has often occurred before, some of the other states have no records of anything of the kind.

W. ROGERS

Standard Patterns of Genuine Sterling Silverware never before so cheap. . . .



Tea Spoons
Table Spoons
Dessert Spoons
Table Knives
Table Forks
Sugar Spoons
Butter Knives
Large Cold Meat Forks
Large Gravy Ladles
Large Pie Servers
Large Berry Spoons

This silverware is sold only in combination, but you do not pay more than 10c for each piece. With each one-half dozen knives and forks you must purshase one dozen of the tea spoons, the 6 knives and forks and dozen tea spoons cost you $2.40, or you can purchase one each of berry spoon or meat fork, sugar shell and butter knife and one-half dozen tea spoons for 60c.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Crockery Department — **Grand Rapids, Wis.**

Special Price Reduction Sale

Tuesday, June 10 to Saturday, June 14

Included in this week's sale are a few silk and wool dresses remaining from Saturday's sale. They come in all the desirable colors and sizes.

Messaline Silk Dressss values up to $15.00, reduction sale $7.98

Summer Wool Dresses values up to $6.98, reduction sale $4.98

Coats and Suits. Sacrificed Reductions of 30 to 40 per cent, hundreds of garments to pick from, the following gives an idea of the price reductions.

$10.00 Coats, reduction sale $6.98
$15.00 Coats, reduction sale... $9.75
$17.75 Coats, full satin lined, reduction sale..... $11.50
$22.50 Suits, fancy grey and tan, reduction sale..... $13.98

Skirts and Petticoats. Reduction Sale.

All wool Serge Skirts, black and colors..... $1.98
Messaline Silk Petticoats, plain and changeable silks.... $1.98
Waists. Broken assortments, values up to $1.75, reduction sale..... 79c
Norfolk Middy Waists, reduction sale..... 98c
Silk Hose. Ladies' 35c black silk hose, reduction sale..... 25c
Ladies' 50c black silk Hose, reduction sale..... 39c
$1.25 black, pink and blue silk Hose reduction sale..... 89c

Reduction Sale on Embroideries

Embroidery Edges from 2c up to Corset Cover Embroidery at 15c and special bargains on all wide Flouncings.

27 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth 39c, reduction sale..... 29c
27 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth 50c, reduction sale..... 39c
27 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth 89c, reduction sale..... 49c
27 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth $1.00, reduction sale..... 69c
45 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth 98c, reduction sale..... 59c
45 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth $1.25, reduction sale..... 69c
45 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth $1.98, reduction sale..... 98c

Calicos. Standard Calicos in black, grey, blues and light colors, now... 4c
Percales. 15c light and medium colors, reduction sale..... 9¾c
Ginghams. Fancy Dress Ginghams, reduction sale per yard..... 9c
Apron Ginghams, reduction sale, per yard..... 4¾c
25c Zephyr and Tissue Ginghams, reduction sale per yard..... 17c
Lawns. Scotch Lawns in black, navy blue and light colors, per yard..... 4c
Sheetings. L. L. Unbleached Sheeting, reduction sale per yard..... 5¾c
12c Bleached Muslin Sheeting, reduction sale per yard..... 8c
2¼ yd. wide Unbleached Sheeting, reduction sale, per yard..... 18c
Pearl Buttons, reduction sale per dozen..... 2c
Hair Nets with elastic 2 for..... 5c
50c Men's Silk Socks, reduction sale per pair..... 29c

Swiss Curtains and Scrims

Colored border Swisses and Curtain Scrim, reduction sale, per yard.... 8½c

Swiss Curtains. White with insertion or edges, also stenciled borders. We quote a few of 24 styles.

79c Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... 59c
$1.00 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... 69c
$1.25 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... 79c
$1.49 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... $1.15
$2.25 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... $1.69
$3.75 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... $2.50

The season's latest novelties are arriving daily. New Bulgarian Silks, Bulgarian Collars, Bulgarian Belts. 45 inch Chiffon in Cube and Floral patterns. New silk and cotton Ratines, Linen and Ramie Suitings.

East Side — **W. C. WEISEL** — **Grand Rapids**

EXPRESSMAN WAS ROBBED

Wells-Fargo Man Knocked Senseless and $170.00 in Cash Taken From Him.

J. H. Bennett, agent for the Wells-Fargo Express company, was knocked down Tuesday evening and robbed of about $170 in cash which he carired with him. As it was dark at the time Mr. Bennett did not see his assailant and was unable to give any description of him.

Mr. Bennett's story of the robbery is to the effect that he left the express office about 9:30 o'clock, and crossing the river, stopped into Getts' bowling alleys for a short time. After bowling a couple of games he continued on his way home, which is on Fourth Avenue north, near the Green Bay track.

After arriving at home, which was about 11 o'clock, he started to the outhouse in the rear of his home, and while opposite a passage way between the house and the shed some person stepped out and struck him a blow on the right side of the head and face. This is all that Mr. Bennett knows of the affair, as he was rendered unconscious by the blow.

His wife became alarmed at his absence and going out to look for him found him lying on the ground. This was some time after the affair had occurred and Mr. Bennett had begun to regain consciousness again and he was helped to the house by his wife, when he found that the money he carried, amounting to about $170.00, had been taken.

The loss was reported to the local police but owing to t e fact that Mr. Bennett did not see his assailant and was unable to give any kind of a description of him, it will be rather difficult to work on the case with any degree of certainty.

Later: The above is the story that Bennett told a Tribune man this morning of the holdup, but later in the day upon being questioned by Chief of Police Gibson and District Attorney Briere he admitted that there had been no holdup at all, the story having been made up by him to cover up a shortage in his cash account, the missing money having been used to pay his private bills.

Hansen-Carlson.

A very pretty wedding was held at the Scandinavian Moravian church Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, when Miss Nina R. Carlson of this city and Daniel E. Hansen of Sacramento, Cal., were joined in holy wedlock by the Rev. H. B. Johnson. The bridal couple were attended by Miss Bernice Lester of this city, Miss Louise Forge and Mr. A. B. Carlson, of Burlington, and Mr. Wm. Hansen, Jr., of Niagara Falls, N. Y. Mendelsshons wedding march was prettily rendered by the church organist, Miss Bell Rockstedt. A reception was held at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Hannah Carlson. Mr. and Mrs. Hansen left on the evening train for Sacramento, Cal., where the groom is employed in a large machine shop. The bride is a local young lady having a host of friends, all of whom join with the Tribune in wishing her and her husband a long and happy journey thru life.

Among those from out of town who were here to attend the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Carlson and family of Sparta, A. B. Carlson and Miss Louise Forge of Burlington, Miss Maggie Johnson of Gbdden and Wm. Carlson of Buffalo, N. Y.

THE ROOSEVELT SUIT.

The winning of the suit of Colonel Roosevelt against the Iron Ore of Marquette, Mich., could hardly help but please any man who has a sense of fairness about him and who has lived long enough in this country to see the reckless manner in which some newspaper men malign those who are running for office.

Personally we know nothing whatever about the merits of the case. We never saw the Colonel either drunk or sober, and while we do not believe the same as he does politically, we do not consider this sufficient cause for calling him bad names.

Newspaper writing has undergone quite a change in the past twenty years. In those days if was customary to say all the bad things possible about a man who was running for office, regardless of whether they were true or not, and the man who was after an office kind of took it for granted that he would be ripped up the back, figuring that he would get even by what was said about the other fellow. While this has changed to a large extent, it seems that there are still a few in the newspaper business who feel called upon to repeat all the slander they hear of a man without taking the trouble to discover whether it is true or not. It is on these fellows that the Roosevelt case will probably have a good effect and teach them to think how a thing will sound before they publish it broadcast.

The first service at the Adventist camp meetig will be held on Thursday evening of next week They already have several of their large tents erected on the school grounds, and by the time the meetings open everything will be in readiness

Against the Drainage District.

Peter Anderson and C. W. Schroeder of the town of Seneca, were among the callers at this office on Saturday, and asked us to state thru the columns of this paper that they were among a large number of farmers in their town who were bitterly opposed to the proposed new Wood County Drainage District and that a petition had been circulated and signed by nearly forty farmers who were against the drainage plan. These gentlemen claim that those who propose the drainage claim that it will not cost much more than six dollars per acre, but they are convinced that it will cost more, but even at six dollars an acre the land will not stand the extra tax and it will be the means of driving some of the settlers out that can not afford to pay the tax. Messrs. Anderson and Schroeder say they do not need the drainage and that all it amounts to is to drain a lot of marsh land that is being held by speculators at the expense of the settlers. They also claim that most of the land drained will be worth less than it is now, as in its present state it will raise marsh hay, that the muck is only about six inches to a foot in depth under which is nothing but quick sand. These gentlemen claim that those who propose the drainage claim it will be better for their health, etc., but that they have lived there many years, and they are not suffering from malarial fever or any other sickness. Of course there are always two sides to these propositions and the Tribune is not in a position to judge and in this article we are just presenting the case as Messrs. Anderson and Schroeder requested us to do.

Wilke-Hirsch.

Merrill Herald—The wedding of Miss Emma Wilke and Fred Hirsch took place yesterday afternoon at the Lutheran church in the town of Scott. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Flehler at 3 o'clock and the attendants were Miss Herriott Muhech and Henry Wilke. Both of the principals are very well known and have the congratulations of their many friends on this occasion. After the ceremony, a wedding reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Wilke, in which a large number of relatives and friends of the young people participated. Several autos left the city yesterday afternoon and evening to take parties to the celebration which continued until an early hour this morning. There were also a large number of relatives and friends from neighboring towns present.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilke expect to make their future hoem at Grand Rapids and will be at home to their many friends after June 16.

MARKET REPORT.

Patent Flour	$5.30
Rye Flour	3.80
Rye	.56
Butter	22-25
Eggs	16
Beef, live	5-5½
Pork, dressed	9½-10
Veal	8-10
Hay, Timothy	$10-$12
Potatoes	20-25
Hides	9-10
Hens	12
Oats	30-38

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bank of Grand Rapids located at Grand Rapids, State of Wisconsin, at the close of business on the 4th day of June, 1913, pursuant to call by the Commissioner of Banking.

Resources.

Loans and discounts	$425,068.19
Overdrafts	981.93
Bonds	42,690.00
Stocks and other securities	4,040.00
Other real estate owned	2,200.00
Due from approved reserve banks	23,715.61
Due from other banks	2,105.35
Checks and other banks and cash items	3,774.90
Cash on hand	20,968.77
Orders	811.67
Total	$536,356 42

Liabilities.

Caulital stock paid in	$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	10,000.00
Undivided profits	7,480 44
Individual deposits subject to check	234,290.09
Time certificates of deposit	201,629.51
Saving deposits	32,956.38
Total	$536,356.42

State of Wisconsin, County of Wood, SS.

I, E. B. Redford, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear, that the foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. B. Redford, Cashier.

Correct. Attest:
Isaac P. Witter,
Geo. W. Mead,
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of June, 1913.
Hugh W. Goggins, Notary Public.

A London swindler sold dried peas for liver pills. Probably just as effective.

Summer School

at The Business College

The fourth annual Summer Session of the Grand Rapids Business College will open on Monday, June 23, and continue six weeks.

The regular courses in Shorthand, Typewriting and Bookkeeping will be offered, and students may arrange to take special work if desired.

A fine chance to prepare for a good paying position at little expense.

Don't take too long a vacation. Arrange now to improve this six weeks to the best advantage.

It will mean dollars to you.

Call up Mr. Hayward for Particulars
Telephone 415.

WILL VISIT GETTYSBURG.

Participants in Campaign Will Visit Former Battlefield.

Surviving Gettysburg veterans will have a chance to visit the battlefield in July at the expense of the state. Among those from this city who are entitled to go are M. H Lynn, Eugene Sparks, W. T. Davis, W. A. Owen, B. T. Worthington and John Harrison of Comfrey, Minn. Some of them have already made application to go and it is probable that others will before the time arrives.

The veterans entitled to go at state expense number several hundred and General J. G. Salsman requests that applications be sent in as soon as possible. Under a bill recently passed by the legislature the state will pay the transportation of its surviving Gettysburg veterans to the battlefield and the state of Pennsylvania will furnish them food and shelter. Many other states have made similar provisions in accordance with the suggestion of the state of Pennsylvania.

Under the arrangements made the federal government will contribute $150,000 and the state of Pennsylvania a like amount for the entertainment of the veterans Provisions will be made for 40,000 veterans. A camp covering 280 acres south of Gettysburg and on the scene of the first day's battle will be established and 5,000 tents set up. The tents will be comfortably equipped. The first meal served will be supper Sunday evening, June 29, the last a breakfast, July 6.

Survivors of the blue and the gray will be alike entertained. The only qualificaton to admission will be an honorable discharge from the union or confederate army and membership in an organization participating in the battle fifty years ago. Thus any soldier who participated in the battle or was a member of a military orgnization that took part is entitled to free transportation and board and lodging.

A program of exercises to continue over four days has been arranged. July 1 will be veterans' day, July 2 military day, July 3 civic day and July 4 national day. On the forenoon of July 4 President Wilson will deliver an oration and at noon will lay the corner stone of a great peace memorial to be built.

Eight hundred thousand meals will be furnished by the federal government. Preparations for the establishment of the great camp, where will be quartered the survivors of the battle are well under way, in charge of Capt. H. F. Dalton of the quarter-master's department of the United States army.

Allowance will be made for twenty meals for each veteran. This will require 800 cooks and as many helpers and 125 bakers, the baking to be done in field bakeries and the preparing of meals in field kitchens. The feeding of this army of veterans will require 40,000 mess kits, comprising one plate, cup, knife, fork, and spoon for each man. In the camp will be more than 9,500 tents, which will be pitched in fields not far from the scene of Pickett's charge. The camp will be exclusively for veterans.

Donald Connor Killed.

The train crew on the Soo line brought the report from Marshfield this morning that Donald Conner, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Connor, was killed yesterday. The story is that young Cohnor was returning from Milwaukee with an automobile and that when near Freemont he struck a telephone pole and was killed instantly. The young man was about 21 years of age.

NEWS ITEMS FROM NEARBY PLACES.

Lost the Sight of One Eye.—Christ Yoss, an Arpin boy, about eleven years old, had the misfortune to lose the sight of his left eye the latter part of last week through the explosion of a dynamite cap. As near as can be learned, the boy applied fire to the cap just for the fun of seeing it explode, and when the explosion occurred a piece of the shell struck him in the eye. He was brought to the hospital in this city, where an operation for the removal of the optic was performed.—Marshfield News.

Pulling Stumps by Hand.—Extracting stumps by hand power is the method proposed by H. Wipperman, a former Chilton man, for clearing lands in northern Wisconsin. The editor attended a demonstraton of Mr. Wipperman's machine Friday morning at the Wood County farm, where Mr. Wipperman has pulled about a dozen stumps with only a few minutes time on each. He uses hand power for the small stumps and a small gasoline engine attached to his machine for the larger ones. Where a stump is especially large and has grown in with others a small charge of dynamite is used merely to form an air vent and reduce the suction. The machine is is about the size of a corn shredder, and is mounted on an iron truck. It can be handled without horses even on very rough land. A windlass and triple blocks capable of creating a pull of fifteen tons are the essential principles. The inventor has a project on foot to furnish the machine to Wisconsin land agents in large quantities one to be presented free to the buyer of every quarter section of new land. —Marshfield Times.

Fire at Insane Asylum.—Waupaca County's insane asylum, situated near Weyauwega, was quite badly damaged by fire this morning. The blaze was discovered in the cupola at 6:40, and owing to inadequate fire protection at the institution, the fire fighters were unable to reach the blaze until the Weyauwega volunteer department responded to a call. It was 9:30 before the fire was extinguished after considerable havoc had been wrought by fire and water. The asylum is built in the form of a letter "E," the projections facing south, the center projection being used as the administration portion of the structure and it was in the cupola of this part that the fire originated, presumably from sparks from the chimney. At the time of the fire there were about 142 patients in the building and these were hastily removed to the grounds, where they were cared for by attendants, and some were taken about in autos. Those who could not be trusted out of confinement were taken to Weyauwega, two miles distant, and placed in the town hall under guard. After the fire was out all of the patients were returned to their quarters, little the worse for their experience, none showing any signs of the strain which they had recently undergone.

Medical science is constantly discovering hundreds of new reasons why people should call in the doctor.

TROUBLE FOR THE NEW LINE

Proceedings in the Court Against the Proposed Electric Line From Portage.

Stevens Point Journal:—Conforming with the order of Judge Stevens of the circuit court George P. Smith has filed his supplemental complaint against the Western Indiana Construction Company, Central Wisconsin Construction company, Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Railroad company, Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Street Railways company, Allen T. Russell, J. Frank Huntoon, J. E. Jones and Thomas W. Potts. The action is brought to recover on two promissory notes.

The Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Street Railways company is the one that set out to build an electric line from Madison, via Portage and Adams county, to Stevens Point.

Mr. Smith alleges that the Western Indiana Construction company is insolvent and without assets except a claim it has against the Chicago & Wisconsin Valley railway company for work done and money advanced, that the street railway company is insolvent and without money to pay its debts and obligations, that all of the property owned by the railway company consists of three miles of road constructed in Portage, that it has no power plant of its own, that the company has three cars and a snow plow, which cars have been used and cast aside by some other company and were purchased at a greatly reduced price and that with the exception of the rails, poles, wires and cars, the company has no property assets.

Mr. Smith asks that the assignment and transfer of the securities of the Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Street Railways company to J. Frank Huntoon be set aside as a preference and as illegal, that the transfer and cancellation of the stock of the Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Street Railway company be declared illegal and void and that the officers now in control of the company be declared to have been illegally elected.

Boy Killed in Runaway.

Joseph Sloan, aged twelve years, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Sloan, of the town of Stettin, was so severely injured in a runaway accident about eleven o'clock this forenoon that he died a little later while being taken to the hospital. The boy came to the city in the forenoon for a load of malt and after receiving the supply had started for home. While crossing the slough bridge one of the whiffle trees caught on an iron brace making considerable noise. The team became the wheels striking another brace. The jar almost overturned the wagon, a part of the load being spilled, and Young Sloan was carried with the seat over the dashboard. He managed to grasp either the doubletree or the tongue and held on until the turn was being made on the island, when he was jerked loose and run over. A wheel ran across his left arm, badly lacerating that member and across his head, causing a bad fracture of the skull.—Wausau Record.

Death of George Wilcox.

George Wilcox died at the home of his son, I. E. Wilcox, on Fourth Ave. north on Monday night, of old age. Mr. Wilcox had been ailing with heart trouble for several weeks, but was able to be around until Sunday, when he began failing rapidly and he passed peaceably to the great beyond during Monday night. Deceased was 83 years of age and has been making his home with his son for the past year and one half, since the death of his wife For nearly thirty years Mr Wilcox was in the employ of the Big Four Ry. as station agent at LaGrange, Ohio, where his remains were taken Tuesday by his son for interment. Deceased is survived by one son, I. E. Wilcox, who was in the employ of the Johnson & Hill Co. for several years but who is at present in charge of a department store at Antigo.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Marriage licenses have been issued to the following:

Mat Vanek and Miss Barbara Lang of the town of Sherry.

Walter Cepress and Miss Martha Miller of Sigel.

Norman Frisby, of Nekoosa and Miss Frances Alma Gaffney of Grand Rapids.

Otto Staven of Sigel and Miss Helen Bronkalla of Grand Rapids.

Frank Benz of Arpin and Miss Ella Anderson of Milladore.

Sealed Bids Wanted.

—Sealed bids will be received by undersigned up to 6 P. M., July 7th, 1913, for the construction of a village hall and jail to be built in the village of Amherst Junction, Wisconsin, according to plans and specifications on file with the village clerk. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

A. H. Pidde
2t Village Clerk.

BIRTHS

A son to Mr. and Rev. H. B. Johnson June 10th.

A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Herman F. Hill, June 7th.

A daughter to Mr. and Mrs Stell Hudkoski, of the west side.

A son to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kwill, west side.

W. G. Corcoran is moving into his new house on Tenth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Goetz of Norwalk are expected to arrive this evening for a weeks visit with her daughter, Mrs. W. G. Corcoran.

George Damitz, who is working at Trout Lake with Andrew Mosher, is spending several days in the city with his parents.

J. A. Corcoran, who is engaged in buying pulp wood for the paper mill at Cornell, is home to spend a two weeks vacation

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Schmick returned on Saturday from their wedding trip to Sparta and Milwaukee and have gone to housekeeping at 446 8th Ave. south.

Thomas Crystal of the town of Saratoga was in town on Tuesday attending the stock fair. Tom says things are a trifle quiet out his way these days and as a consequence of associating with the good people of his neighborhood he had begun to suspect that he was kind of forgetting how to tell a good lie. This was from lack of practice, of course, so he thought he would come in and see them sell a few horses and brush up his lagging faculties along this line.

ORGANIZE COOPERAGE COMPANY

Local Cranberry Men Form Company to Make Barrels.

A meeting of a number of the cranberry men of this vicinity was held here on Monday for the purpose of organizing a stock company, the object of which will be to engage in the manufacture of cranberry barrels.

Jacob Searls was elected president of the new company and Geo. W. Pauling secretary and treasurer. While the company will start out with the manufacture of cranberry barrels and this will at first be the sole object of the company, it is expected that later on some side line can be taken up that will keep the plant running the year round. Just what this will be has not been decided on as yet, altho there are a number of products that can be manufactured at a modern cooper shop to advantage and supply the near by demand for such articles. The new company was organized with a capital of $20,000

Farmers Buy Concrete Blocks.

Elmer Crotteau and Martin Joostin, of the town of Rudolph, have purchased concrete blocks the past week of the Carey Concrete Co. for the erection of modern homes on their farms. These gentlemen have had estimates on both lumber and concrete and claim that they can build cheaper with concrete.

The construction of these two farm homes of concrete blocks will be watched with interest by others out that way and if they prove satisfactory, which they certainly will, the time will not be far off when the Carey Concrete Co. will be one of our big industries in the city. The business of this company is growing steadily both in concrete blocks for construction and burial vaults.

Had a Big Time.

C. A. Normington, Cleve Akey, Joe Martin and Frank Abel returned on Saturday from Manitowoc where they attended the annual State convention of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. They made the trip in Cleve's Reo and report a most enjoyable time. Wausau gets the next convention and Ikey Karel was re-elected state president. Otto R. Roenlus also attended the convention and gave a short impromptu address which made a big hit with the large crowd, he being given a hearty applause for several minutes. Otto made a strong plea for holding the next convention at Wausau, and his little talk went a long way in landing same for our neighboring city.

Death of Walter Demitz.

Walter Demitz, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Demitz, died at Riverview hospital on Sunday night from appendicitis. Walter had been sick for some time past and had undergone two operations, the last one on Wednesday of last week, but the disease had made such headway that it was impossible to do anything for him.

Deceased was born on the 25th of February, 1897, in the town of Seneca, and was a bright young fellow who had many friends.

The funeral will be held at 1:30 o'clock on Thursday afternoon from the west side Lutheran church, Rev. Wm. Nommensen officiating.

Sprafka-Franson.

Miss Lena Sprafka and William Franson were married this morning at eleven o'clock at the German Lutheran church in the town of Sigel, Rev. Gieselman performing the ceremony. A reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sprafka to a large number of friends and neighbors. After a short wedding tour the newly married couple will go to housekeeping in this city, Mr. Franson being employed as freight agent at the Northwestern depot. The Tribune joins with many other friends in extending congratulations,

Notice to Automobile Drivers.

Drivers of automobiles and motorcycles are hereby notified that they must comply with the state law, and city ordinances as to speed, and other conditions, or else if any of these laws are violated they will be arrested and punished accordingly. The number of automobiles are constantly increasing and new drivers not wholly familiar with the machine, or the laws, will have to post themselves or suffer the consequences. Violators of the law will be arrested without further notice. James D. Gilson, Chief of Police.

Black and White Mixup.

Adolphus Barker, the colored gentleman who makes a business of shining shoes, and Frank Vandenbrook had a mixup on Sunday evening during which several blows were exchanged and both of the participants came out of it slightly the worse for wear. An officer happened along at the opportune moment and run them both in and next morning they were up before Judge Roberts on a charge of being drunk and disorderly. The judge made it $10 and costs for Barker and ten days in the county jail for Vandenbrook.

Street Car Jumps Track.

The street car in charge of Conductor Bagby left the track on Monday afternoon at 3:30 near Meyers crossing at the South side. The accident was caused by the spreading of the rails. The car was put back on the track about nine o'clock that night. There were about thirty passengers on the car at the time but no one was hurt.

Rummage Sale.

St Katherine's Guild will hold their annual rummage sale in the old Johnson & Hill building on Friday and Saturday of this week. Some exceptional bargains in slightly used clothing, dresses and hats will be offered. Don't forget the date, June 13th and 14th.

For Rent or Quick Sale.

—Nine room house in first class condition together with four large lots and good barn and woodshed. Nearly a year's supply of wood included. Property located on one of the best streets in the city. Price $2500.00. Must be sold or rented within a few days. Inquire of C. E. Boles.

Eagles Win the Game.

A picked team from the Elks lodge and the Eagles played a nine inning game of ball at the ball park on Sunday afternoon. The contest was a good one and resulted in a score of 5 to 6 in favor of the Eagles.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers

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Mrs. Wm. Karberg of Port Edwards died on Friday of last week, cause of death being blood poisoning. The funeral was held on Sunday, Rev. Wm. Nommensen of this city conducting the services, the remains being interred at Nekoosa. Mrs. Karberg is survived by her husband and eight children.

—Legal blanks for sale at this office.

ADVERTISED LETTERS

Ladies. Barclay, Miss Mary, card; Bergen, Miss Meda, card; Hutchens, Mrs. Allee, W.; Mack, Miss Esther; Ryan, Mrs. Edw.; Tews, Mrs. Chas.; Vous, Miss Matilda; Waterman, Mrs. P.

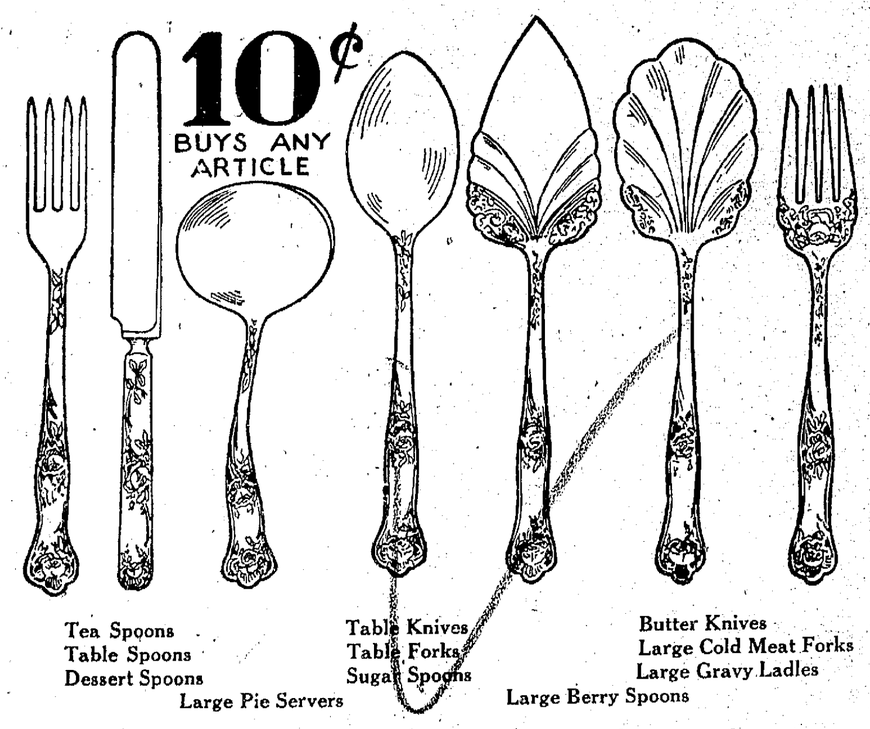
Gentlemen. Atwood, A. E.; Buelow, Emil; Davey, Ed. card; Ebert, H.; Hockert, Martin, card; Schmerler, Chas.; Trickey, Francis.

Cold Breaks Record.

The cold spell of Sunday and Monday is reported to have broken all previous records for cold weather in June. Frosts were reported from Vermont, New York, New England, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan and Wisconsin. While a frost in northern Wisconsin in June has often occurred before, some of the other states have no records of anything of the kind.

W. ROGERS

Standard Patterns of Genuine Sterling Silverware never before so cheap. . . .



Tea Spoons
Table Spoons
Dessert Spoons
Large Pie Servers
Table Knives
Table Forks
Sugar Spoons
Large Berry Spoons
Butter Knives
Large Cold Meat Forks
Large Gravy Ladles

This silverware is sold only in combination, but you do not pay more than 10c for each piece. With each one-half dozen knives and forks you must purshase one dozen of the tea spoons, the 6 knives and forks and dozen tea spoons cost you $2.40, or you can purchase one each of berry spoon or meat fork, sugar shell and butter knife and one-half dozen tea spoons for 60c.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Crockery Department — Grand Rapids, Wis.

Special Price Reduction Sale

Tuesday, June 10 to Saturday, June 14

Included in this week's sale are a few silk and wool dresses remaining from Saturday's sale. They come in all the desirable colors and sizes.

Messaline Silk Dressss values up to $15.00, reduction sale $7.98

Summer Wool Dresses values up to $6.98, reduction sale $4.98

Coats and Suits. Sacrificed Reductions of 30 to 40 per cent, hundreds of garments to pick from, the following gives an idea of the price reductions.

$10.00 Coats, reduction sale..... **$6.98**
$15.00 Coats, reduction sale..... **$9.75**
$17.75 Coats, full satin lined, reduction sale..... **$11.50**
$22.50 Suits, fancy grey and tan, reduction sale..... **$13.98**

Skirts and Petticoats. Reduction Sale.

All wool Serge Skirts, black and colors..... **$1.98**
Messaline Silk Petticoats, plain and changeable silks.... **$1.98**
Waists. Broken assortments, values up to $1.75, reduction sale..... **79c**
Norfolk Middy Waists, reduction sale..... **98c**
Silk Hose. Ladies' 35c black silk hose, reduction sale..... **25c**
Ladies' 50c black silk Hose, reduction sale..... **39c**
$1.25 black, pink and blue silk Hose reduction sale..... **89c**

Reduction Sale on Embroideries

Embroidery Edges from 2c up to Corset Cover Embroidery at 15c and special bargains on all wide Flouncings.

27 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth 39c, reduction sale..... **29c**
27 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth 50c, reduction sale..... **39c**
27 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth 89c, reduction sale..... **49c**
27 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth $1.00, reduction sale..... **69c**
45 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth 98c, reduction sale..... **59c**
45 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth $1.25, reduction sale..... **69c**
45 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth $1.98, reduction sale..... **98c**

Calicos. Standard Calicos in black, grey, blues and light colors, now... **4c**
Percales. 15c light and medium colors, reduction sale..... **9¾c**
Ginghams. Fancy Dress Ginghams, reduction sale per yard..... **9c**
Apron Ginghams, reduction sale, per yard..... **4¾c**
25c Zephyr and Tissue Ginghams, reduction sale per yard..... **17c**
Lawns. Scotch Lawns in black, navy blue and light colors, per yard..... **4c**
Sheetings. L. L. Unbleached Sheeting, reduction sale per yard..... **5¾c**
12c Bleached Muslin Sheeting, reduction sale per yard..... **8c**
2¼ yd. wide Unbleached Sheeting, reduction sale, per yard..... **18c**
Pearl Buttons, reduction sale per dozen..... **2c**
Hair Nets with elastic 2 for..... **5c**
50c Men's Silk Socks, reduction sale per pair..... **29c**

Swiss Curtains and Scrims

Colored border Swisses and Curtain Scrim, reduction sale, per yard.... **8½c**

Swiss Curtains. White with insertion or edges, also stenciled borders. We quote a few of 24 styles.

79c Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... **59c**
$1.00 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... **69c**
$1.25 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... **79c**
$1.49 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... **$1.15**
$2.25 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... **$1.69**
$3.75 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... **$2.50**

The season's latest novelties are arriving daily. New Bulgarian Silks, Bulgarian Collars, Bulgarian Belts. 45 inch Chiffon in Cube and Floral patterns. New silk and cotton Ratines, Linen and Ramie Suitings.

East Side — **W. C. WEISEL** — Grand Rapids

EXPRESSMAN WAS ROBBED

Wells-Fargo Man Knocked Senseless and $170.00 in Cash Taken From Him.

J. H. Bennett, agent for the Wells-Fargo Express company, was knocked down Tuesday evening and robbed of about $170 in cash which he carried with him. As it was dark at the time Mr. Bennett did not see his assailant and was unable to give any description of him.

Mr. Bennett's story of the robbery is to the effect that he left the express office about 9:30 o'clock, and crossing the river, stopped into Getts' bowling alleys for a short time. After bowling a couple of games he continued on his way home, which is on Fourth Avenue north, near the Green Bay track.

After arriving at home, which was about 11 o'clock, he started to the outhouse in the rear of his home, and while opposite a passage way between the house and the shed, some person stepped out and struck him a blow on the right side of the head and face. This is all that Mr. Bennett knows of the affair, as he was rendered unconscious by the blow.

His wife became alarmed at his absence and going out to look for him found him lying on the ground. This was some time after the affair had occurred and Mr. Bennett had begun to regain consciousness again and he was helped to the house by his wife, when he found that the money he carried, amounting to about $170.00, had been taken.

The loss was reported to the local police but owing to t e fact that Mr. Bennett did not see his assailant and was unable to give any kind of a description of him, it will be rather difficult to work on the case with any degree of certainty.

Later: The above is the story that Bennett told a Tribune man this morning of the holdup, but later in the day upon being questioned by Chief of Police Gibson and District Attorney Briere he admitted that there had been no holdup at all, the story having been made up by him to cover up a shortage in his cash account, the missing money having been used to pay his private bills.

Hansen-Carlson.

A very pretty wedding was held at the Scandinavian Moravian church Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, when Miss Nina R. Carlson of this city, and Daniel E. Hansen of Sacramento, Cal., were joined in holy wedlock by the Rev. H. B. Johnson. The bridal couple were attended by Miss Bernice Lester of this city, Miss Louise Forge and Mr. A. B. Carlson, of Burlington, and Mr. Wm. Hansen, Jr., of Niagara Falls, N. Y. Mendelsshons wedding march was prettily rendered by the church organist, Miss Bell Rockstedt. A reception was held at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Hannah Carlson. Mr. and Mrs. Hansen left on the evening train for Sacramento, Cal., where the groom is employed in a large machine shop. The bride is a local young lady having a host of friends, all of whom join with the Tribune in wishing her and her husband a long and happy journey thru life.

Among those from out of town who were here to attend the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Carlson and family of Sparta, A. B. Carlson and Miss Louise Forge of Burlington, Miss Maggie Johnson of Glidden and Wm. Carlson of Buffalo, N. Y.

THE ROOSEVELT SUIT.

The winning of the suit of Colonel Roosevelt against the Iron Ore of Marquette, Mich., could hardly help but please any man who has a sense of fairness about him and who has lived long enough in this country to see the reckless manner in which some newspaper men malign those who are running for office.

Personally we know nothing whatever about the merits of the case. We never saw the Colonel either drunk or sober, and while we do not believe the same as he does politically, we do not consider this sufficient cause for calling him bad names.

Newspaper writing has undergone quite a change in the past twenty years. In those days if was customary to say all the bad things possible about a man who was running for office, regardless of whether they were true or not, and the man who was after an office kind of took it for granted that he would be ripped up the back, figuring that he would get even by what was said about the other fellow. While this has changed to a large extent, it seems that there are still a few in the newspaper business who feel called upon to repeat all the slander they hear of a man without taking the trouble to discover whether it is true or not. It is on these fellows that the Roosevelt case will probably have a good effect and teach them to think how a thing will sound before they publish it broadcast.

The first service at the Adventist camp meetig will be held on Thursday evening of next week. They already have several of their large tents erected on the school grounds, and by the time the meetings open everything will be in readiness.

Against the Drainage District.

Peter Anderson and C. W. Schroeder of the town of Seneca, were among the callers at this office on Saturday, and asked us to state thru the columns of this paper that they were among a large number of farmers in their town who were bitterly opposed to the proposed new Wood County Drainage District and that a petition had been circulated and signed by nearly forty farmers who were against the drainage plan. These gentlemen claim that those who propose the drainage claim that it will not cost much more than six dollars per acre, but they are convinced that it will cost more, but even at six dollars an acre the land will not stand the extra tax and it will be the means of driving some of the settlers out that can not afford to pay the tax. Messrs. Anderson and Schroeder say they do not need the drainage and that all it amounts to is to drain a lot of marsh land that is being held by speculators at the expense of the settlers. They also claim that most of the land drained will be worth less than it is now, as in its present state it will raise marsh hay, that the muck is only about six inches to a foot in depth under which is nothing but quick sand. These gentlemen claim that those who propose the drainage claim it will be better for their health, etc., but that they have lived there many years, and they are not suffering from malarial fever or any other sickness. Of course there are always two sides to these propositions and the Tribune is not in a position to judge and in this article we are just presenting the case as Messrs. Anderson and Schroeder requested us to do.

Wilke-Hirsch.

Merrill Herald—The wedding of Miss Emma Wilke and Fred Hirsch took place yesterday afternoon at the Lutheran church in the town of Scott. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Fiehler at 3 o'clock and the attendants were Miss Herriott Mulliech and Henry Wilke. Both of the principals are very well known and have the congratulations of their many friends on this occasion. After the ceremony, a wedding reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Wilke, in which a large number of relatives and friends of the young people participated. Several autos left the city yesterday afternoon and evening to take parties to the celebration which continued until an early hour this morning. There were also a large number of relatives and friends from neighboring towns present.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilke expect to make their future hoem at Grand Rapids and will be at home to their many friends after June 16.

MARKET REPORT.

Patent Flour	$5.30
Rye Flour	3.80
Rye	.56
Butter	22-25
Eggs	.16
Beef, live	5-5½
Pork, dressed	9½-10
Veal	8-10
Hay, Timothy	$10-$12
Potatoes	20-25
Hides	9-10
Hens	.12
Oats	30-38

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bank of Grand Rapids located at Grand Rapids, State of Wisconsin, at the close of business on the 4th day of June, 1913, pursuant to call by the Commissioner of Banking.

Resources.

Loans and discounts	$425,068.19
Overdrafts	981.93
Bonds	42,690.00
Stocks and other securities	4,040.00
Other real estate owned	2,200.00
Due from approved reserve banks	23,715.61
Due from other banks	2,105.35
Checks and other banks and cash items	13,774.90
Cash on hand	20,968.77
Orders	811.67
Total	$536,356.42

Liabilities.

Caulital stock paid in	$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	10,000.00
Undivided profits	7,480.44
Individual deposits subject to check	234,290.09
Time certificates of deposit	201,629.51
Saving deposits	32,956.38
Total	$536,356.42

State of Wisconsin, County of Wood, SS.

I, E. B. Redford, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear, that the foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. B. Redford, Cashier.

Correct. Attest:
Isaac P. Witter,
Geo. W. Mead,
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of June, 1913.
Hugh W. Goggins, Notary Public.

A London swindler sold dried peas for liver pills. Probably just as effective.

Summer School

at The Business College

The fourth aunual Summer Session of the Grand Rapids Business College will open on Monday, June 23, and continue six weeks.

The regular courses in Shortband, Typewriting and Bookkeeping will be offered, and students may arrange to take special work if desired.

A fine chance to prepare for a good paying position at little expense.

Don't take too long a vacation. Arrange now to improve this six weeks to the best advantage.

It will mean dollars to you.

Call up Mr. Hayward for Particulars
Telephone 415.

WILL VISIT GETTYSBURG.

Participants in Campaign Will Visit Former Battlefield.

Surviving Gettysburg veterans will have a chance to visit the battlefield in July at the expense of the state. Among those from this city who are entitled to go are M. H. Lynn, Eugene Sparks, W. T. Davis, W. A. Owen, B. T. Worthington and John Harrison of Comfrey, Minn. Some of them have already made application to go and it is probable that others will before the time arrives.

The veterans entitled to go at state expense number several hundred and General J. G. Salsman requests that applications be sent in as soon as possible. Under a bill recently passed by the legislature the state will pay the transportation of its surviving Gettysburg veterans to the battlefield and the state of Pennsylvania will furnish them food and shelter. Many other states have made similar provisions in accordance with the suggestion of the state of Pennsylvania.

Under the arrangements made the federal government will contribute $150,000 and the state of Pennsylvania a like amount for the entertainment of the veterans. Provisions will be made for 40,000 veterans. A camp covering 280 acres south of Gettysburg and on the scene of the first day's battle will be established and 5,000 tents set up. The tents will be comfortably equipped. The first meal served will be supper Sunday evening, June 29, the last a breakfast, July 6.

Survivors of the blue and the gray will be alike entertained. The only qualificaton to admission will be an honorable discharge from the union or confederate army and membership in an organization participating in the battle fifty years ago. Thus any soldier who participated in the battle or was a member of a military organization that took part is entitled to free transportation and board and lodging.

A program of exercises to continue over four days has been arranged. July 1 will be veterans' day, July 2 military day, July 3 civic day and July 4 national day. On the forenoon of July 4 President Wilson will deliver an oration and at noon will lay the corner stone of a great peace memorial to be built.

Eight hundred thousand meals will be furnished by the federal government. Preparations for the establishment of the great camp, where will be quartered the survivors of the battle are well under way, in charge of Capt. H. F. Dalton of the quarter-master's department of the United States army.

Allowance will be made for twenty meals for each veteran. This will require 800 cooks and as many helpers and 125 bakers, the baking to be done in field bakeries and the preparing of meals in field kitchens. The feeding of this army of veterans will require 40,000 mess kits, comprising one plate, cup, knife, fork, and spoon for each man. In the camp will be more than 9,500 tents, which will be pitched in fields not far from the scene of Pickett's charge. The camp will be exclusively for veterans.

Donald Connor Killed.

The train crew on the Soo line brought the report from Marshfield this morning that Donald Connor, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Connor, was killed yesterday. The story is that young Connor was returning from Milwaukee with an automobile and that when near Freemont he struck a telephone pole and was killed instantly. The young man was about 21 years of age.

NEWS ITEMS FROM NEARBY PLACES.

Lost the Sight of One Eye.—Christ Yoss, an Arpin boy, about eleven years old, had the misfortune to lose the sight of his left eye the latter part of last week through the explosion of a dynamite cap. As near as can be learned, the boy applied fire to the cap just for the fun of seeing it explode, and when the explosion occurred a piece of the shell struck him in the eye. He was brought to the hospital in this city, where an operation for the removal of the optic was performed.—Marshfield News.

Pulling Stumps by Hand.—Extracting stumps by hand power is the method proposed by H. Wipperman, a former Chilton man, for clearing lands in northern Wisconsin. The editor attended a demonstraton of Mr. Wipperman's machine Friday morning at the Wood County farm, where Mr. Wipperman has pulled about a dozen stumps with only a few minutes time on each. He uses hand power for the small stumps and a small gasoline engine attached to his machine for the larger ones. Where a stump is especially large and has grown in with others a small charge of dynamite is used merely to form an air vent and reduce the suction. The machine is is about the size of a corn shredder, and is mounted on an iron truck. It can be handled without horses even on very rough land. A windlass and triple blocks capable of creating a pull of fifteen tons are the essential principles. The inventor has a project on foot to furnish the machine to Wisconsin land agents in large quantities one to be presented free to the buyer of every quarter section of new land. —Marshfield Times.

Fire at Insane Asylum.—Waupaca County's insane asylum, situated near Weyauwega, was quite badly damaged by fire this morning. The blaze was discovered in the cupola at 6:40, and owing to inadequate fire protection at the institution, the fire fighters were unable to reach the blaze until the Weyauwega volunteer department responded to a call. It was 9:30 before the fire was extinguished after considerable havoc had been wrought by fire and water. The asylum is built in the form of a letter "E," the projections facing south, the center projection being used as the administration portion of the structure and it was in the cupola of this part that the fire originated, presumably from sparks from the chimney. At the time of the fire there were about 142 patients in the building and these were hastily removed to the grounds, where they were cared for by attendants, and some were taken about in autos. Those who could not be trusted out of confinement were taken to Weyauwega, two miles distant, and placed in the town hall under guard. After the fire was out all of the patients were returned to their quarters, little the worse for their experience, none showing any signs of the strain which they had recently undergone.

Medical science is constantly discovering hundreds of new reasons why people should call in the doctor.

TROUBLE FOR THE NEW LINE

Proceedings in the Court Against the Proposed Electric Line From Portage.

Stevens Point Journal:—Conforming with the order of Judge Stevens of the circuit court George P. Smith has filed his supplemental complaint against the Western Indiana Construction Company, Central Wisconsin Construction company, Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Railroad company, Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Street Railways company, Allen T. Russell, J. Frank Huntoon, J. E. Jones and Thomas W. Potts. The action is brought to recover on two promissory notes.

The Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Street Railways company is the one that set out to build an electric line from Madison, via Portage and Adams county, to Stevens Point.

Mr. Smith alleges that the Western Indiana Construction company is insolvent and without assets except a claim it has against the Chicago & Wisconsin Valley railway company for work done and money advanced, that the street railway company is insolvent and without money to pay its debts and obligations, that all of the property owned by the railway company consists of three miles of road constructed in Portage, that it has no power plant of its own, that the company has three cars and a snow plow, which cars have been used and cast aside by some other company and were purchased at a greatly reduced price and that, with the exception of the rails, poles, wires and cars, the company has no property assets.

Mr. Smith asks that the assignment and transfer of the securities of the Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Street Railways company to J. Frank Huntoon be set aside as a preference and as illegal, that the transfer and cancellation of the stock of the Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Street Railway company be declared illegal and void and that the officers now in control of the company be declared to have been illegally elected.

Boy Killed in Runaway.

Joseph Sloan, aged twelve years, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Sloan, of the town of Stettin, was so severely injured in a runaway accident about eleven o'clock this forenoon that he died a little later while being taken to the hospital. The boy came to the city in the forenoon for a load of malt and after receiving the supply had started for home. While crossing the slough bridge one of the whiffle trees caught on an iron brace making considerable noise. The team became the wheels striking another brace. The jar almost overturned the wagon, a part of the load being spilled, and Young Sloan was carried with the seat over the dashboard. He managed to grasp either the doubletree or the tongue and held on until the turn was being made on the island, when he was jerked loose and run over. A wheel ran across his left arm, badly lacerating that member and across his head, causing a bad fracture of the skull.—Wausau Record.

Death of George Wilcox.

George Wilcox died at the home of his son, I. E. Wilcox, on Fourth Ave. north on Monday night, of old age. Mr. Wilcox had been ailing with heart trouble for several weeks, but was able to be around until Sunday, when he began failing rapidly and he passed peaceably to the great beyond during Monday night. Deceased was 83 years of age and has been making his home with his son for the past year and one half, since the death of his wife For nearly thirty years Mr Wilcox was in the employ of the Big Four Ry. as station agent at LaGrange, Ohio, where his remains were taken Tuesday by his son for interment. Deceased is survived by one son, I. E. Wilcox, who was in the employ of the Johnson & Hill Co. for several years but who is at present in charge of a department store at Antigo.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Marriage licenses have been issued to the following:

Mat Vanek and Miss Barbara Lang of the town of Sherry.

Walter Cepress and Miss Martha Miller of Sigel.

Norman Frisby, of Nekoosa and Miss Frances Alma Gaffney of Grand Rapids.

Otto Staven of Sigel and Miss Helen Bronkalla of Grand Rapids.

Frank Benz of Arpin and Miss Ella Anderson of Milladore.

Sealed Bids Wanted.

—Sealed bids will be received by undersigned up to 6 P. M., July 7th, 1913, for the construction of a village hall and jail to be built in the village of Amherst Junction, Wisconsin, according to plans and specifications on file with the village clerk. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

A. H. Pidde
2t Village Clerk.

BIRTHS

A son to Mr. and Rev. H. B. Johnson June 10th.

A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Herman F. Hill, June 7th.

A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Stell Hudkoski, of the west side.

A son to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kroll, west side.

W. G. Corcoran is moving into his new house on Tenth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Goetz of Norwalk are expected to arrive this evening for a weeks visit with her daughter, Mrs. W. G. Corcoran.

George Damitz, who is working at Trout Lake with Andrew Mosher, is spending several days in the city with his parents.

J. A. Corcoran, who is engaged in buying pulp wood for the paper mill at Cornell, is home to spend a two weeks vacation

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Schmick returned on Saturday from their wedding trip to Sparta and Milwaukee and have gone to housekeeping at 446 8th Ave. south.

Thomas Crystal of the town of Saratoga was in town on Tuesday attending the stock fair. Tom says things are a trifle quiet out his way these days and as a consequence of associating with the good people of his neighborhood he had begun to suspect that he was kind of forgetting how to tell a good lie. This was from lack of practice, of course, so he thought he would come in and see them sell a few horses and brush up his lagging faculties along this line.

ORGANIZE COOPERAGE COMPANY

Local Cranberry Men Form Company to Make Barrels.

A meeting of a number of the cranberry men of this vicinity was held here on Monday for the purpose of organizing a stock company, the object of which will be to engage in the manufacture of cranberry barrels.

Jacob Searls was elected president of the new company and Geo. W. Pauluss secretary and treasurer. While the company will start out with the manufacture of cranberry barrels and this will at first be the sole object of the company, it is expected that later on some side line can be taken up that will keep the plant running the year round. Just what this will be has not been decided on as yet, altho there are a number of products that can be manufactured at a modern cooper shop to advantage and supply the near by demand for such articles. The new company was organized with a capital of $20,000

Farmers Buy Concrete Blocks.

Elmer Crotteau and Martin Joosht, of the town of Rudolph, have purchased concrete blocks the past week of the Carey Concrete Co. for the erection of modern homes on their farms. These gentlemen have had estimates on both lumber and concrete and claim that they can build cheaper with concrete.

The construction of these two farm homes of concrete blocks will be watched with interest by others, out that way and if they prove satisfactory, which they certainly will, the time will not be far off when the Carey Concrete Co. will be one of our big industries in the city. The business of this company is growing steadily both in concrete blocks for construction and burial vaults.

Had a Big Time.

C. A. Normington, Cleve Akey, Joe Martin and Frank Abel returned on Saturday from Manitowoc where they attended the annual State convention of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. They made the trip in Cleve's Reo and report a most enjoyable time. Wausau gets the next convention and Ikey Karel was re-elected state president. Otto R. Roenius also attended the convention and gave a short impromptu address which made a big hit with the large crowd, he being given a hearty applause for several minutes. Otto made a strong plea for holding the next convention at Wausau, and his little talk went a long way in landing same for our neighboring city.

Death of Walter Demitz.

Walter Demitz, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Demitz, died at Riverview hospital on Sunday night from appendicitis. Walter had been sick for some time past and had undergone two operations, the last one on Wednesday of last week, but the disease had made such headway that it was impossible to do anything for him.

Deceased was born on the 25th of February, 1897, in the town of Seneca, and was a bright young fellow who had many friends.

The funeral will be held at 1:30 o'clock on Thursday afternoon from the west side Lutheran church, Rev. Wm. Nommensen officiating.

Sprafka-Franson.

Miss Lena Sprafka and William Franson were married this morning at eleven o'clock at the German Lutheran church in the town of Sigel. Rev. Gieselman performing the ceremony. A reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sprafka to a large number of friends and neighbors. After a short wedding tour the newly married couple will go to housekeeping in this city, Mr. Franson being employed as freight agent at the Northwestern depot. The Tribune joins with many other friends in extending congratulations.

Notice to Automobile Drivers.

—Drivers of automobiles and motorcycles are hereby notified that they must comply with the state law and city ordinances as to speed, and other conditions, or else if any of these laws are violated they will be arrested and punished accordingly. The number of automobiles are constantly increasing and new drivers not wholly familiar with the machine, or the laws, will have to post themselves or suffer the consequences. Violators of the law will be arrested without further notice. James D. Gibson,
Chief of Police.

Black and White Mixup.

Adolphus Barker, the colored gentleman who makes a business of shining shoes, and Frank Vandenbrook had a mixup on Sunday evening during which several blows were exchanged and both of the participants came out of it slightly the worse for wear. An officer happened along at the opportune moment and run them both in and next morning they were up before Judge Roberts on a charge of being drunk and disorderly. The judge made it $10 and costs for Barker and ten days in the county jail for Vandenbrook.

Street Car Jumps Track.

The street car in charge of Conductor Bagby left the track on Monday afternoon at 3:30 near Meyers crossing at the South side. The accident was caused by the spreading of the rails. The car was put back on the track about nine o'clock that night. There were about thirty passengers in the car at the time but no one was hurt.

Rummage Sale.

St. Katherine's Guild will hold their annual rummage sale in the old Johnson & Hill building on Friday and Saturday of this week. Some exceptional bargains in slightly used clothing, dresses and hats will be offered. Don't forget the date, June 13th and 14th.

For Rent or Quick Sale.

—Nine room house in first class condition together with four large lots and good barn and woodshed. Nearly a year's supply of wood included. Property located on one of the best streets in the city. Price $2500.00. Must be sold or rented within a few days. Inquire of C. E. Boles.

Eagles Win the Game.

A picked team from the Elks lodge and the Eagles played a nine inning game of ball at the ball park on Sunday afternoon. The contest was a good one and resulted in a score of 5 to 6 in favor of the Eagles.

THE GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, June 11th, 1913

VOL. XL. NO. 11

Death of Mrs. Wm. Karberg.

Mrs. Wm. Karberg of Port Edwards died on Friday of last week, cause of death being blood poisoning. The funeral was held on Sunday, Rev. Wm. Nommensen of this city conducting the services, the remains being interred at Nekoosa. Mrs. Karberg is survived by her husband and eight children.

—Legal blanks for sale at this office

ADVERTISED LETTERS

Ladies. Barclay, Miss Mary, card; Bergen, Miss Meda, card; Hutchens, Mrs. Alice, W.; Mack, Miss Esther; Ryan, Mrs. Edw.; Tews, Mrs. Chas.; Vous, Miss Matilda; Waterman, Mrs. P.

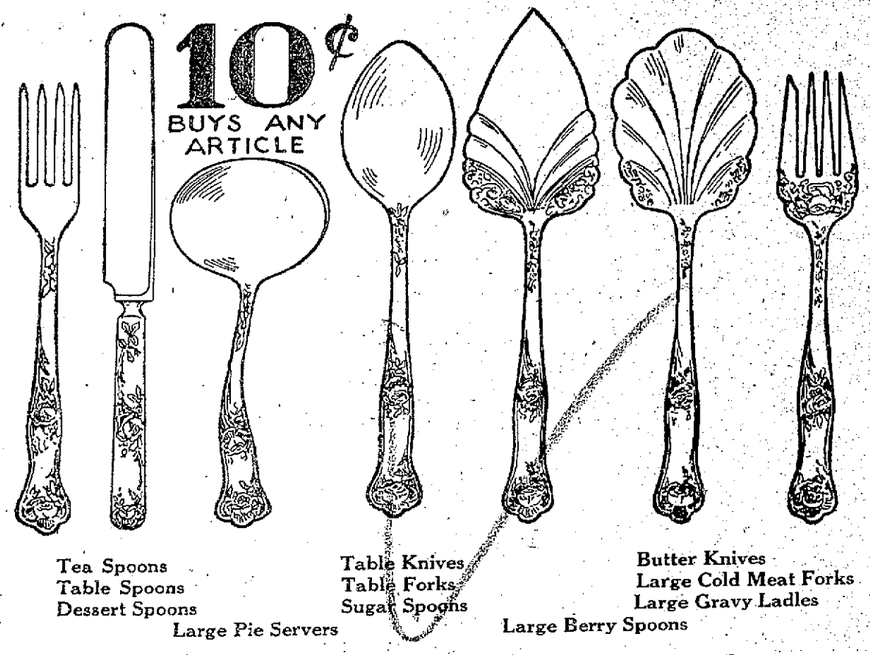
Gentlemen. Atwood, A. E.; Buelow, Emil; Davey, Ed. card; Ebert, H.; Hockert, Martin, card; Schmerler, Chas.; Trickey, Francis.

Cold Breaks Record.

The cold spell of Sunday and Monday is reported to have broken all previous records for cold weather in June. Frosts were reported from Vermont, New York, New England, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan and Wisconsin. While a frost in northern Wisconsin in June has often occurred before, some of the other states have no records of anything of the kind.

W. ROGERS

Standard Patterns of Genuine Sterling Silverware never before so cheap. . . .



Tea Spoons
Table Spoons
Dessert Spoons
Large Pie Servers
Table Knives
Table Forks
Sugar Spoons
Butter Knives
Large Cold Meat Forks
Large Gravy Ladles
Large Berry Spoons

This silverware is sold only in combination, but you do not pay more than 10c for each piece. With each one-half dozen knives and forks you must purshase one dozen of the tea spoons, the 6 knives and forks and dozen tea spoons cost you $2.40, or you can purchase one each of berry spoon or meat fork, sugar shell and butter knife and one-half dozen tea spoons for 60c.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.

Crockery Department — Grand Rapids, Wis.

Special Price Reduction Sale

Tuesday, June 10 to Saturday, June 14

Included in this week's sale are a few silk and wool dresses remaining from Saturday's sale. They come in all the desirable colors and sizes.

Messaline Silk Dressss values up to $15.00, reduction sale $7.98

Summer Wool Dresses values up to $6.98, reduction sale $4.98

Coats and Suits. Sacrificed Reductions of 30 to 40 per cent, hundreds of garments to pick from, the following gives an idea of the price reductions.

$10.00 Coats, reduction sale..... **$6.98**
$15.00 Coats, reduction sale..... **$9.75**
$17.75 Coats, full satin lined, reduction sale..... **$11.50**
$22.50 Suits, fancy grey and tan, reduction sale..... **$13.98**

Skirts and Petticoats. Reduction Sale.

All wool Serge Skirts, black and colors..... **$1.98**
Messaline Silk Petticoats, plain and changeable silks.... **$1.98**
Waists. Broken assortments, values up to $1.75, reduction sale..... **79c**
Norfolk Middy Waists, reduction sale..... **98c**
Silk Hose. Ladies' 35c black silk hose, reduction sale..... **25c**
Ladies' 50c black silk Hose, reduction sale..... **39c**
$1.25 black, pink and blue silk Hose reduction sale..... **89c**

Reduction Sale on Embroideries

Embroidery Edges from 2c up to Corset Cover Embroidery at 15c and special bargains on all wide Flouncings.

27 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth 39c, reduction sale..... **29c**
27 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth 50c, reduction sale..... **39c**
27 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth 89c, reduction sale..... **49c**
27 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth $1.00, reduction sale..... **69c**
45 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth 98c, reduction sale..... **59c**
45 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth $1.25, reduction sale..... **69c**
45 inch Embroidery Flouncing, worth $1.98, reduction sale..... **98c**

Calicos. Standard Calicos in black, grey, blues and light colors, now... **4c**
Percales. 15c light and medium colors, reduction sale..... **9¾c**
Ginghams. Fancy Dress Ginghams, reduction sale per yard..... **9c**
Apron Ginghams, reduction sale, per yard..... **4¾c**
25c Zephyr and Tissue Ginghams, reduction sale per yard..... **17c**
Lawns. Scotch Lawns in black, navy blue and light colors, per yard..... **4c**
Sheetings. L. L. Unbleached Sheeting, reduction sale per yard..... **5¾c**
12c Bleached Muslin Sheeting, reduction sale per yard..... **8c**
2¼ yd. wide Unbleached Sheeting, reduction sale, per yard..... **18c**
Pearl Buttons, reduction sale per dozen..... **2c**
Hair Nets with elastic 2 for..... **5c**
50c Men's Silk Socks, reduction sale per pair..... **29c**

Swiss Curtains and Scrims

Colored border Swisses and Curtain Scrim, reduction sale, per yard... **8½c**

Swiss Curtains. White with insertion or edges, also stenciled borders. We quote a few of 24 styles.

79c Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... **59c**
$1.00 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... **69c**
$1.25 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... **79c**
$1.49 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... **$1.15**
$2.25 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... **$1.69**
$3.75 Swiss Curtains, reduction sale, per pair..... **$2.50**

The season's latest novelties are arriving daily. New Bulgarian Silks, Bulgarian Collars, Bulgarian Belts. 45 inch Chiffon in Cube and Floral patterns. New silk and cotton Ratines, Linen and Ramie Suitings.

East Side — **W. C. WEISEL** — Grand Rapids

EXPRESSMAN WAS ROBBED

Wells-Fargo Man Knocked Senseless and $170.00 in Cash Taken From Him.

J. H. Bennett, agent for the Wells-Fargo Express company, was knocked down Tuesday evening and robbed of about $170 in cash which he carried with him. As it was dark at the time Mr. Bennett did not see his assailant and was unable to give any description of him.

Mr. Bennett's story of the robbery is to the effect that he left the express office about 9:30 o'clock, and crossing the river, stopped into Getts' bowling alleys for a short time. After bowling a couple of games he continued on his way home, which is on Fourth Avenue north, near the Green Bay track.

After arriving at home, which was about 11 o'clock, he started to the outhouse in the rear of his home, and while opposite a passage way between the house and the shed some person stepped out and struck him a blow on the right side of the head and face. This is all that Mr. Bennett knows of the affair, as he was rendered unconscious by the blow.

His wife became alarmed at his absence and going out to look for him found him lying on the ground. This was some time after the affair had occurred and Mr. Bennett had begun to regain consciousness again and he was helped to the house by his wife, when he found that the money he carried, amounting to about $170.00, had been taken.

The loss was reported to the local police but owing to t e fact that Mr. Bennett did not see his assailant and was unable to give any kind of a description of him, it will be rather difficult to work on the case with any degree of certainty.

Later: The above is the story that Bennett told a Tribune man this morning of the holdup, but later in the day upon being questioned by Chief of Police Gibson and District Attorney Briere he admitted that there had been no holdup at all, the story having been made up by him to cover up a shortage in his cash account, the missing money having been used to pay his private bills.

Hansen-Carlson.

A very pretty wedding was held at the Scandinavian Moravian church Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, when Miss Nina R. Carlson of this city, and Daniel E. Hansen of Sacramento, Cal., were joined in holy wedlock by the Rev. H. B. Johnson. The bridal couple were attended by Miss Bernice Lester of this city, Miss Louise Forge and Mr. A. B. Carlson, of Burlington, and Mr. Wm. Hansen, Jr., of Niagara Falls, N. Y. Mendelsshons wedding march was prettily rendered by the church organist, Miss Bell Rockstedt. A reception was held at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Hannah Carlson. Mr. and Mrs. Hansen left on the evening train for Sacramento, Cal., where the groom is employed in a large machine shop. The bride is a local young lady having a host of friends, all of whom join with the Tribune in wishing her and her husband a long and happy journey thru life.

Among those from out of town who were here to attend the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Carlson and family of Sparta, A. B. Carlson and Miss Louise Forge of Burlington, Miss Maggie Johnson of Glidden and Wm. Carlson of Buffalo, N. Y.

THE ROOSEVELT SUIT.

The winning of the suit of Colonel Roosevelt against the Iron Ore of Marquette, Mich., could hardly help but please any man who has a sense of fairness about him and who has lived long enough in this country to see the reckless manner in which some newspaper men malign those who are running for office.

Personally we know nothing whatever about the merits of the case. We never saw the Colonel either drunk or sober, and while we do not believe the same as he does politically, we do not consider this sufficient cause for calling him bad names.

Newspaper writing has undergone quite a change in the past twenty years. In those days if was customary to say all the bad things possible about a man who was running for office, regardless of whether they were true or not, and the man who was after an office kind of took it for granted that he would be ripped up the back, figuring that he would get even by what was said about the other fellow. While this has changed to a large extent, it seems that there are still a few in the newspaper business who feel called upon to repeat all the slander they hear of a man without taking the trouble to discover whether it is true or not. It is on these fellows that the Roosevelt case will probably have a good effect and teach them to think how a thing will sound before they publish it broadcast.

The first service at the Adventist camp meetig will be held on Thursday evening of next week. They already have several of their large tents erected on the school grounds, and by the time the meetings open everything will be in readiness.

Against the Drainage District.

Peter Anderson and C. W. Schroeder of the town of Seneca, were among the callers at this office on Saturday, and asked us to state thru the columns of this paper that they were among a large number of farmers in their town who were bitterly opposed to the proposed new Wood County Drainage District and that a petition had been circulated and signed by nearly forty farmers who were against the drainage plan. These gentlemen claim that those who propose the drainage claim that it will not cost much more than six dollars per acre, but they are convinced that it will cost more, but even at six dollars an acre the land will not stand the extra tax and it will be the means of driving some of the settlers out that can not afford to pay the tax. Messrs. Anderson and Schroeder say they do not need the drainage and that all it amounts to is to drain a lot of marsh land that is being held by speculators at the expense of the settlers. They also claim that most of the land drained will be worth less than it is now, as in its present state it will raise marsh hay, that the muck is only about Six inches to a foot in depth under which is nothing but quick sand. These gentlemen claim that those who propose the drainage claim it will be better for their health, etc., but that they have lived there many years, and they are not suffering from malarial fever or any other sickness. Of course there are always two sides to these propositions and the Tribune is not in a position to judge and in this article we are just presenting the case as Messrs. Anderson and Schroeder requested us to do.

Wilke-Hirsch.

Merrill Herald—The wedding of Miss Emma Wilke and Fred Hirsch took place yesterday afternoon at the Lutheran church in the town of Scott. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Fiehler at 3 o'clock and the attendants were Miss Herriott Mulliech and Henry Wilke. Both of the principals are very well known and have the congratulations of their many friends on this occasion. After the ceremony, a wedding reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Wilke, in which a large number of relatives and friends of the young people participated. Several autos left the city yesterday afternoon and evening to take parties to the celebration which continued until an early hour this morning. There were also a large number of relatives and friends from neighboring towns present.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilke expect to make their future hoem at Grand Rapids and will be at home to their many friends after June 16.

MARKET REPORT.

Patent Flour	$5.30
Rye Flour	3.80
Rye	.56
Butter	22-25
Eggs	16
Beef, live	5-5½
Pork, dressed	9½-10
Veal	8-10
Hay, Timothy	$10-$12
Potatoes	20-25
Hides	9-10
Hens	12
Oats	30-38

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bank of Grand Rapids located at Grand Rapids, State of Wisconsin, at the close of business on the 4th day of June, 1913, pursuant to call by the Commissioner of Banking.

Resources.

Loans and discounts	$425,068.19
Overdrafts	981.93
Bonds	42,690.00
Stocks and other securities	4,040.00
Other real estate owned	2,200.00
Due from approved reserve banks	23,715.61
Due from other banks	2,105.35
Checks and other banks and cash items	3,774.90
Cash on hand	20,968.77
Orders	811.67
Total	$536,356.42

Liabilities.

Caulital stock paid in	$ 50,000.00
Surplus fund	10,000.00
Undivided profits	7,480.44
Individual deposits subject to check	234,290.09
Time certificates of deposit	201,029.51
Saving deposits	32,956.38
Total	$536,356.42

State of Wisconsin, County of Wood, SS.

I, E. B. Redford, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear, that the foregoing statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. B. Redford,
Cashier.

Correct. Attest:
Isaac P. Witter,
Geo. W. Mead,
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of June, 1913.
Hugh W. Goggins, Notary Public.

A London swindler sold dried peas for liver pills. Probably just as effective.

Summer School

at The Business College

The fourth annual Summer Session of the Grand Rapids Business College will open on Monday, June 23, and continue six weeks.

The regular courses in Shorthand, Typewriting and Bookkeeping will be offered, and students may arrange to take special work if desired.

A fine chance to prepare for a good paying position at little expense.

Don't take too long a vacation. Arrange now to improve this six weeks to the best advantage.

It will mean dollars to you.

Call up Mr. Hayward for Particulars
Telephone 415.

WILL VISIT GETTYSBURG.

Participants in Campaign Will Visit Former Battlefield.

Surviving Gettysburg veterans will have a chance to visit the battlefield in July at the expense of the state. Among those from this city who are entitled to go are M. H. Lynn, Eugene Sparks, W. T. Davis, W. A. Owen, B. T. Worthington and John Harrison of Comfrey, Minn. Some of them have already made application to go and it is probable that others will before the time arrives.

The veterans entitled to go at state expense number several hundred and General J. G. Salsman requests that applications be sent in as soon as possible. Under a bill recently passed by the legislature the state will pay the transportation of its surviving Gettysburg veterans to the battlefield and the state of Pennsylvania will furnish them food and shelter. Many other states have made similar provisions in accordance with the suggestion of the state of Pennsylvania.

Under the arrangements made the federal government will contribute $150,000 and the state of Pennsylvania a like amount for the entertainment of the veterans Provisions will be made for 40,000 veterans. A camp covering 280 acres south of Gettysburg and on the scene of the first day's battle will be established and 5,000 tents set up. The tents will be comfortably equipped. The first meal served will be supper Sunday evening, June 29, the last a breakfast, July 6.

Survivors of the blue and the gray will be alike entertained. The only qualificaton to admission will be an honorable discharge from the union or confederate army and membership in an organization participating in the battle fifty years ago. Thus any soldier who participated in the battle or was a member of a military organization that took part is entitled to free transportation and board and lodging.

A program of exercises to continue over four days has been arranged. July 1 will be veterans' day, July 2 military day, July 3 civic day and July 4 national day. On the forenoon of July 4 President Wilson will deliver an oration and at noon will lay the corner stone of a great peace memorial to be built.

Eight hundred thousand meals will be furnished by the federal government. Preparations for the establishment of the great camp, where will be quartered the survivors of the battle are well under way, in charge of Capt. H. F. Dalton of the quarter-master's department of the United States army.

Allowance will be made for twenty meals for each veteran. This will require 800 cooks and as many helpers and 125 bakers, the baking to be done in field bakeries and the preparing of meals in field kitchens. The feeding of this army of veterans will require 40,000 mess kits, comprising one plate, cup, knife, fork, and spoon for each man. In the camp will be more than 9,500 tents, which will be pitched in fields not far from the scene of Pickett's charge. The camp will be exclusively for veterans.

Donald Connor Killed.

The train crew on the Soo line brought the report from Marshfield this morning that Donald Connor, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Connor, was killed yesterday. The story is that young Cohnor was returning from Milwaukee with an automobile and that when near Freemont he struck a telephone pole and was killed instantly. The young man was about 21 years of age.

NEWS ITEMS FROM NEARBY PLACES.

Lost the Sight of One Eye.—Christ Yoss, an Arpin boy, about eleven years old, had the misfortune to lose the sight of his left eye the latter part of last week through the explosion of a dynamite cap. As near as can be learned, the boy applied fire to the cap just for the fun of seeing it explode, and when the explosion occurred a piece of the shell struck him in the eye. He was brought to the hospital in this city, where an operation for the removal of the optic was performed.—Marshfield News.

Pulling Stumps by Hand.—Extracting stumps by hand power is the method proposed by H. Wipperman, a former Chilton man, for clearing lands in northern Wisconsin. The editor attended a demonstraton of Mr. Wipperman's machine Friday morning at the Wood County farm, where Mr. Wipperman has pulled about a dozen stumps with only a few minutes time on each. He uses hand power for the small stumps and a small gasoline engine attached to his machine for the larger ones. Where a stump is especially large and has grown in with others a small charge of dynamite is used merely to form an air vent and reduce the suction. The machine is about the size of a corn shredder, and is mounted on an iron truck. It can be handled without horses even on very rough land. A windlass and triple blocks capable of creating a pull of fifteen tons are the essential principles. The inventor has a project on foot to furnish the machine to Wisconsin land agents in large quantities one to be presented free to the buyer of every quarter section of new land. —Marshfield Times.

Fire at Insane Asylum.—Waupaca County's insane asylum, situated near Weyauwega, was quite badly damaged by fire this morning. The blaze was discovered in the cupola at 6:40, and owing to inadequate fire protection at the institution, the fire fighters were unable to reach the blaze until the Weyauwega volunteer department responded to a call. It was 9:30 before the fire was extinguished after considerable havoc had been wrought by fire and water. The asylum is built in the form of a letter "E," the projections facing south, the center projection being used as the administration portion of the structure and it was in the cupola of this part that the fire originated, presumably from sparks from the chimney. At the time of the fire there were about 142 patients in the building and these were hastily removed to the grounds, where they were cared for by attendants, and some were taken about in autos. Those who could not be trusted out of confinement were taken to Weyauwega, two miles distant, and placed in the town hall under guard. After the fire was out all of the patients were returned to their quarters, little the worse for their experience, none showing any signs of the strain which they had recently undergone.

Medical science is constantly discovering hundreds of new reasons why people should call in the doctor.

TROUBLE FOR THE NEW LINE

Proceedings in the Court Against the Proposed Electric Line From Portage.

Stevens Point Journal:—Conforming with the order of Judge Stevens of the circuit court George P. Smith has filed his supplemental complaint against the Western Indiana Construction Company, Central Wisconsin Construction company, Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Railroad company, Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Street Railways company, Allen T. Russell, J. Frank Huntoon, J. E. Jones and Thomas W. Potts. The action is brought to recover on two promissory notes.

The Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Street Railways company is the one that set out to build an electric line from Madison, via Portage and Adams county, to Stevens Point.

Mr. Smith alleges that the Western Indiana Construction company is insolvent and without assets except a claim it has against the Chicago & Wisconsin Valley railway company for work done and money advanced, that the street railway company is insolvent and without money to pay its debts and obligations, that all of the property owned by the railway company consists of three miles of road constructed in Portage, that it has no power plant of its own, that the company has three cars and a snow plow, which cars have been used and cast aside by some other company and were purchased at a greatly reduced price and that, with the exception of the rails, poles, wires and cars, the company has no property assets.

Mr. Smith asks that the assignment and transfer of the securities of the Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Street Railways company to J. Frank Huntoon be set aside as a preference and as illegal, that the transfer and cancellation of the stock of the Chicago & Wisconsin Valley Street Railway company be declared illegal and void and that the officers now in control of the company be declared to have been illegally elected.

Boy Killed in Runaway.

Joseph Sloan, aged twelve years, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Sloan, of the town of Stottin, was so severely injured in a runaway accident about eleven o'clock this forenoon that he died a little later while being taken to the hospital. The boy came to the city in the forenoon for a load of malt and after receiving the supply had started for home. While crossing the slough bridge one of the whiffle trees caught on an iron brace making considerable noise. The team became the wheels striking another brace. The jar almost overturned the wagon, a part of the load being spilled, and Young Sloan was carried with the seat over the dashboard. He managed to grasp either the doubletree or the tongue and held on until the turn was being made on the island, when he was jerked loose and run over. A wheel ran across his left arm, badly lacerating that member and across his head, causing a bad fracture of the skull.—Wausau Record.

Death of George Wilcox.

George Wilcox died at the home of his son, I. E. Wilcox, on Fourth Ave. north on Monday night, of old age. Mr. Wilcox had been ailing with heart trouble for several weeks, but was able to be around until Sunday, when he began failing rapidly and he passed peaceably to the great beyond during Monday night. Deceased was 83 years of age and has been making his home with his son for the past year and one half, since the death of his wife For nearly thirty years Mr Wilcox was in the employ of the Big Four Ry. as station agent at LaGrange, Ohio, where his remains were taken Tuesday by his son for interment. Deceased is survived by one son, I. E. Wilcox, who was in the employ of the Johnson & Hill Co. for several years but who is at present in charge of a department store at Antigo.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Marriage licenses have been issued to the following:

Mat Vanek and Miss Barbara Lang of the town of Sherry.

Walter Cepress and Miss Martha Miller of Sigel.

Norman Frisby, of Nekoosa and Miss Frances Alma Gaffney of Grand Rapids.

Otto Staven of Sigel and Miss Helen Bronkalla of Grand Rapids.

Frank Benz of Arpin and Miss Ella Anderson of Milladore.

Sealed Bids Wanted.

—Sealed bids will be received by undersigned up to 6 P. M., July 7th, 1913, for the construction of a village hall and jail to be built in the village of Amherst Junction, Wisconsin, according to plans and specifications on file with the village clerk. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

A. H. Pidde
2t Village Clerk.

BIRTHS

A son to Mr. and Rev. H. B. Johnson June 10th.

A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Herman F. Hill, June 7th.

A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Stell Hudkoski, of the west side.

A son to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kmoll, west side.

W. G. Corcoran is moving into his new house on Tenth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Goetz of Norwalk are expected to arrive this evening for a weeks visit with her daughter, Mrs. W. G. Corcoran.

George Damitz, who is working at Trout Lake with Andrew Mosher, is spending several days in the city with his parents.

J. A. Corcoran, who is engaged in buying pulp wood for the paper mill at Cornell, is home to spend a two weeks vacation

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Schmick returned on Saturday from their wedding trip to Sparta and Milwaukee and have gone to housekeeping at 446 8th Ave. south.

Thomas Crystal of the town of Saratoga was in town on Tuesday attending the stock fair. Tom says things are a little quiet out his way these days and as a consequence of associating with the good people of his neighborhood he had begun to suspect that he was kind of forgetting how to tell a good lie. This was from lack of practice, of course, so he thought he would come in and see them sell a few horses and brush up his lagging faculties along this line.

ORGANIZE COOPERAGE COMPANY

Local Cranberry Men Form Company to Make Barrels.

A meeting of a number of the cranberry men of this vicinity was held here on Monday for the purpose of organizing a stock company, the object of which will be to engage in the manufacture of cranberry barrels.

Jacob Searls was elected president of the new company and Geo. W. Perkins secretary and treasurer. While the company will start out with the manufacture of cranberry barrels and this will at first be the sole object of the company, it is expected that later on some side line can be taken up that will keep the plant running the year round. Just what this will be has not been decided on as yet, altho there are a number of products that can be manufactured at a modern cooper shop to advantage and supply the near by demand for such articles. The new company was organized with a capital of $20,000

Farmers Buy Concrete Blocks.

Elmer Crotteau and Martin Joostin, of the town of Rudolph, have purchased concrete blocks the past week of the Carey Concrete Co. for the erection of modern homes on their farms. These gentlemen have had estimates on both lumber and concrete and claim that they can build cheaper with concrete.

The construction of these two farm homes of concrete blocks will be watched with interest by others, and that way and if they prove satisfactory; which they certainly will, the time will not be far off when the Carey Concrete Co. will be one of our big industries in the city. The business of this company is growing steadily both in concrete blocks for construction and burial vaults.

Had a Big Time.

C. A. Normington, Cleve Akey, Joe Martin and Frank Abel returned on Saturday from Manitowoc where they attended the annual State convention of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. They made the trip in Cleve's Reo and report a most enjoyable time. Wausau gets the next convention and Roy Kurel was re-elected state president. Otto R. Roenius also attended the convention and gave a short impromptu address which made a big hit with the large crowd, he being given a hearty applause for several minutes. Otto made a strong plea for holding the next convention at Wausau, and his little talk went a long way in landing same for our neighboring city.

Death of Walter Demitz.

Walter Demitz, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Demitz, died at Riverview hospital on Sunday night from appendicitis. Walter had been sick for some time past and had undergone two operations, the last one on Wednesday of last week, but the disease had made such headway that it was impossible to do anything for him.

Deceased was born on the 25th of February, 1897, in the town of Seneca, and was a bright young fellow who had many friends.

The funeral will be held at 1:30 o'clock on Thursday afternoon from the west side Lutheran church, Rev. Wm. Nommensen officiating.

Sprafka-Franson.

Miss Lena Sprafka and William Franson were married this morning at eleven o'clock at the German Lutheran church in the town of Sigel, Rev. Gieselman performing the ceremony. A reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sprafka to a large number of friends and neighbors. After a short wedding tour the newly married couple will go to housekeeping in this city, Mr. Franson being employed as freight agent at the Northwestern depot. The Tribune joins with many other friends in extending congratulations.

Notice to Automobile Drivers.

—Drivers of automobiles and motorcycles are hereby notified that they must comply with the state law, and city ordinances as to speed, and other conditions, or else if any of these laws are violated they will be arrested and punished accordingly. The number of automobiles are constantly increasing and new drivers unwholly familiar with the machine, or the laws, will have to post themselves or suffer the consequences. Violators of the law will be arrested without further notice. James D. Gibson,
Chief of Police.

Black and White Mixup.

Adolphus Barker, the colored gentleman who makes a business of shining shoes, and Frank Vandenbrook had a mixup on Sunday evening during which several blows were exchanged and both of the participants came out of it slightly the worse for wear. An officer happened along at the opportune moment and run them both in and next morning they were up before Judge Roberts on a charge of being drunk and disorderly. The judge made it $10 and costs for Barker and ten days in the county jail for Vandenbrook.

Street Car Jumps Track.

The street car in charge of Conductor Bagby left the track on Monday afternoon at 3:30 near Meyers crossing at the South side. The accident was caused by the spreading of the rails. The car was put back on the track about nine o'clock that night. There were about thirty passengers in the car at the time but no one was hurt.

Rummage Sale.

St. Katherine's Guild will hold their annual rummage sale in the old Johnson & Hill building on Friday and Saturday of this week. Some exceptional bargains in slightly used clothing, dresses and hats will be offered. Don't forget the date, June 13th and 14th.

For Rent or Quick Sale.

—Nine room house in first class condition together with four large lots and good barn and woodshed. Nearly a year's supply of wood included. Property located on one of the best streets in the city. Price $2500.00. Must be sold or rented within a few days. Inquire of C. E. Boles.

Eagles Win the Game.

A picked team from the Elks lodge and the Eagles played a nine inning game of ball at the ball park on Sunday afternoon. The contest was a good one and resulted in a score of 5 to 6 in favor of the Eagles.

Grand Rapids Tribune
DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers
GRAND RAPIDS - WISCONSIN

GOVERNOR NAMES SEVEN OFFICIALS

LIST OF REAPPOINTMENTS IS SENT TO THE SENATE FOR CONFIRMATION.

EMERY AND KUOLT CHOSEN

State Veterinarian Ellason Is Also Chosen for Another Term—Senate Takes Slap at Governor for His Message on Recess Plan.

Madison.—Gov. McGovern has sent to the senate the following reappointments for confirmation:

A. E. Kuolt, Kenosha, to be commissioner of banking, term ending May 15, 1918.

J. Q. Emery, Albion, to be dairy and food commissioner, term ending in February, 1915.

O. H. Ellason, Omro, to be state veterinarian, term ending in January, 1915.

Louis P. Mayer, Milwaukee, to be supervisor of inspectors of illuminating oils, term ending April 1, 1915.

Miss Katherine Williams, Milwaukee, to be member of the board of control, term ending in April, 1917.

J. B. Lewis, Friendship, to be member of the board of control, term ending in 1915.

W. H. Graebner, Milwaukee, to be member of the board of control, term ending in 1918.

Senate Rebukes McGovern.

The senate has delivered its answer to Gov. McGovern's recent message urging defeat of the recess plan. A resolution introduced by Senator Scott and adopted by a vote of 22 to 8 is interpreted as hurling defiance in the face of the executive. It upholds, in stinging paragraphs, the right of the legislators to direct their own movements and says: "The senate cannot lose sight of the fact that the governor, without experience as a legislator, advises members grown gray in legislative services."

STATE ODD FELLOWS MEET

Convention at Fond du Lac Chooses La Crosse for 1914 Session—Secretary Hoe Honored.

Fond du Lac.—La Crosse won the 1914 convention of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows and the state assembly of Rebeccas. Other cities in the race were Eau Claire, Wausau and Superior.

Richard W. Hoe, who was re-elected grand secretary, was presented with a chest containing fifty pieces of silver in honor of the twenty-fifth anniversary of his election to the office.

Other officers elected were: Grand master, C. S. Sheerin, Marshfield; deputy grand master, W. T. Drake; warden, David Shriner, Lancaster; secretary, Richard Hoe, Milwaukee; treasurer, W. G. Thwaits, Milwaukee; chaplain, Edmund Trimm, Portage; trustees, David Turner, Milwaukee; grand representative, B. W. Crumb, Milton; director of Odd Fellows' home, J. L. Jordan, Green Bay.

The Past Grand Master's association elected the following officers: President, David Whitten, Brandon; secretary, J. A. Fathers, Janesville; treasurer, Richard Hoe, Milwaukee.

The assembly of Rebeccas elected the following officers: President, Mrs. Elsie Lauterbach, Milwaukee; vice president, Mrs. Bertha Noble, Stevens Point, and warden, Mrs. Olive Schroeder, Marshfield.

VOTES TO ADJOURN JUNE 28

Assembly Adopts Resolution Fixing Time for Closing Session of Wisconsin Legislature.

Madison.—The assembly adopted a resolution fixing June 28 as the day for final adjournment and June 13 for the limit for new business. The proposal came from Roessler, democratic floor leader, who suggested June 21 as the adjournment day, but an amendment by Knoen, extending the time one week, was adopted. The sentiment of the house was expressed by a vote of 54 to 29.

Janesville Election July 22.

Janesville.—A special election will be held July 22, for the unexpired term of Mayor Fathers, who will be a candidate to succeed himself. He will be opposed by John P. Nichols, former mayor, who has led the recall fight against Mayor Fathers.

Pick Memorial Site.

Oconomowoc.—Gov. McGovern was at Delafield in connection with locating the site of the Cushing memorial monument on the Alden farm, the birthplace of the Cushing brothers.

Fire Tournament at Marion.

Marion.—Beginning with a parade, the Northwestern Firemen's association tournament will be held here June 12. Companies from Oconto Falls, Gillette, Clintonville, Shawano, Tigerton and Marion will take part.

Postoffice Safe Cracked.

La Crosse.—The safe in the postoffice at Victory, a small town thirty miles from here, was dynamited by yeggmen and $200 in stamps and a small amount in coin secured.

Aged Man Is Sentenced.

Racine.—Pleading not guilty to a charge of passing forged checks on local merchants, A. B. Root, 67 years old, was sentenced to a term of three years in state's prison at Waupun by Judge Smieding.

Clergy Urge Marriage Caution.

Fond du Lac.—Clergy of the diocese of Fond du Lac at their annual council adopted a resolution that marriage banns be announced three times previous to the ceremony.

Asylum Officials to Meet.

Waukesha.—The twelfth annual meeting of the association trustees, superintendents and matrons of county asylums for the insane of Wisconsin, will take place here on June 10, 11 and 12.

FINDS NO LOBBY

SENATORS SWEAR NO ATTEMPTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO CORRUPT THEM.

WILSON WILL NOT APPEAR

President Calls In Supporters and Offers to Give What Information He Has to Show That Money Is Being Spent.

Washington, June 4.—The United States senate Monday began its official hunt for the "insidious lobby" which President Wilson charged existed to modify the tariff bill. The inquiry was carried on by a special committee after the leaders of the undertaking had held a final conference with President Wilson.

Sixteen senators were examined and not one of them knew anything of the existence of the lobby referred to by the president. Not one of them knew anything of money being used by anybody. Everyone declared that no one had approached him improperly and to a man they defended the right of citizens to come to Washington to confer with members of congress over legislation that was vital to their business and industries.

One senator said: "The president will not be able to make good." He received his hardest jolts before the committee from members of his own party, when Senators Overman and Walsh, Democrats, began to ask questions that seemed to indicate their lack of faith in the charges that had been preferred.

A total disagreement with the views expressed by the president was held by Senator Clark of Arkansas, president pro tem of the senate, and by Senator Chamberlain of Oregon.

It was given out at the White House that President Wilson had taken personal charge of the inquiry, and that the Democratic members of the committee would operate under his directions. Senator Overman and Senator Reed were summoned to the White House for orders. Senator Walsh, Democrat, who will vote against free wool and free sugar and a member of the committee, was ignored. The president submitted to these two senators such information as he had and urged them to do all within their power to enable him to make good.

The president has let it be understood that he will not appear before the committee. On his behalf Senator Reed will conduct the cross examination of all witnesses.

It was explained that in his original statement the president was careful to make it clear that he did not charge the existence of a corrupt lobby or that corrupt methods were being used. Also it was said for him that he was not reflecting upon any senator, but was stating what he believes is the fact, that an insidious lobby is at work in Washington.

Senators deny that it is a correct interpretation of the president's original statement. They also are indignant at the amendment of the Cummins resolution, which requires the committee as they express it, "to sneakingly inquire into the personal and private affairs of senators."

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES

Marion, O., June 2.—John Noyes, wealthy young farmer, died at this home near LaRue as a result of injuries received by being thrown by a pony.

New York, May 29.—William Smith, aged nineteen, of Warrenton, Va., a jockey connected with the Wedener stables, was thrown and killed Tuesday while exercising a horse over the jumps at Belmont Park race track.

New York, May 30.—Charles W. Morse, former banker who served a term in prison, was elected Wednesday president of the Hudson Navigation company, owners of the line of steamers operating on the Hudson.

Jackson, Miss., June 1.—Rev. George Holford, a Baptist minister, was shot and instantly killed Friday by his wife at the family home near Montrose, in Jasper county, according to a report received here.

Fulton, Ky., June 2.—In the collision between the "Dixie Flyer" on the N. C. & St. L. and a freight train, 18 persons were shaken up and bruised.

New York, June 2.—Among the 2,000 or more students who will receive degrees from Columbia university on Wednesday is Carlton S. Glover, who gets the degree of bachelor of arts, though he is totally blind.

Paris, France, June 4.—The suffragette question, although it is to be discussed at the international women's congress, which opened Monday in Paris, is to be subordinated to the other subjects under consideration.

False Teeth Kill Woman.

Chicago, June 4.—Miss Angeline Sifrger died Monday as the result of exhibiting her new false teeth to Mrs. Frances Kiersick. In replacing them Miss Sifrger swallowed the plate and choked to death.

Four Men Rob Jeweler.

New York, June 4.—Four armed robbers entered the jewelry shop of Mandel Greenhaus on the lower East side, held him up at the point of a revolver, looted his two safes of $4,000 in gems and escaped.

Schoolgirl Dies by Fire.

Clarksville, Tenn., June 3.—Tennie Evans, schoolgirl, saturated her clothes with gasoline and set fire to them after her mother had refused to permit her to attend a children's picnic. She was burned to death.

Newspaper Man Dead.

Indianpaolis, Ind., June 3.—Harry L. Sayler, founder and general manager of the Chicago City News Bureau and widely known as a writer of boys' stories, died Saturday. He was stricken with apoplexy.

Golf Ball Bursts; Eye Lost.

Kansas City, Mo., June 2.—As a result of whittling a golf ball until it exploded, throwing its acid contents into his face, Jack Helfin, thirteen years old, lost the sight of his left eye Friday.

Twenty Hurt in Car Crash.

Akron, O., June 2.—Twenty persons were injured, some seriously, in a street car collision on the Akron, Bedford & Cleveland line near this city, Friday. The legs of two men were cut off.

BOARD OF ENGINEERS ON VALUATION.



This is the board of engineers on valuation recently selected by the interstate commerce commission to assist in formulating the plans under which the valuation work on the property of common carriers will be done. From left to right: Prof. Wm. D. Ponce of the University of Wisconsin, Howard M. Jones of Nashville, Tenn., J. S. Worley, Edwin F. Wendt of Pittsburgh, Pa., and R. A. Thompson of California.

T. R. WINS LIBEL SUIT

ROOSEVELT GIVEN SIX CENTS DAMAGES AGAINST EDITOR.

Publisher Admits That He Cannot Prove Charge—Colonel Asks Only Nominal Sum.

Marquette, Mich., June 3.—Theodore Roosevelt Saturday won his libel suit against George A. Newett, editor of the Ishpeming Iron Ore. Damages however, were only nominal, made possible by the attitude of the colonel who told the court he did not seek a punitive verdict.

Judge Flannigan instructed the jurors to bring in a verdict for the plaintiff, which they did without leaving their seats. The colonel left for the east less than two hours after the conclusion of the case.

As a climax of the case which has been on trial here a week, Mr. Newett himself took the witness stand and retracted the charge he had made.

He said he had been impressed that an injustice had been done the colonel in the publication of the article and deeply regretted it.

"It is fair to the plaintiff," he said, "to state that I have been unable to find in any section of the country any individual witness who is willing to state that he has personally seen Mr. Roosevelt drink to excess, I am forced to the conclusion that I was mistaken."

Leaving the stand and returning to his seat, Mr. Newett looked in the direction of Colonel Roosevelt, but the latter was absorbed in whispering to Attorney Van Rensehoten. The latter whispered in turn to Attorney Pound and he turned to Judge Flannigan and said: "With the court's permission the plaintiff would like to make a brief announcement."

The judge nodded and Mr. Roosevelt rose. Bowing to the court, the colonel said he would waive the matter of damages save for the national amount provided by law. Speaking of his purpose in instituting suit, he said:

"Your honor, in view of the statement of the defendant, I ask the court to instruct the jury that I desire only nominal damages. I did not go into this case for money. I did not go into it for any vindictive purposes. I went into it, and, as the court said, I made my reputation an issue because I wished once for all during my lifetime thoroughly and comprehensively to deal with those slanders so that never again will it be possible for any man in good faith to repeat then. I have achieved my purpose and I am content."

Nominal damages means six cents under the laws of Michigan and no costs. Each party to the suit will pay the expenses of his side of the case.

GOUX WINS BIG AUTO RACE

Frenchman Lands 500-Mile Contest at Indianapolis—Gets $35,000 Cash Prize.

Indianapolis, June 2.—France won a sporting victory over America Friday on the Indianapolis Speedway when Goux, driving a Peugeot car, won the 500-mile motor race. Wishart, in an American Mercer, was second. Merz, in an American-made Stutz, captured third place.

Goux's time was six hours 31 minutes 43:45 seconds, and average of 76.59 miles an hour. His rewards were international honors, cash prizes worth $35,000, including the $20,000 cash prize offered by the management of the speedway for the winner of the race, a kiss from a dirt-covered mechanician, and a shower of champagne made of grapes that grew in the country whence he came.

Poet Laureate Austin Dead.

London, England, June 4.—Alfred Austin, British Poet Laureate since 1896, died Monday at Swinford old manor, Ashford Kent, at the age of seventy-seven years. He had been ill some time.

Minister to Venezuela Quits.

Caracas, Venezuela, June 4.—Elliott Northcott, United States minister to Venezuela, has resigned from the diplomatic service. He sailed for home Monday on board the steamer Caracas.

Son Kills Father and Self.

Parkersburg, W. Va., June 3.—Frank Henthorn, aged forty-five, was instantly killed Saturday while sitting at the supper table in his home here by his son, Earl Henthorn, aged twenty-two, who then committed suicide.

Ship to Pieces on Rocks.

Yarmouth, N. S., June 3.—The Norweigian ship Freia, which went ashore at Sunday Point near here Friday in a sixty-mile gale, was literally dashed to pieces during the night. Her crew got off in safety.

Quake Far to the Southwest.

New York, June 2.—An earthquake shock, the scene of which was apparently at a great distance from New York, south-southwest, was recorded by the seismograph at the American Museum of Natural History Friday.

Client Accuses Lawyer Clubman.

Philadelphia, June 2.—A warrant for the arrest of George M. Wagner, a prominent lawyer and clubman of this city, was sworn out Friday by one of his clients, who accused him of misappropriating $5,000

JAPAN TO REPLY SOON

CABLES KEPT BUSY FRAMING ANSWERS FOR BRYAN.

Not Thought Mikado's Government Will Ask for Exclusion Code—Canada Act Held Example.

Washington, June 3.—According to present plans Japan will submit to the state department at an early day a rejoinder to Secretary Bryan's answer to the Japanese protest against the alien land legislation adopted by the California legislature.

This was made known here Monday, but without any suggestion as to the probable contents of the note.

There have been numerous cable exchanges between the Japanese embassy here and the foreign office in Tokyo, necessitated by the demands the latter for exact information as to American national and state laws regarding alien land ownership and naturalization.

Notwithstanding the pressure from certain quarters at home, however, it is regarded as doubtful that the Japanese embassy has concluded to turn to a request for amendment of the American naturalization laws as a solution of the present issue between the two countries. The successful treatment by the Canadian parliament of complaints from British Columbia of the competition of Japanese, however, has attracted the attention of the negotiations on both sides in this country.

EDITOR WINS CONTEMPT SUIT

Missouri Supreme Court Decide Unanimously for the Discharge of W. R. Nelson.

Jefferson City, Mo., June 4.—The Missouri supreme court Monday discharge William R. Nelson, owner and editor of the Kansas City Star, from contempt of the Jackson county circuit court. The decision of the supreme court was unanimous. Mr. Nelson, editor and owner of the Kansas City Star, was found guilty of contempt of court and sentenced to imprisonment of one day in the county jail February 1 by Circuit Judge Guthrie of Jackson county, who based his action upon the publication in Mr. Nelson's paper of an article which said that Judge Guthrie had refused to dismiss a divorce suit filed in his court until the parties to it, who had settled it out of court and asked for dismissal, had paid their attorney's fees.

GEN. DRUMMOND UNDER KNIFE

Suffragette Leader Faces More Severe Ordeal as Soon as Able to Stand It.

London, England, June 4.—"Gen." Mrs. Flora Drummond, one of the militant suffragette leaders, underwent a successful operation here Monday. She was taken ill during the police court proceedings against the suffragette leaders early in May.

MILITANTS BURN BOATHOUSE

Students of Oxford University Lose Fifty Crafts in Big Conflagration.

London, June 4.—The famous Oxford boathouse and 50 of the shells were destroyed in a fire which is believed to have been set by the suffragettes. Literature of the militants was found scattered all over the premises after the conflagration.

On one of the papers were the words: "A birthday reminder for King George."

Dynamite in Bunko Graft Cases.

San Francisco, June 4.—Forty sticks of dynamite, fuse and a clock mechanism were found Monday cached near the roadhouse at Fairfax, Marin county, owned by Joseph Ballangero, a witness in the bunko graft cases.

Attends Derby Week Levee.

London, June 4.—Walter Hines Page, the new American ambassador, accompanied by Irwin B. Laughlin, secretary of embassy, attended King George's usual Derby week levee at Buckingham palace Monday.

Woman Dies From Injuries.

Norwalk, O., June 3.—In fear that her horse would run away when it kicked through the dashboard, Mrs. Alfred Fisher, Saturday jumped from her buggy here and was so badly injured that she died.

Circular Saw Bisects Man.

Henderson, Ky., June 3.—With his spinal column bisected its whole length by a circular saw, H. W. West a sawmill employe, survived for eight hours Saturday after the accident occurred.

Spanish Cabinet Is Out.

Madrid, June 2.—King Alfonso was tendered the resignation of Count Romanones and his cabinet Friday, the action of the ministry being caused, it is said, by the open hostility of the chamber of deputies.

Flood Rescue Boat Burns.

Cairo, Ill., June 2.—The steamboat Three States burned to the water's edge here Friday. The boat was in service between Cairo, Wickliffe, Ky., and Bird's Point, Mo. It did much rescue work during the floods.

NEED FIVE VOTES FOR MARKET BILL

Governor's Veto of the Measure Stands.

HULL CHAMPIONS HIS BILL

McGovern Is Close on the Heels of Legislators, Having Disposed of Every Act Adopted Excepting One.

Madison.—The assembly lacked five votes of putting the Hull market commission bill over the veto of the governor. Speaker Hull left the chair to champion his bill, claiming it was not in danger of legal infirmities which the governor had pointed out in his veto message. The governor objected to the Hull bill principally on the ground that the appropriation was not made for a public purpose, quoting numerous decisions for mthe Wisconsin and federal supreme courts to substantiate his views. Speaker Hull declared that the primary purpose of his bill was for a public purpose in that it would bring the producer and consumer closer together.

Assemblyman Peavey spoke against the Hull bill, claiming that the appropriation of $2,000 was too small to admit an adequate administration of the law.

Senate Aids Schools.

Two bills offered by Senator Teasdale has been passed by the senate, increasing the state aid to rural schools and providing that high schools may give training courses for teachers. The senate non-concurred in the Don C. Hall bill prohibiting the depositing of deleterious substances in water. It advanced the Pfennig bill fixing heavy penalties for the publishing of deceptive advertisements, and the Nye bill providing that county boards may improve certain trunk roads within a county.

One of the principal bills on the assembly calendar was 1090-A, the one day's rest in seven bill, introduced by the committee on labor. Amendment No. 4-A was adopted. This gives to the industrial commission the power to determine whether in special cases where, like waiters in hotels who have many hours of rest daily, it will be necessary to give them one full day's rest in seven. The railroad commission is given similar powers as to street and interurban railway employes.

Fix Railroads' Responsibility.

The True bill 171-S, providing that all railroads in the state shall be responsible for damage to any person or corporation shipping live stock where the damage arises through the negligence of the company, and no prior agreement or valuation between the shipper and the company shall be binding in case the damage results from the negligence of the company, was concurred in and now goes to the governor.

Governor McGovern is close on the heels of the legislature, having disposed of every bill passed with but one exception, and that ready for action.

Of the 451 bills sent to him, he has approved 116 as received, 25 were recalled and nine vetoed. The one bill on the governor's desk undisposed of is on revising and consolidating the statutes relating to jurors in courts of records.

Four Insurance Bills In.

In the senate were introduced four bills covering the L. L. Johnson general insurance bill which was killed in the assembly. The big bill is divided into four parts in the hope that one or more of them will get through. All are likely to pass the senate. The bills were introduced by the special committee on insurance.

Senator Bosshard's bill providing that no barn shall be built within seventy-five feet of a residence, outside the corporate limits of any city or village, was ordered to engrossment and then passed under suspension of the rules, as also was the bill by the committee on corporations authorizing county boards to construct or improve any road or street in any village in the county connecting with improved county highways.

Debate Mothers' Pensions.

Nearly two hours was consumed in the assembly in the debate on the subject of mothers' pensions. Last week the assembly indefinitely postponed a bill offered by Assemblyman Schnitzler of Depere, creating a force under the state board of control to administer the law. The bill called for an appropriation of $100,000. The remaining bill on the calendar on this subject was one introduced by Assemblyman Rosa of Beloit. Under the rules of the house Assemblyman Schnitzler offered a substitute to the Rosa bill, which embodies practically all of the features in the original bill which the assembly has indefinitely postponed. Assemblyman Schnitzler moved the indefinite postponement of the Rosa bill.

The assembly adjourned in the midst of a long written argument by Assemblyman Schnitzler, in which he declared that wherever the Rosa plan of administering the mothers' pension law had been adopted it was found unworkable.

State Fair Site in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee will remain the home of the state fair. This was determined in Madison by the legislative committee appointed to investigate sites. The vote stood six to three, Senators Bichler and Weigel and Assemblyman Conway, Lentz, Gulickson and Everett favoring the present sit and Assemblyman Lamsen and Carpenter favoring the Fox River valley.

Long Controversy Is Ended.

It is expected that the report of the committee will be confirmed without delay.

"This ends a long drawn out controversy," said James P. Keenan, secretary of the Citizens' Business league, when he received word from Madison that Milwaukee was chosen.

"It means the permanent location of the fair, and such permanency means the success of the fair.

Make It Greatest Fair.

"I look to see the legislature make proper appropriation for the many needed improvements and with additional land on either the east or west side of the fair grounds which I am sure Milwaukee county will purchase and devote to this good purpose.

"I look to see the Milwaukee state fair one of the greatest agricultural and industrial exhibitions in this country."

Wood Indorses Varsity Militia.

The plan to include eight companies of the University of Wisconsin battalion in the Wisconsin National guard has received indorsement in a letter from Maj.-Gen. Leonard S. Wood, chief of staff of the United States army.

"As a matter of policy," he writes, "I might say that both the division of militia affairs and myself favor the organization of national guard companies or regiments in colleges with the understanding that they are on the same footing as other organized militia and that they perform their full duty both to the university and to the organized militia."

Gen. Wood inclosed a circular letter sent to college presidents throughout the eastern and central states, the University of Wisconsin being among them, outlining a plan of summer camps of military instruction.

Gift by U. S. Government.

The Wisconsin state forest reserves in the northern lake region have been increased by a gift of about 600 islands from the government. They have been surveyed and the state board of forestry is prepared to lease them. The islands vary from a fraction of an acre to forty acres or more. The yearly rentals range from $10 to $200.

Makes Plea for State Fair.

Declaring that Janesville has particularly good facilities for handling a state fair and its patrons, a big delegation from the bower city and others appeared before the legislative committee on location of the state fair and urged serious consideration of their city. The delegation was headed by James A. Fathers and the claims of Janesville were presented by him. Frank P. Croak, president of the Janesville Twenty-five Thousand club, H. H. Bliss, editor of the Janesville Gazette; M. O. Mouat and Mr. P. Richardson. Representatives of the railroads and the interurban also told of the railroad facilities of Janesville. A letter was read from Secretary Robber of the Rockford Shippers' association, urging the location of the fair in Janesville for the accommodation of the people of northern Illinois. It was inconvenient for such people to go to Milwaukee, he said, and the Illinois state fair was too far away.

The speakers pointed out that Janesville has 116 passenger trains a day besides interurban cars every half hour. It is also on the main line between the two state fairs of Minnesota and Illinois. They declared that Janesville also had large railroad yards sufficient to accommodate more cars than a state fair would bring and that it would be easy to build spur tracks to the fair grounds which are not far from the business section of the city. It was also pointed out that almost any point in the state could be reached within six hours, making it possible for exhibitors and others to come to and return from the fair in one day.

Others in the delegation were J. Q. Bangs, editor of the Janesville Recorder; David Atwood, managing editor of the Janesville Gazette; F. W. Zimmerman, agent of the St. Paul road; Alva Hemmens, agent of the Northwestern road; S. M. Jacobs, Charles Putnam, Thomas S. Nolan, Janesville; W. M. Dockey of Walworth; Fred Gilman of Evansville; Henry Johnson and Royal Waltpress, Edgerton.

Representatives of Beloit, Brodhead, Monroe and Fort Atkinson were also expected to come in behalf of Janesville.

Elks in State Session.

The state convention of the B. P. O. Elks opened in Manitowoc with President John C. Karel of Milwaukee presiding. Delegates from nearly every lodge in the state are present. Menasha and Wausau are rivals for the next meeting.

The sixty-seventh annual session of the Wisconsin grand lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the twenty-eighth annual session of the Rebekah assembly opened in Fond du Lac with 1,000 visitors in attendance.

Natural History Society Elects.

Officers elected at the annual meeting of the Wisconsin Natural History society held in the trustees' room of the public museum, Milwaukee, are: President, Dr. George Barth; vice-president, Dr. P. Bernehl; secretary, John R. Haddle; treasurer, H. B. Beckman; additional director, H. L. Ward. Prof. Henry H. Severin, formerly head of the department of entomology of the college of Hawaii, gave an illustrated lecture on "The Mediterranean and Melon Flies."

State Patents.

Anthon H. Andersen, Spring Valley, lantern; Clark T. Hendersen, assignor to the Cutler-Hammer Manufacturing company, Milwaukee, motor controller (two patents); Joseph Koenig, Two Rivers, flask for liquids; William F. Luick and A. J. Bassett, Milwaukee, assignors to Luick-Bassett Producer company, gas producer; William L. Miller, assignor to Gisholt Machine company, Madison, clutch mechanism; Arthur Polacheck, assignor to Charles Polacheck & Bro. Co., Milwaukee, fixture coupling.

Cheese Makers Organize.

The first formal step in organizing a new state board for the manufacture, grading and sale of cheese was taken when former State Senator Henry Krumrey of Plymouth filed papers incorporating forty local cheese factory companies in Sheboygan and Manitowoc counties. Each of these is to have membership in a federation or central body to be organized later which will be the medium through which the cheese manufactured will be sold.

To Spend $75,000 on Exhibition.

The bill introduced by Assemblyman D. E. Bowe of Ashland county, providing for a representation from Wisconsin at the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco in 1915 was passed by the assembly with the senate amendment. As finally passed the bill carries an appropriation of $75,000. Of this $25,000 is to be available this year and the same sum in each of the two succeeding years. This money is to be used in the construction, equipment and maintenance of an exhibit that shall represent this state.

Potato Fund Is Legal.

The $1,000 appropriation made by the legislature to the Wisconsin Potato Growers' association is constitutional, acording to a ruling made by Attorney General Walter Owen.

The constitutionality of the law was raised by the executive office.

In another opinion rendered the attorney general holds that the bill introduced in the legislature by Assemblyman David V. Jennings of Milwaukee, authorizing the common council of any city in the state to abolish any city office, is unconstitutional.

REBELS TAKE CITY

HUNDREDS KILLED IN BATTLE WHICH RESULTS IN CAPTURE OF MATAMORAS, MEX.

FEDERAL LEADER IS SLAIN

Victors Possessed Plans of Fortifications and Under Guidance of Deserter Attacked Vulnerable Points—Victors Made Three Attacks.

Brownsville, Tex., June 5.—Hundreds are believed to have been killed in a battle that raged for 12 hours Tuesday between the rebels under Gen. Lucio Blanco and the federal forces in Matamoras, the northern stronghold of the federal government, and which resulted, after desperate fighting, in the capture of the city in the evening by the rebels.

Much of the fighting was hand to hand. Maj. Estaban Ramos, one of Mexico's noted soldiers, made a heroic defense against terrible odds. His officers capitulated only after their chief had been mortally wounded by a half dozen rebel bullets and lay at the point of death in a hospital in Brownsville.

The dying general heard the shouts of the victors in the streets of the conquered town just before he passed away.

The attack began at 10:30 Tuesday morning, when the constitutionalists under General Blanco advanced in skirmish line. The federals had practically no chances to hold the city, and their resistance throughout the day was called remarkable by American army officers who viewed the assault from this side of the river.

The rebels were in possession of complete plans of the fortifications. A federal deserter showed them where all the mines were laid and named the vulnerable points in the line of defense. Virtually the only defense the handful of federals had was a high barbed wire fence charged with electricity.

The rebels charged this three times, and each time were hurled back. Sixty of their number were electrocuted. Finally they concentrated their assault upon the Matamoras light plant. Major Ramos dispatched Captain Velez, his most trusted aid, with two lieutenants and a picked band of 20 sharpshooters to defend the plant and save the wire fence.

The federals made a gallant defense, but were outnumbered four to one, and Captain Velez, the lieutenants and the squad of soldiers were killed to a man after they had retreated to the very doors of the electrification plant.

The plant fell at three o'clock, and the last hope of the federals went with it. Blanco appealed to Major Ramos to surrender, but the old Mexican fighter scorned the offer and sent the envoys back and ordered a deploy to repulse the attack.

The rebels advanced and, after a heavy fire, the federal band was driven under cover. Cutting their way through the wire fence, now useless as a defense, the rebels swarmed into the town.

Slaughter followed. Retreating from street to street the defenders slowly but surely were driven to bay. Scores of soldiers fled to the river and swam to the American shore, where they surrendered to the flag of the United States.

Not until the defending army had been so completely routed that it was impossible to marshal a squad of 20 fighting men at one place did a junior officer of Ramos' staff raise the white flag on his saber.

Bullets whizzed into Brownsville, where hundreds watched the fortune of the battle across the river. One automobile was wrecked by a shell, but no one was seriously hurt.

MEAT SUPPLY GROWS SHORT

For First Time in History of Nation Imports of Animals Exceedcd Exports in 1912.

Washington, June 5.—The department of agriculture issued a bulletin Tuesday warning the nation that the supply of meat in the United States is getting shorter every year.

In the year of 1912, for the first time in the history of this country, the imports of animals and animal products exceeded the exports. In 1907 the number of beef cattle in the United States was 51,566,000, while at the beginning of the present year it was only 36,030,000. The same statement was made before Secretary Wilson went out of office, one of the reasons ascribed being the preference of the western ranchmen to grow crops instead of cattle.

A year ago the average price of native steers on the Chicago market was $7.95, as against $6.50 in 1911.

Turks Are Leaving Europe.

Constantinople, June 5.—Turkey Tuesday begun the evacuation of the 60,000 square miles of territory she lost to the Balkan allies. A dozen transports left Rodosto on the Sea of Marmora bearing Turkish troops.

Important Decision Rendered.

Washington, June 5.—A decision carrying an award of $82,604.84 was rendered Tuesday by the United States court of claims in favor of the Chicago & Alton railroad company in the "mail weighing" case.

Is Largest Lake Vessel.

Fort William, Ont., June 5.—The steamer Noronic, the largest passenger boat on the great lakes, was launched at the Western Dry Dock Yards here Tuesday in the presence of several thousand people.

Flowers for Soldier Dead.

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 5.—The graves of southern soldiers who fell at Chickamauga, and in the battle around Chattanooga were strewn with flowers during the southern memorial day exercises Tuesday.

Unionist Ammunition Seized.

Belfast, Ireland, June 5.—A large quantity of arms and ammunition, alleged to have been collected by Unionists who are opposed to home rule for Ireland, was seized here Tuesday by the constabulary.

Senate Body Favors Caminetti.

Washington, June 5.—The nomination of A. Caminetti of California to be commissioner general of immigration was Tuesday ordered favorably reported by the senate committee on immigration.

Honors Commoner's Editor.

Washington, June 5.—Richard L. Metcalfe of Lincoln, Neb., editor of the "Commoner," was Tuesday selected by President Wilson to be the civil governor of the Panama Canal Zone.

WISCONSIN BREVITIES

La Crosse.—The safe in the postoffice at Victory, a small town on the Burlington road thirty miles from here, was dynamited by yeggmen and $200 in stamps and a small amount in coin was secured. The robbery was not discovered until the office was opened in the morning. It is believed the robbers escaped in a motor boat or rowboat, for no trains stop at Victory in the night.

Green Bay.—Two girls scaled the 15-foot wall around the Good Shepherd's home here and escaped. They walked to Clifton, spending a day and night on the road without food, and were overtaken by the Brown county sheriff. They were whizzed back home in an automobile.

Janesville.—Dr. J. W. McLoughlin, a well-known Presbyterian divine, and for eight years local pastor, resigned owing to difficulties with the church trustees. He formerly had a charge in Chicago.

Oconomowoc.—Governor McGovern was at Delafield in connection with locating the site of the Cushing memorial monument. The governor, with the local committee, went over several sites, and approved that of the Alden farm, the birthplace of the Cushing brothers.

Waukesha.—The twelfth annual meeting of the Association of Trustees, Superintendents and Matrons of County Asylums for the Insane of Wisconsin will take place here June 10, 11 and 12.

Marinette.—Supposedly while suffering an epileptic fit John Dennings, aged thirty-seven, of Green Bay fell overboard from the steamer Nettie Denessen at the Spies Thompson company's dock in Menominee, Mich., this afternoon and drowned. He was engineer on the boat.

Madison.—The state's coffers held $2,587,907.16 in all funds on June 1, as compared with $3,352,039.74 May 1. The amount in the general fund is $1,377,725.97, as compared with $2,090,632.03 a month ago.

Menasha.—The program for the G. A. R. department encampment at Neenah and Menasha June 9 to 11 includes addresses by the commander-in-chief and others and the presentation to Menasha and Neenah, high school each a silk flag.

Madison.—Two hundred and twenty-five Wisconsin veterans of the battle of Gettysburg have accepted the state's offer to attend the semi-centennial anniversary celebration on the old battleground early in July.

Marinette.—To the fact that 15 fellow lodge members of the Odd Fellows gave patches of skin for a grafting operation, William Bowman of Crystal Falls, Mich., owes his life. Bowman was working last winter as an engineer of a logging locomotive for the Sawyer-Goodman company of Marinette. In a wreck of the engine and several cars he was frightfully burned by escaping steam. Physicians decided that a skin grafting operation was the only hope of saving his life. So much skin was needed that the physicians despaired of getting enough. It was then that fellow lodge members came forward and made the sacrifice which ended in Bowman's complete recovery.

Green Bay.—Earl Knowltan, nineteen years old, has a hydroaeroplane that he is trying out at Bay View beach. Knowltan has already made a couple of flights with success, he claims, but he did not get up into the air to any great distance. The machine was built by Knowltan in 1912 and during the winter months he converts it into a machine that will be able to travel on water.

Lake Geneva.—Miss Emma Olson, her brother, Eric, and Charles Strand, all of Chicago, were drowned by the swamping of a rowboat, in which they were riding. Miss Helen Rohrs, who was also in the boat, clung to an oar and was rescued.

New Richmond.—W. F. Meyer of St. Paul, Omaha freight conductor, whom the coroner's jury held responsible for the head-on collision with an Omaha passenger train at Baldwin, in which two lives were lost, has been held to trial in the circuit court on a charge of manslaughter by County Judge Arnquist.

Fond du Lac—Dr. J. J. Connell was awarded $5,500 damages by a jury in circuit court here. The verdict is sequel to a slander suit which Dr. Connell brought against Dr. J. W. Ehmer at Lomira. Reports detrimental were spread two years ago by the defendant, it was alleged.

Milwaukee.—Four Chicago men were rescued in a small boat more than two miles from the shore of Lake Michigan, drifting steadily out toward midlake, after four hours of anxiety through their inability to signal shore. The men were Henry Olson, Carl Corthas, Albert Atisker and Thomas Cassidy, who say they are traveling salesmen. They lost one of their oars and drifted aimlessly for many hours before they hoisted a shirt on the remaining oar. The life saving crew finally saw this signal. The mer broke down for joy when rescued.

Marinette.—A calf with three heads was born on the farm of Fred Gardner of Stephenson, Mich. Two of the heads were on the end of the neck, but the third was at the end of the backbone and faced to the rear. All of the heads were perfectly formed. The calf lived but a short time. Gardner will have the freak preserved. A chicken with five legs was hatched on the farm of Albert Nelson, living six miles from Marinette, and lived for three days. One pair of legs was in normal position, but the others were on the chicken's back.

Appleton.—Harold W. Nevel of Waupun, aged twenty-two, Lawrence graduate who had just entered business in Appleton, drowned on Little Lake Butte des Mortes. Lloyd Clevinger, who was with him in the water for 40 minutes, was saved. Nevel's last words were: "Save yourself if you can, I am not afraid to go."

Wausau.—There is a great demand for laborers in this city. It is estimated that 500 men with some experience in mills and factories could find employment at good wages.

Grand Rapids Tribune
BRUMS & SUTOR, Publishers
GRAND RAPIDS • WISCONSIN

GOVERNOR NAMES SEVEN OFFICIALS

LIST OF REAPPOINTMENTS IS SENT TO THE SENATE FOR CONFIRMATION.

EMERY AND KUOLT CHOSEN

State Veterinarian Eliason Is Also Chosen for Another Term—Senate Takes Slap at Governor for His Message on Recess Plan.

Madison.—Gov. McGovern has sent to the senate the following reappointments for confirmation:

A. E. Kuolt, Kenosha, to be commissioner of banking, term ending May 15, 1918.

J. Q. Emery, Albion, to be dairy and food commissioner, term ending in February, 1915.

O. H. Eliason, Omro, to be state veterinarian, term ending in January, 1915.

Louis P. Mayer, Milwaukee, to be supervisor of inspectors of illuminating oils, term ending April 1, 1915.

Miss Katherine Williams, Milwaukee, to be member of the board of control, term ending in April, 1917.

J. B. Lewis, Friendship, to be member of the board of control, term ending in 1915.

W. H. Graebner, Milwaukee, to be member of the board of control, term ending in 1918.

Senate Rebukes McGovern.

The senate has delivered its answer to Gov. McGovern's recent message urging defeat of the recess plan. A resolution introduced by Senator Scott and adopted by a vote of 22 to 8 is interpreted as hurling defiance in the face of the executive. It upholds, in stinging paragraphs, the right of the legislators to direct their own movements and says: "The senate cannot lose sight of the fact that the governor, without experience as a legislator, advises members grown gray in legislative services."

STATE ODD FELLOWS MEET

Convention at Fond du Lac Chooses La Crosse for 1914 Session—Secretary Hoe Honored.

Fond du Lac.—La Crosse won the 1914 convention of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows and the state assembly of Rebeccas. Other cities in the race were Eau Claire, Wausau and Superior.

Richard W. Hoe, who was re-elected grand secretary, was presented with a chest containing fifty pieces of silver in honor of the twenty-fifth anniversary of his election to the office.

Other officers elected were: Grand master, C. S. Sheerin, Marshfield; deputy grand master, W. T. Drake; warden, David Shriner, Lancaster; secretary, Richard Hoe, Milwaukee; treasurer, W. G. Thwaits, Milwaukee; chaplain, Edmund Trimm, Portage; trustees, David Turner, Milwaukee; grand representative, B. W. Crumb, Milton; director of Odd Fellows' home, J. L. Jordan, Green Bay.

The Past Grand Master's association elected the following officers: President, David Whitten, Brandon; secretary, J. A. Fathers, Janesville; treasurer, Richard Hoe, Milwaukee.

The assembly of Rebeccas elected the following officers: President, Mrs. Elsie Lauterbach, Milwaukee; vice president, Mrs. Bertha Noble, Stevens Point, and warden, Mrs. Olive Schroeder, Marshfield.

VOTES TO ADJOURN JUNE 28

Assembly Adopts Resolution Fixing Time for Closing Session of Wisconsin Legislature.

Madison.—The assembly adopted a resolution fixing June 28 as the day for final adjournment and June 13 for the limit for new business. The proposal came from Roessler, democratic floor leader, who suggested June 21 as the adjournment day, but an amendment by Kneen, extending the time one week, was adopted. The sentiment of the house was expressed by a vote of 54 to 29.

Janesville Election July 22.

Janesville.—A special election will be held July 22, for the unexpired term of Mayor Fathers, who will be a candidate to succeed himself. He will be opposed by John P. Nichols, former mayor, who has led the recall fight against Mayor Fathers.

Pick Memorial Site.

Oconomowoc.—Gov. McGovern was at Delafield in connection with locating the site of the Cushing memorial monument on the Alden farm, the birthplace of the Cushing brothers.

Fire Tournament at Marion.

Marion.—Beginning with a parade, the Northwestern Firemen's association tournament will be held here June 12. Companies from Oconto Falls, Gillette, Clintonville, Shawano, Tigerton and Marion will take part.

Postoffice Safe Cracked.

La Crosse.—The safe in the postoffice at Victory, a small town thirty miles from here, was dynamited by yeggmen and $200 in stamps and a small amount in coin secured.

Aged Man Is Sentenced.

Racine.—Pleading not guilty to a charge of passing forged checks on local merchants, A. B. Root, 67 years old, was sentenced to a term of three years in state's prison at Waupun by Judge Smieding.

Clergy Urge Marriage Caution.

Fond du Lac.—Clergy of the diocese of Fond du Lac at their annual council adopted a resolution that marriage banns be announced three times previous to the ceremony.

Asylum Officials to Meet.

Waukesha.—The twelfth annual meeting of the association trustees, superintendents and matrons of county asylums for the insane of Wisconsin, will take place here on June 10, 11 and 12.

FINDS NO LOBBY

SENATORS SWEAR NO ATTEMPTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO CORRUPT THEM.

WILSON WILL NOT APPEAR

President Calls in Supporters and Offers to Give What Information He Has to Show That Money Is Being Spent.

Washington, June 4.—The United States senate Monday began its official hunt for the "insidious lobby" which President Wilson charged existed to modify the tariff bill. The inquiry was carried on by a special committee after the leaders of the undertaking had held a final conference with President Wilson.

Sixteen senators were examined and not one of them knew anything of the existence of the lobby referred to by the president. Not one of them knew anything of money being used by anybody. Everyone declared that no one had approached him improperly and to a man they defended the right of citizens to come to Washington to confer with members of congress over legislation that was vital to their business and industries.

One senator said: "The president will not be able to make good." He received his hardest jolts before the committee from members of his own party, when Senators Overman and Walsh, Democrats, began to ask questions that seemed to indicate their lack of faith in the charges that had been preferred.

A total disagreement with the views expressed by the president was held by Senator Clark of Arkansas, president pro tem of the senate, and by Senator Chamberlain of Oregon.

It was given out at the White House that President Wilson had taken personal charge of the inquiry, and that the Democratic members of the committee would operate under his directions. Senator Overman and Senator Reed were summoned to the White House for orders. Senator Walsh, Democrat, who will vote against free wool and free sugar and a member of the committee, was ignored. The president submitted to these two senators such information as he had and urged them to do all within their power to enable him to make good.

The president has let it be understood that he will not appear before the committee. On his behalf Senator Reed will conduct the cross examination of all witnesses.

It was explained that in his original statement the president was careful to make it clear that he did not charge the existence of a corrupt lobby or that corrupt methods were being used. Also it was said for him that he was not reflecting upon any senator, but was stating what he believes is the fact, that an insidious lobby is at work in Washington.

Senators deny that it is a correct interpretation of the president's original statement. They also are indignant at the amendment of the Cummins resolution, which requires the committee as they express it, "to sneakingly inquire into the personal and private affairs of senators."

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES

Marion, O., June 2.—John Noyes, wealthy young farmer, died at this home near LaRue as a result of injuries received by being thrown by a pony.

New York, May 29.—William Smith, aged nineteen, of Warrenton, Va., a jockey connected with the Wedener stables, was thrown and killed Tuesday while exercising a horse over the jumps at Belmont Park race track.

New York, May 30.—Charles W. Morse, former banker who served a term in prison, was elected Wednesday president of the Hudson Navigation company, owners of the line of steamers operating on the Hudson.

Jackson, Miss., June 1.—Rev. George Holford, a Baptist minister, was shot and instantly killed Friday by his wife at the family home near Montrose, in Jasper county, according to a report received here.

Fulton, Ky., June 2.—In the collision between the "Dixie Flyer" on the N. C. & St. L. and a freight train, 18 persons were shaken up and bruised.

New York, June 2.—Among the 2,000 or more students who will receive degrees from Columbia university on Wednesday is Carlton S. Glover, who gets the degree of bachelor of arts, though he is totally blind.

Paris, France, June 4.—The suffragette question, although it is to be discussed at the international women's congress, which opened Monday in Paris, is to be subordinated to the other subjects under consideration.

False Teeth Kill Woman.

Chicago, June 4.—Miss Angeline Sifrger died Monday as the result of exhibiting her new false teeth to Mrs. Frances Klersick. In replacing them Miss Sifrger swallowed the plate and choked to death.

Four Men Rob Jeweler.

New York, June 4.—Four armed robbers entered the jewelry shop of Mandel Greenhaus on the lower East side, held him up at the point of a revolver, looted his two safes of $4,000 in gems and escaped.

Schoolgirl Dies by Fire.

Clarksville, Tenn., June 3.—Tennie Evans, schoolgirl, saturated her clothes with gasoline and set fire to them after her mother had refused to permit her to attend a children's picnic. She was burned to death.

Newspaper Man Dead.

Indianpaolis, Ind., June 3.—Harry L. Sayler, founder and general manager of the Chicago City News Bureau and widely known as a writer of boys' stories, died Saturday. He was stricken with apoplexy.

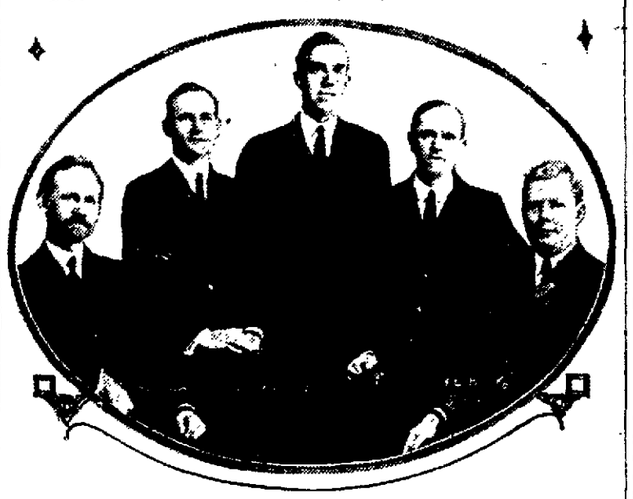
Golf Ball Bursts; Eye Lost.

Kansas City, Mo., June 2.—As a result of whittling a golf ball until it exploded, throwing its acid contents into his face, Jack Helfin, thirteen years old, lost the sight of his left eye Friday.

Twenty Hurt in Car Crash.

Akron, O., June 2.—Twenty persons were injured, some seriously, in a street car collision on the Akron, Bedford & Cleveland line near this city, Friday. The legs of two men were cut off.

BOARD OF ENGINEERS ON VALUATION.



This is the board of engineers on valuation recently selected by the interstate commerce commission to assist in formulating the plans under which the valuation work on the property of common carriers will be done. From left to right: Prof. Wm. D. Ponce of the University of Wisconsin, Howard M. Jones of Nashville, Tenn., J. S. Worley, Edwin F. Wendt of Pittsburgh, Pa., and R. A. Thompson of California.

T. R. WINS LIBEL SUIT

ROOSEVELT GIVEN SIX CENTS DAMAGES AGAINST EDITOR.

Publisher Admits That He Cannot Prove Charge—Colonel Asks Only Nominal Sum.

Marquette, Mich., June 3.—Theodore Roosevelt Saturday won his libel suit against George A. Newett, editor of the Ishpeming Iron Ore. Damages however, were only nominal, made possible by the attitude of the colonel who told the court he did not seek a punitive verdict.

Judge Flannigan instructed the jurors to bring in a verdict for the plaintiff, which they did without leaving their seats. The colonel left for the east less than two hours after the conclusion of the case.

As a climax of the case which has been on trial here a week, Mr. Newett himself took the witness stand and retracted the charge he had made.

He said he had been impressed that an injustice had been done the colonel in the publication of the article and deeply regretted it.

"It is fair to the plaintiff," he said, "to state that I have been unable to find in any section of the country any individual witness who is willing to state that he has personally seen Mr. Roosevelt drink to excess, I am forced to the conclusion that I was mistaken."

Leaving the stand and returning to his seat, Mr. Newett looked in the direction of Colonel Roosevelt, but the latter was absorbed in whispering to Attorney Van Rensselaer. The latter whispered in turn to Attorney Pound and he turned to Judge Flannigan and said: "With the court's permission the plaintiff would like to make a brief announcement."

The judge nodded and Mr. Roosevelt rose Bowing to the court, the colonel said he would waive the matter of damages save for the national amount provided by law. Speaking of his purpose in instituting suit, he said:

"Your honor, in view of the statement of the defendant, I ask the court to instruct the jury that I desire only nominal damages. I did not go into this case for money. I did not go into it for any vindictive purposes I went into it, and, as the court said, I made my reputation an issue because I wished once for all during my lifetime thoroughly and comprehensively to deal with those slanders so that never again will it be possible for any man in good faith to repeat them. I have achieved my purpose and I am content."

Nominal damages means six cents under the laws of Michigan and no costs. Each party to the suit will pay the expenses of his side of the case.

GOUX WINS BIG AUTO RACE

Frenchman Lands 500-Mile Contest at Indianapolis—Gets $25,000 Cash Prize.

Indianapolis, June 2.—France won a sporting victory over America Friday on the Indianapolis Speedway when Goux, driving a Peugeot car, won the 500-mile motor race. Wishart, in an American Mercer, was second. Merz, in an American-made Stutz, captured third place.

Goux's time was six hours 31 minutes 43:45 seconds, and average of 76.59 miles an hour. His rewards were international honors, cash prizes worth $35,000, including the $20,000 cash prize offered by the management of the speedway for the winner of the race, a kiss from a dirt-covered mechanician, and a shower of champagne made of grapes that grew in the country whence he came.

Poet Laureate Austin Dead.

London, England, June 4.—Alfred Austin, British Poet Laureate since 1896, died Monday at Swinford old manor, Ashford Kent, at the age of seventy-seven years. He had been ill some time.

Minister to Venezuela Quits.

Caracas, Venezuela, June 4.—Elliott Northcott, United States minister to Venezuela, has resigned from the diplomatic service. He sailed for home Monday on board the steamer Caracas.

Son Kills Father and Self.

Parkersburg, W. Va., June 3.—Frank Henthorn, aged forty-five, was instantly killed Saturday while sitting at the supper table in his home here by his son, Earl Henthorn, aged twenty-two, who then committed suicide.

Ship to Pieces on Rocks.

Yarmouth, N. S., June 3.—The Norwegian ship Freia, which went ashore at Sunday Point near here Friday in a sixty-mile gale, was literally dashed to pieces during the night. Her crew got off in safety.

Quake Far to the Southwest.

New York, June 2.—An earthquake shock, the scene of which was apparently at a great distance from New York, south-southwest, was recorded by the seismograph at the American Museum of Natural History Friday.

Client Accuses Lawyer Clubman.

Philadelphia, June 2.—A warrant for the arrest of George M. Wagner, a prominent lawyer and clubman of this city, was sworn out Friday by one of his clients, who accused him of misappropriating $5,000.

JAPAN TO REPLY SOON

CABLES KEPT BUSY FRAMING ANSWERS FOR BRYAN.

Not Thought Mikado's Government Will Ask for Exclusion Code—Canada Act Held Example.

Washington, June 3.—According to present plans Japan will submit to the state department at an early day a rejoinder to Secretary Bryan's answer to the Japanese protest against the alien land legislation adopted by the California legislature.

This was made known here Monday, but without any suggestion as to the probable contents of the note.

There have been numerous cable exchanges between the Japanese embassy here and the foreign office in Tokyo, necessitated by the demands the latter for exact information as to American national and state laws regarding alien land ownership and naturalization.

Notwithstanding the pressure from certain quarters at home, however, it is regarded as doubtful that the Japanese embassy has concluded to turn to a request for amendment of the American naturalization laws as a solution of the present issue between the two countries. The successful treatment by the Canadian parliament of complaints from British Columbia of the competition of Japanese, however, has attracted the attention of the negotiations on both sides in this country.

EDITOR WINS CONTEMPT SUIT

Missouri Supreme Court Decide Unanimously for the Discharge of W. R. Nelson.

Jefferson City, Mo., June 4.—The Missouri supreme court Monday discharge William R. Nelson, owner and editor of the Kansas City Star, from contempt of the Jackson county circuit court. The decision of the supreme court was unanimous. Mr. Nelson, editor and owner of the Kansas City Star, was found guilty of contempt of court and sentenced to imprisonment of one day in the county jail February 1 by Circuit Judge Guthrie of Jackson county, who based his action upon the publication in Mr. Nelson's paper of an article which said that Judge Guthrie had refused to dismiss a divorce suit filed in his court until the parties to it, who had settled it out of court and asked for dismissal, had paid their attorney's fees.

GEN. DRUMMOND UNDER KNIFE

Suffragette Leader Faces More Severe Ordeal as Soon as Able to Stand It.

London, England, June 4.—"Gen." Mrs. Flora Drummond, one of the militant suffragette leaders, underwent a successful operation here Monday. She was taken ill during the police court proceedings against the suffragette leaders early in May.

MILITANTS BURN BOATHOUSE

Students of Oxford University Lose Fifty Crafts in Big Conflagration.

London, June 4.—The famous Oxford boathouse and 50 of the shells were destroyed in a fire which is believed to have been set by the suffragettes. Literature of the militants was found scattered all over the premises after the conflagration.

On one of the papers were the words: "A birthday reminder for King George."

Dynamite in Bunko Graft Cases.

San Francisco, June 4.—Forty sticks of dynamite, fuse and a clock mechanism were found Monday cached near the roadhouse at Fairfax, Marin county, owned by Joseph Ballangero, a witness in the bunko graft cases.

Attends Derby Week Levee.

London, June 4.—Walter Hines Page, the new American ambassador, accompanied by Irwin B. Laughlin, secretary of embassy, attended King George's usual Derby week levee at Buckingham palace Monday.

Woman Dies From Injuries.

Norwalk, O., June 3.—In fear that her horse would run away when it kicked through the dashboard, Mrs. Alfred Fisher, Saturday jumped from her buggy here and was so badly injured that she died.

Circular Saw Bisects Man.

Henderson, Ky., June 3.—With his spinal column bisected its whole length by a circular saw, H. W. West a sawmill employe, survived for eight hours Saturday after the accident occurred.

Spanish Cabinet Is Out.

Madrid, June 2.—King Alfonso was tendered the resignation of Count Romanones and his cabinet Friday, the action of the ministry being caused, it is said, by the open hostility of the chamber of deputies.

Flood Rescue Boat Burns.

Cairo, Ill., June 2.—The steamboat Three States burned to the water's edge here Friday. The boat was in service between Cairo, Wickliffe, Ky., and Bird's Point, Mo. It did much rescue work during the floods.

NEED FIVE VOTES FOR MARKET BILL

Governor's Veto of the Measure Stands.

HULL CHAMPIONS HIS BILL

McGovern Is Close on the Heels of Legislators, Having Disposed of Every Act Adopted Excepting One.

Madison.—The assembly lacked five votes of putting the Hull market commission bill over the veto of the governor. Speaker Hull left the chair to champion his bill, claiming it was not in danger of legal infirmities which the governor had pointed out in his veto message. The governor objected to the Hull bill principally on the ground that the appropriation was not made for a public purpose, quoting numerous decisions for mthe Wisconsin and federal supreme courts to substantiate his views. Speaker Hull declared that the primary purpose of his bill was for a public purpose in that it would bring the producer and consumer closer together.

Assemblyman Peavey spoke against the Hull bill, claiming that the appropriation of $2,000 was too small to admit an adequate administration of the law.

Senate Aids Schools.

Two bills offered by Senator Teasdale has been passed by the senate, increasing the state aid to rural schools and providing that high schools may give training courses for teachers. The senate non-concurred in the Don C. Hall bill prohibiting the depositing of deleterious substances in water. It advanced the Pfennig bill fixing heavy penalties for the publishing of deceptive advertisements, and the Nye bill providing that county boards may improve certain trunk roads within a county.

One of the principal bills on the assembly calendar was 1090A, the one day's rest in seven bill, introduced by the committee on labor. Amendment No. 4-A was adopted. This gives to the industrial commission the power to determine whether in special cases where, like waiters in hotels who have many hours of rest daily, it will be necessary to give them one full day's rest in seven. The railroad commission is given similar powers as to street and interurban railway employes.

Fix Railroads' Responsibility.

The True bill 171-S, providing that all railroads in the state shall be responsible for damage to any person or corporation shipping live stock where the damage arises through the negligence of the company, and no prior agreement or valuation between the shipper and the company shall be binding in case the damage results from the negligence of the company, was concurred in and now goes to the governor.

Governor McGovern is close on the heels of the legislature, having disposed of every bill passed with but one exception, and that ready for action.

Of the 451 bills sent to him, he has approved 116 as received, 25 were recalled and nine vetoed. The one bill on the governor's desk undisposed of is on revising and consolidating the statutes relating to jurors in courts of records.

Four Insurance Bills In.

In the senate were introduced four bills covering the L. L. Johnson general insurance bill which was killed in the assembly. The big bill is divided into four parts in the hope that one or more of them will get through. All are likely to pass the senate. The bills were introduced by the special committee on insurance.

Senator Boeshard's bill providing that no barn shall be built within seventy-five feet of a residence, outside the corporate limits of any city or village, was ordered to engrossment and then passed under suspension of the rules, as also was the bill by the committee on corporations authorizing county boards to construct or improve any road or street in any village in the county connecting with improved county highways.

Debate Mothers' Pensions.

Nearly two hours was consumed in the assembly in the debate on the subject of mothers' pensions. Last week the assembly indefinitely postponed a bill offered by Assemblyman Schnitzler of Depere, creating a force under the state board of control to administer the law. The bill called for an appropriation of $100,000. The remaining bill on the calendar on this subject was one introduced by Assemblyman Rosa of Beloit. Under the rules of the house Assemblyman Schnitzler offered a substitute to the Rosa bill, which embodies practically all of the features in the original bill which the assembly has indefinitely postponed. Assemblyman Schnitzler moved the indefinite postponement of the Rosa bill.

The assembly adjourned in the midst of a long written argument by Assemblyman Schnitzler, in which he declared that wherever the Rosa plan of administering the mothers' pension law had been adopted it was found unworkable.

State Fair Site in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee will remain the home of the state fair. This was determined in Madison by the legislative committee appointed to investigate sites. The vote stood six to three, Senators Bichler and Weigel and Assemblyman Conway, Lentz, Gullickson and Everett favoring the present sit and Assemblyman Lamsen and Carpenter favoring the Fox River valley.

Long Controversy Is Ended.

It is expected that the report of the committee will be confirmed without delay.

"This ends a long drawn out controversy," said James P. Keenan, secretary of the Citizens' Business league, when he received word from Madison that Milwaukee was chosen.

"It means the permanent location of the fair, and such permanency means the success of the fair.

Make It Greatest Fair.

"I look to see the legislature make proper appropriation for the many needed improvements and with additional land on either the east or west side of the fair grounds which I am sure Milwaukee county will purchase and devote to this good purpose.

"I look to see the Milwaukee state fair one of the greatest agricultural and industrial exhibitions in this country."

Wood Indorses Varsity Militia.

The plan to include eight companies of the University of Wisconsin battalion in the Wisconsin National guard has received indorsement in a letter from Maj.-Gen. Leonard S. Wood, chief of staff of the United States army.

"As a matter of policy," he writes, "I might say that both the division of militia affairs and myself favor the organization of national guard companies or regiments in colleges with the understanding that they are on the same footing as other organized militia and that they perform their full duty both to the university and to the organized militia."

Gen. Wood inclosed a circular letter sent to college presidents throughout the eastern and central states, the University of Wisconsin being among them, outlining a plan of summer camps of military instruction.

Gift by U. S. Government.

The Wisconsin state forest reserves in the northern lake region have been increased by a gift of about 600 islands from the government. They have been surveyed and the state board of forestry is prepared to lease them. The islands vary from a fraction of an acre to forty acres or more. The yearly rentals range from $10 to $200.

Makes Plea for State Fair.

Declaring that Janesville has particularly good facilities for handling a state fair and its patrons, a big delegation from the bower city and others appeared before the legislative committee on location of the state fair and urged serious consideration of their city. The delegation was headed by James A. Fathers and the claims of Janesville were presented by him. Frank P. Croak, president of the Janesville Twenty-five Thousand club, H. H. Bliss, editor of the Janesville Gazette; M. O. Mouat and Mr. P. Richardson. Representatives of the railroads and the interurban also told of the railroad facilities of Janesville. A letter was read from Secretary Robber of the Rockford Shippers' association, urging the location of the fair in Janesville for the accommodation of the people of northern Illinois. It was inconvenient for such people to go to Milwaukee, he said, and the Illinois state fair was too far away.

The speakers pointed out that Janesville has 116 passenger trains a day besides interurban cars every half hour. It is also on the main line between the two state fairs of Minnesota and Illinois. They declared that Janesville also had large railroad yards sufficient to accommodate more cars than a state fair would bring and that it would be easy to build spur tracks to the fair grounds which are not far from the business section of the city. It was also pointed out that almost any point in the state could be reached within six hours, making it possible for exhibitors and others to come to and return from the fair in one day.

Others in the delegation were J. Q. Bangs, editor of the Janesville Recorder; David Atwood, managing editor of the Janesville Gazette; F. W. Zimmerman, agent of the St. Paul road; Alva Hemmens, agent of the Northwestern road; S. M. Jacobs, Charles Putnam, Thomas S. Nolan, Janesville; W. M. Dockey of Walworth; Fred Gilman of Evansville; Henry Johnson and Royal Waltpress, Edgerton.

Representatives of Beloit, Brodhead, Monroe and Fort Atkinson were also expected to come in behalf of Janesville.

Elks in State Session.

The state convention of the B. P. O. Elks opened in Manitowoc with President John C. Karel of Milwaukee presiding. Delegates from nearly every lodge in the state are present. Menasha and Wausau are rivals for the next meeting.

The sixty-seventh annual session of the Wisconsin grand lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the twenty-eighth annual session of the Rebekah assembly opened in Fond du Lac with 1,000 visitors in attendance.

Natural History Society Elects.

Officers elected at the annual meeting of the Wisconsin Natural History society held in the trustees' room of the public museum, Milwaukee, are: President, Dr. George Barth; vice-president, Dr. P. Bernehl; secretary, John R. Haddle; treasurer, H. B. Beckman; additional director, H. L. Ward. Prof. Henry H. Severin, formerly head of the department of entomology of the college of Hawaii, gave an illustrated lecture on "The Mediterranean and Melon Flies."

State Patents.

Anthon H. Andersen, Spring Valley, lantern; Clark T. Hendersen, assignor to the Cutler-Hammer Manufacturing company, Milwaukee, motor controller (two patents); Joseph Koenig, Two Rivers, flask for liquids; William F. Luick and A. J. Bassett, Milwaukee, assignors to Luick-Bassett Producer company, gas producer; William L. Miller, assignor to Gisholt Machine company, Madison, clutch mechanism; Arthur Polacheck, assignor to Charles Polacheck & Bro. Co., Milwaukee, fixture coupling.

Cheese Makers Organize.

The first formal step in organizing a new state board for the manufacture, grading and sale of cheese was taken when former State Senator Henry Krumrey of Plymouth filed papers incorporating forty local cheese factory companies in Sheboygan and Manitowoc counties. Each of these is to have membership in a federation or central body to be organized later which will be the medium through which the cheese manufactured will be sold.

To Spend $75,000 on Exhibition.

The bill introduced by Assemblyman D. E. Bowe of Ashland county, providing for a representation from Wisconsin at the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco in 1915 was passed by the assembly with the senate amendment As finally passed the bill carries an appropriation of $75,000. Of this $25,000 is to be available this year and the same sum in each of the two succeeding years. This money is to be used in the construction, equipment and maintenance of an exhibit that shall represent this state.

Potato Fund Is Legal.

The $1,000 appropriation made by the legislature to the Wisconsin Potato Growers' association is constitutional, acording to a ruling made by Attorney General Walter Owen.

The constitutionality of the law was raised by the executive office.

In another opinion rendered the attorney general holds that the bill introduced in the legislature by Assemblyman David V. Jennings of Milwaukee, authorizing the common council of any city in the state to abolish any city office, is unconstitutional.

REBELS TAKE CITY

HUNDREDS KILLED IN BATTLE WHICH RESULTS IN CAPTURE OF MATAMORAS, MEX.

FEDERAL LEADER IS SLAIN

Victors Possessed Plans of Fortifications and Under Guidance of Deserter Attacked Vulnerable Points—Victors Made Three Attacks.

Brownsville, Tex., June 5.—Hundreds are believed to have been killed in a battle that raged for 12 hours Tuesday between the rebels under Gen. Lucio Blanco and the federal forces in Matamoras, the northern stronghold of the federal government, and which resulted, after desperate fighting, in the capture of the city in the evening by the rebels.

Much of the fighting was hand to hand. Maj. Estaban Ramos, one of Mexico's noted soldiers, made a heroic defense against terrible odds. His officers capitulated only after their chief had been mortally wounded by a half dozen rebel bullets and lay at the point of death in a hospital in Brownsville.

The dying general heard the shouts of the victors in the streets of the conquered town just before he passed away.

The attack began at 10:30 Tuesday morning, when the constitutionalists under General Blanco advanced in skirmish line. The federals had practically no chances to hold the city, and their resistance throughout the day was called remarkable by American army officers who viewed the assault from this side of the river.

The rebels were in possession of complete plans of the fortifications. A federal deserter showed them where all the mines were laid and named the vulnerable points in the line of defense. Virtually the only defense the handful of federals had was a high barbed wire fence charged with electricity.

The rebels charged this three times, and each time were hurled back. Sixty of their number were electrocuted. Finally they concentrated their assault upon the Matamoras light plant. Major Ramos dispatched Captain Velez, his most trusted aid, with two lieutenants and a picked band of 20 sharpshooters to defend the plant and save the wire fence.

The federals made a gallant defense, but were outnumbered four to one, and Captain Velez, the lieutenants and the squad of soldiers were killed to a man after they had retreated to the very doors of the electrification plant.

The plant fell at three o'clock, and the last hope of the federals went with it. Blanco appealed to Major Ramos to surrender, but the old Mexican fighter scorned the offer and sent the envoys back and ordered a deploy to repulse the attack.

The rebels advanced and, after a heavy fire, the federal band was driven under cover. Cutting their way through the wire fence, now useless as a defense, the rebels swarmed into the town.

Slaughter followed. Retreating from street to street the defenders slowly but surely were driven to bay. Scores of soldiers fled to the river and swam to the American shore, where they surrendered to the flag of the United States.

Not until the defending army had been so completely routed that it was impossible to marshal a squad of 20 fighting men at one place did a junior officer of Ramos' staff raise the white flag on his saber.

Bullets whizzed into Brownsville, where hundreds watched the fortune of the battle across the river. One automobile was wrecked by a shell, but no one was seriously hurt.

MEAT SUPPLY GROWS SHORT

For First Time in History of Nation Imports of Animals Exceeded Exports in 1912.

Washington, June 5.—The department of agriculture issued a bulletin Tuesday warning the nation that the supply of meat in the United States is getting shorter every year.

In the year of 1912, for the first time in the history of this country, the imports of animals and animal products exceeded the exports. In 1907 the number of beef cattle in the United States was 51,566,000, while at the beginning of the present year it was only 36,030,000. The same statement was made before Secretary Wilson went out of office, one of the reasons ascribed being the preference of the western ranchmen to grow crops instead of cattle.

A year ago the average price of native steers on the Chicago market was $7.95, as against $6.50 in 1911.

Turks Are Leaving Europe.

Constantinople, June 5.—Turkey Tuesday begun the evacuation of the 60,000 square miles of territory she lost to the Balkan allies. A dozen transports left Rodosto on the Sea of Marmora bearing Turkish troops.

Important Decision Rendered.

Washington, June 5.—A decision carrying an award of $82,604.84 was rendered Tuesday by the United States court of claims in favor of the Chicago & Alton railroad company in the "mail weighing" case.

Is Largest Lake Vessel.

Fort William, Ont., June 5.—The steamer Noronic, the largest passenger boat on the great lakes, was launched at the Western Dry Dock Yards here Tuesday in the presence of several thousand people.

Flowers for Soldier Dead.

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 5.—The graves of southern soldiers who fell at Chickamauga, and in the battle around Chattanooga were strewn with flowers during the southern memorial day exercises Tuesday.

Unionist Ammunition Seized.

Belfast, Ireland, June 5.—A large quantity of arms and ammunition, alleged to have been collected by Unionists who are opposed to home rule for Ireland, was seized here Tuesday by the constabulary.

Senate Body Favors Caminetti.

Washington, June 5.—The nomination of A. Caminetti of California to be commissioner general of immigration was Tuesday ordered favorably reported by the senate committee on immigration.

Honors Commoner's Editor.

Washington, June 5.—Richard L. Metcalfe of Lincoln, Neb., editor of the "Commoner," was Tuesday selected by President Wilson to be the civil governor of the Panama Canal Zone.

WISCONSIN BREVITIES

La Crosse.—The safe in the postoffice at Victory, a small town on the Burlington road thirty miles from here, was dynamited by yeggmen and $200 in stamps and a small amount in coin was secured. The robbery was not discovered until the office was opened in the morning. It is believed the robbers escaped in a motor boat or rowboat, for no trains stop at Victory in the night.

Green Bay.—Two girls scaled the 15-foot wall around the Good Shepherd's home here and escaped. They walked to Clifton, spending a day and night on the road without food, and were overtaken by the Brown county sheriff. They were whizzed back home in an automobile.

Janesville.—Dr. J. W. McLoughlin, a well-known Presbyterian divine, and for eight years local pastor, resigned owing to difficulties with the church trustees. He formerly had a charge in Chicago.

Oconomowoc.—Governor McGovern was at Delafield in connection with locating the site of the Cushing memorial monument. The governor, with the local committee, went over several sites, and approved that of the Alden farm, the birthplace of the Cushing brothers.

Waukesha.—The twelfth annual meeting of the Association of Trustees, Superintendents and Matrons of County Asylums for the Insane of Wisconsin will take place here June 10, 11 and 12.

Marinette.—Supposedly while suffering an epileptic fit John Dennings, aged thirty-seven, of Green Bay fell overboard from the steamer Nettie Denessen at the Spies Thompson company's dock in Menominee, Mich., this afternoon and drowned. He was engineer on the boat.

Madison.—The state's coffers held $2,587,907.16 in all funds on June 1, as compared with $3,352,039.74 May 1. The amount in the general fund is $1,377,725.97, as compared with $2,090,632.63 a month ago.

Menasha.—The program for the G. A. R. department encampment at Neenah and Menasha June 9 to 11 includes addresses by the commander-in-chief and others and the presentation to Menasha and Neenah high school each a silk flag.

Madison.—Two hundred and twenty-five Wisconsin veterans of the battle of Gettysburg have accepted the state's offer to attend the semi-centennial anniversary celebration on the old battleground early in July.

Marinette.—To the fact that 15 fellow lodge members of the Odd Fellows gave patches of skin for a grafting operation, William Bowman of Crystal Falls, Mich., owes his life. Bowman was working last winter as an engineer of a logging locomotive for the Sawyer-Goodman company of Marinette. In a wreck of the engine and several cars he was frightfully burned by escaping steam. Physicians decided that a skin grafting operation was the only hope of saving his life. So much skin was needed that the physicians despaired of getting enough. It was then that fellow lodge members came forward and made the sacrifice which ended in Bowman's complete recovery.

Green Bay.—Earl Knowlton, nineteen years old, has a hydroaeroplane that he is trying out at Bay View beach. Knowlton has already made a couple of flights with success, he claims, but he did not get up into the air to any great distance. The machine was built by Knowlton in 1912 and during the winter months he converts it into a machine that will be able to travel on water.

Lake Geneva.—Miss Emma Olson, her brother, Eric, and Charles Strand, all of Chicago, were drowned by the swamping of a rowboat, in which they were riding. Miss Helen Rohrs, who was also in the boat, clung to an oar and was rescued.

New Richmond.—W. F. Meyer of St. Paul, Omaha freight conductor, whom the coroner's jury held responsible for the head-on collision with an Omaha passenger train at Baldwin, in which two lives were lost, has been held to trial in the circuit court on a charge of manslaughter by County Judge Arnquist.

Fond du Lac—Dr. J. J. Connell was awarded $5,500 damages by a jury in circuit court here. The verdict is sequel to a slander suit which Dr. Connell brought against Dr. J. W. Ehmer at Lomira. Reports detrimental were spread two years ago by the defendant, it was alleged.

Milwaukee.—Four Chicago men were rescued in a small boat more than two miles from the shore of Lake Michigan, drifting steadily out toward midlake, after four hours of anxiety through their inability to signal shore. The men were Henry Olson, Carl Corthas, Albert Atisker and Thomas Cassidy, who say they are traveling salesmen. They lost one of their oars and drifted aimlessly for many hours before they hoisted a shirt on the remaining oar. The life saving crew finally saw this signal. The men broke down for joy when rescued.

Marinette.—A calf with three heads was born on the farm of Fred Gardner of Stephenson, Mich. Two of the heads were on the end of the neck, but the third was at the end of the backbone and faced to the rear. All of the heads were perfectly formed. The calf lived but a short time. Gardner will have the freak preserved. A chicken with five legs was hatched on the farm of Albert Nelson, living six miles from Marinette, and lived for three days. One pair of legs was in normal position, but the others were on the chicken's back.

Appleton.—Harold W. Nevel of Waupun, aged twenty-two, Lawrence graduate who had just entered business in Appleton, drowned on Little Lake Butte des Mortes. Lloyd Clevinger, who was with him in the water for 40 minutes, was saved. Nevel's last words were: "Save yourself if you can, I am not afraid to go."

Wausau.—There is a great demand for laborers in this city. It is estimated that 500 men with some experience in mills and factories could find employment at good wages.

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Fruit and truck farms close to Grand Rapids for sale or owner will take home in city as part payment. Also have clay loam 120 improved farm to trade for city residence.

$1800 to loan in small or large amounts at 6 per cent on good real estate security.

A few settings of eggs, at one-half regular price, from my prize winning Minorcas. If you want the best of layers, large eggs, and fine eating, try a setting.

Should be pleased to write your Fire or Tornado Insurance.

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All kinds of repair work done at reasonable prices.

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LOCAL ITEMS.

W. A. Owen is in Neenah attending the G. A. R. encampment.

Judge Salter of Colby, transacted business in the city on Monday.

Leslie Hougen was a business visitor in Milwaukee on Monday.

Miss Mary Mulroy submitted to an operaton on her throat on Tuesday.

Mrs. S. N. Whittlesey of Cranmoor was in the city shopping on Monday.

—Bargain prices prevail at Daly's theatre. All seats 10c.

J. J. Emmerick of Cranmoor was a business visitor in the city on Monday.

Prof. Herman Kell and Mrs. Dietz are engaged in taking the school census.

E. E. Topham of Dancy was in the city on Tuesday to attend the stock fair.

Mrs. C. A. Boorman and son Carol are visiting with relatives in Madison this week.

Russell Hanson left for Merrill on Monday to look after some work for the Rood Construction Co.

Fred Babcock of Wausau was a guest at the home of his sister, Mrs. Guy Getts over Sunday.

—Friday night, amateur night at Daly's theatre. 3 big cash prizes. Call at Daly's drug store for particulars.

The Milwaukee Journal says it is not a democratic party paper. Who in thunder ever accused it of being one?

Frank Frisbie of Pine River spent several days in the city the past week visiting at the Archie McMillan home.

Next Sunday morning and evening Rev. Henry R. Heise of New England, N. D., will occupy the pulpit of the First Moravian church.

Misses Nettie Kluge, Ida Hammer and Clara Carlson returned on Friday from Chicago where they spent several days sight seeing.

—Why does Lucky Sam outsell all other 5c cigars? Because it is really a 10c cigar sold for 5c.—4t. Ad.

Mrs. Nettie Will, of Eau Claire, who has been visiting with her parents Mr. nd Mrs. A. L. Akey at Biron returned to her home Saturday.

Joe Fitch of Cranmoor, secretary of the Wisconsin Cranberry, Growers Association, has returned from a two weeks trip to Massachusetts.

Mrs. H. F. Podawiltz and daughter, Mrs. James Bogie, departed on Monday for a weeks visit with her son, Arthur Podawiltz at Eau Claire.

Miss Beryl Thompson, who has been teaching at Bowablik, Minn., the past season, is home to spend the vacation with her father, J. S. Thompson.

Miss Agnes Mulroy, who is studying for trained nurse at St. Marys hospital Milwaukee, is home for a two weeks visit with her father, Patrick Mulroy.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Carlson of Sparta arrived in the city on Monday evening to attend the wedding of his sister, Miss, to Daniel E. Hansen, on Tuesday.

Mrs. George L. Williams departed on Tuesday for Thief River Falls, Minn., where she will spend several weeks visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. M. Arpin.

The annual Children's Day services were held at the Congregational church on Sunday evening and a large congregation was present to see what the young people had to offer.

Nic Cross has resigned his position at the Dixon House Buffet and leaves this week for an extended trip thru the west and Canada. If Mr. Gross finds the west to his liking he intends to move out there.

Messrs. J. R. Ragan, Ferdinand Link Frank Kubisiak, and John. Nash of Nekoosa departed on Monday in the Link auto for Eau Claire to attend the state convention of Catholic Foresters.

—Why does Lucky Sam outsell all other 5c cigars? Because it is really a 10c cigar sold for 5c.—4t. Ad.

The J. B. Arpin and Nic Rolland families departed on Monday in their autos for Appleton where they will visit for some time at the home of their parents, Mr and Mrs. Wolland.

E. J. Akey, a former Grand Rapids resident, spent the past week in the city visiting with relatives and friends. Mr. Akey is at present employed by the LaFerla Land Syndicate of Des Moines, Iowa.

Oscar Crotteau, the genial clothing salesman at the Johnson & Hill Co.'s store, purchased the 40 acre farm in the town of Rudolph known as the Provost farm. Oscar was born and raised in the town of Rudolph and while he does not intend to go farming at present, some day he might locate out there.

—The Haines-Greenfield Stock Co. playing a summer engagement of 5 weeks at Daly's theatre, are playing to packed houses and are pleasing their patrons. They change plays 3 times a week. If you have not seen this excellent play, you arey certainl missing one of the treats of the season. All seats are ten cents.

Quite heavy frosts visited this section on Saturday and Sunday nights and the result was that large patches of potatoes were quite badly frozen in some places. It is probable these will grow up again but the setback will make them considerably later than they would otherwise have been. While the weather so far this spring has been unusually cool, still most of the winter grains present a fine appearance.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Newman of Sartell, Minn., spent several days in the city the past week visiting with friends and relatives, while on their way to Plover for an extended visit. Mr. Newman is recuperating from a severe attack of rheumatism which confined him to his bed for two months Mr. Newman, since leaving here several years ago has been employed as electrician in the paper mill at Sartell.

Appleton Post:—Otto R. Roenius of Grand Rapids, president of the Grand Rapids Foundry company, was in the city yesterday, having stopped off here purposely to see the new Elks building. Mr. Roenius declares that Grand Rapids Elks, although they are only 160 in number, are contemplating building a home. He was greatly impressed with the Appleton club house, but says it is too large and elaborate for a lodge the size of the one at Grand Rapids.

An effort has been made during the past week to rejuvenate or reorganize the brass band in this city so as to give concerts during the ensuing summer, but the former members of the organization do not seem to take a great deal of interest in the matter. No doubt if the services of a good director were secured, one who had some organizing ability, the boys could be gotten into line again in short order, but when the work falls onto some local man who has other business to attend to, it is rather a difficult matter to do anything.

—Daly's theatre every night 10c. A new play three times a week. All seats 10c.

George Monier returned the past week from an extended visit in the west.

John Hammer came down from Vesper Saturday to spend Sunday with his parents in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Redford visited over Sunday at Wautoma with Mrs. Redford's people.

John White, editor of the Marshfield Herald, was a business visitor in the city on Saturday.

—Why does Lucky Sam outsell all other 5c cigars? Because it is really a 10c cigar sold for 5c.—4t. Ad.

Huntington & Lessig sold Ford roadsters to Dr. D. Waters and Frank Kraemer the past week.

Mrs. E. J. Clark and children are visiting with relatives in Pipestone, Minn., for several weeks.

Mrs. Chas. Laramie and children departed on Monday for a weeks visit with relatives in Marshfield.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Arpin and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Miller autoed to Hancock and return on Sunday.

Frank Nick of Los Angeles, California, is spending several days in the city visiting with Raymond Sutor.

James Gaynor and Ed Kruger of Cranmoor were in the city on Monday looking after some business matters.

—The Haines-Greenfield Stock Co. every night at Daly's theatre. All seats 10c.

Ray Starr has resigned his position as ticket agent at the St. Paul depot. His position has been filled by Leonard Bender.

Emiel Oestrich has returned from Edgar where he spent several weeks purchasing potatoes for the L. Starks Co.

Mrs. Frank Grant and Mrs. A. L. White have gone to Chicago and Waukegan to visit relatives for a couple of weeks.

Miss Bessie Farrish returned Friday from Menomonie where she has been attending the Stout institute the past school year.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Bogoger and Mrs. Chas. Geiger spent Sunday at Stevens Point visiting with relatives and friends.

W. E. Ule of Stevens Point has taken the contract to rebuild the paper mill at Oconto Falls. Work will be commenced at once.

Harry Abrams, who has been employed at Biron for some time past, has moved to Mosinee where he has accepted a position in the paper mill.

Mrs. Wm. Witte and daughter Mayme returned on Thursday from a two weeks visit with relatives and friends in St. Cloud and Minneapolis.

The remains of Charles Mans who was drowned at Birin, were found last Wednesday afternoon about a mile below the dam, near the Sweeney place.

Will Zimmerman, one of the hustling young farmers of the town of Rudolph called at this office on Thursday to advance his subscription to the Tribune for another year.

Mrs. E. S. Renne and son Lynn returned on Sunday from Shawano where they spent a week visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Harry Sanderson.

"Lefty" Letson of Radisson, who pitched some fine ball for the local team last summer, later finishing up the season with Appleton has been signed by Stevens Point.

P. O. Peterson of Vesper was among the business callers at the Tribune office on Tuesday. Mr. Peterson is engaged in doing some grading for the new state roads which are being built in this county.

—Let no one mislead you. Remember Barker's Remedy will strengthen and build up a weak and run down system. It will cure and prevent catarrh, colds, and rheumatism. Guaranteed. Johnson & Hill Co.

The commencement exercises at SS. Peter and Paul school were held last Wednesday, Bishop Schwebach of La-Crosse being here to assist Rev. Redling on that day. Nineteen were graduated from the school this year.

Rev. C. A. Meilicke left on Tuesday evening for Utica, New York, where he will preach on the 15th, and from there will go to Nazareth, Pa., to attend the Moravian Synod. He expects to be absent about three weeks.

Ira Cooley left last week for New London, where he has purchased the New London Republican. Mr. Cooley has had many years experience in the newspaper business and there is no reason why he should not make a success of the proposition over there.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt Derrick, who moved back here several weeks ago, from Milwaukee have rented the Burt Austin home on the Rudolph road for one year. During the meantime they will build a home on their five acre tract just north of the Austin home.

Geo. W. Davis was taken to the River Pines sanitarium near Stevens Point on Monday for treatment, his case having developed into tuberculosis of the throat. Mr. Davis' many friends here hope to hear of an improvement in his health under the new treatment.

The members of the Merchants and Manufacturers Association passed thru this city on their special train last Wednesday afternoon, transferring from the Northwestern to the Green Bay road, and going to Stevens Point, where they made a stop. They did not stop here this year, as they visited us last season.

M. E. Carter, who has bees employed in the Chambers Creamery in this city for several years past, has gone into business for himself, having purchased the Warren Creamery near Junction City. Mr. Carter is a first class workman and there is no question but what he will succeed in his new location.

One of the city police is now kept stationed at the intersection of Vine and Second Streets and is supposed to keep passing teams and automobiles on the proper side of the street and also to prevent vehicles from stopping between Second street and the end of the bridge. This is a good thing and will have a tendency to reduce the liability of accident at this corner, where the traffic is always heavy.

The paper makers in this section hav receivd notice to the effect that all men employed by the Watab Paper company of Sartell, Minn., are on a strike for an eight hour day to take the place of the 11 and 13 hour shifts heretofore in vogue there. The notice also advises all paper and pulp workers to keep away from Watab until the difficulty s settled.

George Forrand was quite severely burned on Friday evening when a can of wood alcohol caught fire, the burns being on his left hand, arm and the side of his face. He was engaged in filling the lamp in his pop corn wagon when the accident occurred. Everything considered, he was lucky to get the fire extinguished before any greater damage was done, altho it will be some time before he entirely recovers.

Miss Doris Jeffers is visiting with relatives in Wild Rose.

V. D. Simons of Cornell, transacted business in the city on Monday.

W. H. Getts and Patrick Mulroy are in Neenah attending the annual state convention of the G. A. R.

Mrs. Frank Babcock and children of Minneapolis are guests at the home of her sister, Mrs. Guy Getts for a month.

Harry Hagerstrom, who is employed as brakeman on the Soo Ry., is home to spend several weeks vacation with his parents.

Miss Leonora Tornton, 760 North 8th street, who has been quite sick with the measles, is now on the rapid road to recovery.

Mrs. W. C. Howland and son Verne of the town of Grand Rapids, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. T. Nixon last Friday night.

Miss Blossom Skinner, who recently fell down a long flight of stairs at her home, is suffering no ill effects from her accident, except a few minor bruises and an ever present stiffness.

Anthony Looze, who is attending the St. Louis University where he is studying medicine, arrived home on Saturday to spend the summer with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Looze.

The work of macadamizing Grand Avenue between First Avenue and the bridge was commenced on Tuesday morning and it is expected that this part of the work will be completed within a short time.

Charlie Hill, the popular painstaking and obliging rural substitute at the city postoffice, is carrying mail on R. F. D. No. 1 for a few days in place of George Forrand who was recently painfully burned in a lamp explosion.

Miss Irma Johnson, who is attending Notre Dame at Baltimore, is home to spend her vacation. Miss Bernice who is teaching physical training at the state Normal at Emporia, Kansas, is also home to spend her vacation with her mother, Mrs. Nels Johnson.

Miss Minnie Getts, who has been visiting the past two months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Getts, leaves on Friday for a brief visit in Milwaukee, Chicago and Crescent, Iowa, returning from there to Spokane, Washington.

Henry Goggins of Stockton, Cal., who has been visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Goggins the past two weeks, departed on Monday for the southern part of the state where he will visit several days before returning to his home.

Mrs. Clare Haskell, nee Beulah Marceau, arrived in the city last week to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Marceau. Miss Marceau and Mr. Haskell were married in Minneapolis last winter, but failed to notify their friends here of the fact, so that it was quite a surprise. Mrs. Haskell has been teaching at Ontario during the past winter.

—The Equitable Creamery Co. of Vesper, Wis., will pay two cents above Elgin for butter fat delivered at Vesper. Cream to test 30 per cent or more, to be in good condition, and to be shipped Tuesdays and Fridays of each week. We will also pay ½ cent above Elgin for cream collected by our teams on the routes. This creamery is strictly co-operative being owned entirely by farmers. O. J. Leu,

To Whom it May Concern.

There is a colony of Swedes in the city of Grand Rapids who are in great need of a church. The Swedes have helped to bring the country around Grand Rapids under cultivation. Some of them want to retire and settle down in this city providing they find such church facilities here as they can find in other cities. Several families have located here now and others are contemplating to move here in the near future. Those who are born in the old country, Sweden or Finland, prefer to hear the word of God in their mother tongue and their children brought up here in this country, will for some time keep up Swedish as their church language. The transition must be gradual and normal.

The Swedes are considered a good acquisition to any city. They have been a power for good in all the cities where they have colonized.

Years ago a little congregation was organized here in the city, and a property was secured for church purpose. A part of the living house on the lot purchased has been used as a chapel, but is is entirely too inadequate now since the attendance has increased.

It might be said that there are too many churches in Grand Rapids already, but is would be better to say that there are too many places dedicated to sin and vice. And furthermore, suppose that everyone in Grand Rapids should attend church on the Lord's Day, would the churches in the city have seating capacity for all? There are not too many ministers, I am sure. The Congregational minister might be able to care for all the members of the Methodist, the Congregational and the Baptist churches, and so perhaps the Methodist minister might be able to care for the Congregational, the Methodist and the Baptist communicants, but the Congregationalists would not turn Methodists or Baptists, nor would the Baptists or Methodists turn Congregationalists in order to eliminate one or two churches and thus decrease the cost of labor. It is better that each one go ahead with the good work and that the stronger carry the burden of the weak, than to waste one word about such unifaction, because it would create more harm than good. There is a greater, more true union in this that we are all brethern and that we have one Lord.

It would be quite impossible for an English speaking minister of whatever denomination he might be to to labor satisfactorily among the Scandinavians or Germans in this vicinity. The Norwegian and German pastors have all they can do in several scattered congregations and so has the Swedish pastor in his corner of the Lord's vineyard, and they are each specially adapted for this work among their own people.

The little Swedish congregation in Grand Rapids helps to support a minister in the field. Without this support it would be impossible to keep a minister. And Grand Rapids is the logical center from which he can reach neighboring colonies.

There is a possibility that in a few years from hence there will be a large congregation of Swedes here in Grand Rapids. All depends on how we succeed in our church work. Will you be one of them who in after years would say, "I invited the Swedes here by giving a large contribution toward their church building, and I am glad of it?"

Dear friend, come to our assistance now. Help those who have labored so hard to increase the value of land in this neighborhood and who are now bodily tired and want to retire. Help them to obtain that spiritual comfort in their old age which they long for, so that they may feel at home in Grand Rapids.

On behalf of the Swedish Zion church,

Julius A. Nordling, Pastor.

Council Proceedings.

Council Chamber, June 3rd, 1913.

Council met in regular session Mayor Cohen presiding.

Present, Aldermen Bamberg, Ketchum, Gaulke, McCarthy Edw. Getzlaff, Plenke, Lukaseski, Yeschke, Prebbanow, Wittrock, Damon, Tomsyck, Grain and Jeffrey. Absent, Aldermen Davis and McCarthy E. T.

On motion the reading of the minutes of the last meeting of the council were dispensed with.

The committee on general business reported on the petition of W. E. Mongan and others for a street lamp at the corner of Sixth and Arbor streets recommending that the petition be granted.

On motion the report was adopted by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The sidewalk committee reported on the petition of J. R. Ragan and others for a crossing over 8th street north so as to connect the sidewalk on the south side of Washington Ave. with the sidewalk on the west side of 8th Street North recommending that the petition be granted.

On motion the report was adopted by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The street committee reported on the petition of Chas. E. Briere and F. G. Gilkey for a street in Section 12, T. 22, R. 5 E. recommending that the city engineer and superintendent of public works be instructed to find what the cost of the street would be.

On motion the report was accepted and petition referred to Engineer Phillco and Supt. Schuman with instructions to find what the street would cost.

The report of Supt. of Public Work Schuman was presented and on motion accepted and ordered placed on file.

Health Officer Pomainville reported on the complaint against Mr. Lynn's barn stating that he had examined the premises and found the barn and out buildings in a very cleanly and sanitary condition and that if complaint had been made regarding the sanitary conditions it was unjust and unreasonable.

On motion the report was accepted and ordered placed on file.

The street committee reported on the petition of T. A. Taylor and others praying your honorable body to vacate that part of First Avenue south lying within Lyon Park addition recommending that the petition be denied.

On motion the report was accepted and petition denied.

The committee that was appointed at the last meeting of the council to meet with the Electric & Water Co., to ascertain if any compromise could be made with said company with regard to price etc., reported that they met with said Electric Company and after much discussion were unable to do anything in said matter.

On motion the report was accepted and ordered placed on file.

Moved and seconded that the city pay Geo. W. Baker $3025 00 for the westerly 20 feet off the entire end of lots 2 and 3, Neeve's First and Second addition to the city of Grand Rapids.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The board of public works reported that at their meeting this forenoon all bids for paving had been rejected.

On motion the report was accepted by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll and the clerk instructed to readvertise for bids for paving, bids to be opened June 27th, 1913, at two o'clock in the afternoon. The board of public works reported that they received a bid of $170.00 from M. C. Jacobson for the McCarthy building.

Moved and seconded that the bid of $170.00 from M. C. Jacobson for the McCarthy building be accepted and that the building be removed within twenty days.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The board of public works reported that at their meeting this forenoon the bid of G. O. Weeks on the 9th street sewer was the lowest.

Moved and seconded that G. O. Weeks be awarded the 9th street sewer job and that the work be under strict inspection of the Supt. of Public Works.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The Board of Public Works reported that the bid of W. T. Jones was the lowest on the Chestnut street sewer.

Moved and seconded that W. T. Jones be awarded the Chestnut sewer job and that the work be under strict inspection of the Supt. of Public Works.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the Clerk calling the roll.

Moved and seconded that the board of review be the same members as last year which were the Mayor, Clerk, City Attorney, Supervisor McCamley, Alderman Jeffrey and Ketchum.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The Mayor appointed alderman Gettzloff, Edw. F. McCarthy and Pribbanow, a committee for the purpose of considering applications for liquor sellers licenses and pharmacists permits.

There was a petition presented signed by N. Tomsyck and six others praying your honorable body to construct a sewer and watermain on 7th Ave. South from the intersection of 7th Avenue south with Grand Ave. in a southerly direction a distance about three blocks.

On motion the petition was referred to the sewer and waterworks committees.

There was a petition presented with eleven signers for a street light at the intersection of 7th and Wisconsin streets.

On motion the petition was referred to the committee on general business.

There was a petition presented with fifteen signers for an arc light at the intersection of 9th and Wisconsin streets.

On motion the petition was referred to the committee on general business.

There was a petition presented signed by James A. Bogie and five others praying your honorable body to cause to be constructed a standard side walk along the east side of 10th street north between Oak and Baker streets.

On motion the petition was referred to the sidewalk committee.

On motion by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll the following bills were allowed.

Wisconsin Granite Co., crushed stone	161 87
H. Shannon Co., blacksmith kit	46 27
Northwestern stamp works, dog tags	6 50
Wood County Tel. Co., May service	21 50
E. W. Ellis Lbr. Co., land wood	3 00
Wood County Post G. A. R. No. 22, Decoration Day expense	39 44
J. H. Linderman, witness fees	4 50
Geo. P. Hambrecht, extra service	49 00
Kellogg Bros. Lbr. Co., lumber and cement	84 98
G. R. Foundry Co., casting etc	118 71
Griesbach & Keip, blacksmithing	12 70
W. A. Marling Lbr. Co., lumber and cement	96 05
J. E. Farley, sewer pipe	11 69
Bossert Coal Co., cement walk	90 00
Bossert Coal Co., coal	35 55
Rasmussen Cement Co., cement work	98 95
Frank Pomainville, medical inspection of city schools	300 90
Anton Anderson, burying dog	1 00
Electric & Water Co., lights	301 14
Fritsingers Insurance agency, premuim on insurance	22 00
J. D. Smith, hardware	24 97
E. E. Ames recording deeds	1 25
Anderson Carriage Works, repairing hose wagon	46 15
J. D. Gibson, R. R. fare Frank Lee to Chicago	5 88
Henry Goldberg, sprinkling	10 00
Wm. Goldberg, sprinkling 3rd street south	5 00 00
H. A. Benjamin, copying	16 70
E. L. Phillco, May service	103 50
Wisconsin Valley Leader, printing	68 00
C. & N. W. Ry. Co., freight	98 20
C. M. & St. P. Ry. Co., freight	2 30
Blackmer & Post Pipe Co., sewer pipe	103 91
Blackmer & Post Pipe Co., sewer pipe	11 47
Labor waterworks	158 91
Badger Meter Co., waterworks supplies	2 17
Windsor Mfg. Co., waterworks supplies	48 14
H. Mueller Mfg. Co., waterworks supplies	4 85
Buffalo Meter Co., waterworks supplies	3 74
National Meter Co., waterworks supplies	10
G. R. Foundry Co., waterworks supplies	2 12
John J. Jung, waterworks supplies	3 35
Geo. Waterman, drayage	1 15
C. A. Phillco, drayage	2 60
Wm. Burchell, drayage	1 50
F. Lamberton, drayage	60
Electric & Water Co., pumping	259 20
Labor 17th Ave. sewer	304 18
Labor 17th Ave. sewer	106 60
Labor city at large	644 40
Labor city at large	680 70
Labor Oak St. watermain between 14th and 16th St.	29 00
Labor Oak St. watermain between 14th and 16th St.	107 50
Labor sewer on 10th St.	101 81
Labor waterworks testing for water	4 00
Labor waterworks 17th Ave.	7 72

On motion the bill of Geo. H. Kiley was referred to the city attorney.

Moved and seconded that the contract for re-roofing the east side pumping station be awarded to H. M. Beimler for $70.00 as per his bid.

Motion carried by a vote of eleven for and three against the clerk calling the roll.

The city treasurer's reports for the month of May were presented and ordered filed and spread upon the minutes.

Grand Rapids, Wis.,
June 3, 1913.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids.

Gentlemen:—I herewith submit the report of my office for the month of May.

May 1, balance in Bank	$13,822 63
May 7, rec'd First National Bank interest	6 24
Total	$13,828 87
Orders paid by Bank	2,058 24
May 8, balance	$11,770 63
May 8, transferred to Citizen's Nat'l. Bank	$11,770 63
May 9, rec'd M. G. Gordon, license to John Bros. selling notions on street	5 00
May 20, rec'd Grand Rapids St. R. R. Co. street paving	476 35
June 2, rec'd Citizens' Nat'l. Bank interest	16 41
Total	$12,268 99
Orders paid by Bank	2,025 70
Balance in Bank	$ 9242 69

Respectfully submitted,
JOE WEHR, JR.,
City Treasurer.
Grand Rapids, Wis.
June 3, 1913.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids.

Gentlemen:—I herewith submit the report of water tax collected during May, 1913.

May 1, balance in Bank	$520 30
Orders paid by Bank	505 28
Balance	$ 15 17
May 8, transferred Citizens' Nat'l. Bank	$ 15 11
Water tax collected	903 39
June 2, rec'd Citizens Nat'l. Bank interest	26
Total	$923 67
Orders paid by Bank	$841 14
Balance in Bank	$ 82 53

Respectfully submitted,
JOE WHEIR, JR.
City Treasurer.

On motion council adjourned until June 27th at 8 o'clock p. m.

M. G. GORDON, Clerk. J. A. COHEN, Mayor.

Your Disease is Traced to the Spine.



Pinched nerves are the real cause of disease, wherever your trouble may be. We know that nerves supply life and motion to every organ of the body. The nerves come down thru the spinal column and pass inside the holes between the bones of the back like the one marked "SECOND OPENING" and the great trunk nerve that goes through it is squeezed to a third or quarter its normal size. Do you wonder that the part of you supplied by that nerve gets out of order?

You don't notice the falls, jars, wrenches which throws these bone pieces out of line, but the local effects may make life a burden to you. You call them "Diseases" but the cause is the same for all; tho at different places along the spine.

Your remedy is simple and certain—remove the deadly nerve pressure,—you remove the cause of your sickness or disability and relieved Nature does the rest. Simple isn't it?

The following is a partial list of some of the diseases which are caused by a complete or part paralysis of the nerves governing them. The only means of PERMANENTLY removing the same being Chiropractic Adjustments.

Rheumatism, Catarrh, Female Diseases, Indigestion, Constipation, Asthma, Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Diabetes, Lumbago, Gall Stones, Gravel, Goitre, St. Vitus Dance, Paralysis, Headaches, Backache, Nervousness, Deafness, Appendicitis, Neuralgia, Billiousness, Anemia, Rickets, Dizziness, Epilepsy, Fits, Etc.

ASTHMA

To Whom it May Concern:—I have been a sufferer with Asthma for (18) eighteen years. Since taking a course of adjustments from F. T. Hoff, the Chiropractor, I have been entirely rid of the Asthma for which I had up to the time I called on Dr. Hoff found little or no relief. Very Truly Yours—Walther Covey, Grand Rapids, Wis.

I use no Drugs, no Surgery, no Osteopathy, but a science that stands out alone and is peculiar in itself, which says your nerves must be free from pressure or you cannot remain well. Chiropractic is the only way out.

No matter what your Disease, Investigate this wonderful science. Call on me TO-DAY; lets talk it over and get at the ROOT and CAUSE of your trouble.

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE.

F. T. HOFF,

CHIROPRACTOR

Office over Daly's Drug Store Rooms 8-9. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Phone 599.

Nash Grocery Co.

Call your attention to the following goods, all guaranteed, at money saving prices:

21 pounds Granulated Cane Sugar for	$1.00
4 packages fresh Corn Flakes for	25c
3 cans Oil Sardines for	10c
3 boxes White Tip Matches for	10c
1 pound Good 25c Coffee for	22c
1 large can Pork and Beans for	10c
6 pounds strictly fresh Oatmeal for	17c
3 pounds strictly fresh Crackers for	18c
3 pounds strictly fresh Ginger Snaps for	18c

FREE! FREE! One package Chums free with every sack of Flour purchased during this sale.

Hot weather is here and we are well supplied with Grape Juice, Pineapple Juice, Lemons, Etc. A good supply of all Fruits, in season, for canning will be on hand at the best prices.

Last But Not Least, we are enclosing you one of our sales slips, calling your attention to how you can save three and one-third per cent on every dollar spent. Do not pass this up as it is for your benefit. **Remember the Dates, June 9 to 14 inclusive.** Call up 550 for Fresh Vegetables daily.

Nash Grocery Co.

West Side, - - - - - Grand Rapids, Wis.

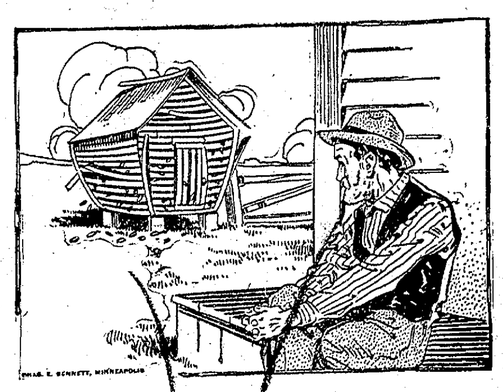


It is certainly not a comfortable feeling to know that if burglars or fire should invade your home, they could so easily find your money. Our bank has vaults for taking care of your money. It was built for that purpose, with strong locks and thick walls. Why not put your money in the bank and have PEACE OF MIND, and that secure feeling of knowing that it is in safe hands.

Do YOUR banking with US. We pay 3 per cent interest compounded semi-annually.

Bank of Grand Rapids,

WEST SIDE



Can't Stand the Pressure

No use sitting around thinking about it. Your old corn cribs simply won't stand the pressure any longer. You've put it off too long already. A new crib you must have, and you might as well make up your mind right now that you've got to build—and that mighty soon.

We call your attention to cribs this week because we have a particularly fine stock of bone-dry cribbing material on which we are making very attractive prices.

Don't wait any longer, but make it a point to call and see us the next time you're in town. You'll find our prices on all lumber very satisfactory.

W. A. MARLING LUMBER CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

Grand Rapids Tribune
DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers
GRAND RAPIDS - WISCONSIN

GOVERNOR NAMES SEVEN OFFICIALS

LIST OF REAPPOINTMENTS IS SENT TO THE SENATE FOR CONFIRMATION.

EMERY AND KUOLT CHOSEN

State Veterinarian Eliason Is Also Chosen for Another Term—Senate Takes Slap at Governor for His Message on Recess Plan.

Madison.—Gov. McGovern has sent to the senate the following reappointments for confirmation:

A. E. Kuolt, Kenosha, to be commissioner of banking, term ending May 15, 1918.

J. Q. Emery, Albion, to be dairy and food commissioner, term ending in February, 1915.

O. H. Eliason, Omro, to be state veterinarian, term ending in January, 1915.

Louis P. Mayer, Milwaukee, to be supervisor of inspectors of illuminating oils, term ending April 1, 1915.

Miss Katherine Williams, Milwaukee, to be member of the board of control, term ending in April, 1917.

J. B. Lewis, Friendship, to be member of the board of control, term ending in 1915.

W. H. Graebner, Milwaukee, to be member of the board of control, term ending in 1918.

Senate Rebukes McGovern.

The senate has delivered its answer to Gov. McGovern's recent message urging defeat of the recess plan. A resolution introduced by Senator Scott and adopted by a vote of 22 to 8 is interpreted as hurling defiance in the face of the executive. It upholds, in stinging paragraphs, the right of the legislators to direct their own movements and says: "The senate cannot lose sight of the fact that the governor, without experience as a legislator, advises members grown gray in legislative services."

STATE ODD FELLOWS MEET

Convention at Fond du Lac Chooses La Crosse for 1914 Session—Secretary Hoe Honored.

Fond du Lac.—La Crosse won the 1914 convention of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows and the state assembly of Rebeccas. Other cities in the race were Eau Claire, Wausau and Superior.

Richard W. Hoe, who was re-elected grand secretary, was presented with a chest containing fifty pieces of silver in honor of the twenty-fifth anniversary of his election to the office.

Other officers elected were: Grand master, C. S. Sheerin, Marshfield; deputy grand master, W. T. Drake; warden, David Shriner, Lancaster; secretary, Richard Hoe, Milwaukee; treasurer, W. G. Thwaits, Milwaukee; chaplain, Edmund Trimm, Portage; trustees, David Turner, Milwaukee; grand representative, B. W. Crumb, Milton; director of Odd Fellows' home, J. L. Jordan, Green Bay.

The Past Grand Master's association elected the following officers: President, David Whitten, Brandon; secretary, J. A. Fathers, Janesville; treasurer, Richard Hoe, Milwaukee.

The assembly of Rebeccas elected the following officers: President, Mrs. Elsie Lauterbach, Milwaukee; vice president, Mrs. Bertha Noble, Stevens Point, and warden, Mrs. Olive Schroeder, Marshfield.

VOTES TO ADJOURN JUNE 28

Assembly Adopts Resolution Fixing Time for Closing Session of Wisconsin Legislature.

Madison.—The assembly adopted a resolution fixing June 28 as the day for final adjournment and June 13 for the limit for new business. The proposal came from Roessler, democratic floor leader, who suggested June 21 as the adjournment day, but an amendment by Kneen, extending the time one week, was adopted. The sentiment of the house was expressed by a vote of 54 to 29.

Janesville Election July 22.

Janesville.—A special election will be held July 22, for the unexpired term of Mayor Fathers, who will be a candidate to succeed himself. He will be opposed by John P. Nichols, former mayor, who has led the recall fight against Mayor Fathers.

Pick Memorial Site.

Oconomowoc.—Gov. McGovern was at Delafield in connection with locating the site of the Cushing memorial monument on the Alden farm, the birthplace of the Cushing brothers.

Fire Tournament at Marion.

Marion.—Beginning with a parade, the Northwestern Firemen's association tournament will be held here June 12. Companies from Oconto Falls, Gillette, Clintonville, Shawano, Tigerton and Marion will take part.

Postoffice Safe Cracked.

La Crosse.—The safe in the postoffice at Victory, a small town thirty miles from here, was dynamited by yeggmen and $200 in stamps and a small amount in coin secured.

Aged Man Is Sentenced.

Racine.—Pleading not guilty to a charge of passing forged checks on local merchants, A. B. Root, 67 years old, was sentenced to a term of three years in state's prison at Waupun by Judge Smieding.

Clergy Urge Marriage Caution.

Fond du Lac.—Clergy of the diocese of Fond du Lac at their annual council adopted a resolution that marriage banns be announced three times previous to the ceremony.

Asylum Officials to Meet.

Waukesha.—The twelfth annual meeting of the association trustees, superintendents and matrons of county asylums for the insane of Wisconsin, will take place here on June 10, 11 and 12.

FINDS NO LOBBY

SENATORS SWEAR NO ATTEMPTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO CORRUPT THEM.

WILSON WILL NOT APPEAR

President Calls in Supporters and Offers to Give What Information He Has to Show That Money Is Being Spent.

Washington, June 4.—The United States senate Monday began its official hunt for the "insidious lobby" which President Wilson charged existed to modify the tariff bill. The inquiry was carried on by a special committee after the leaders of the undertaking had held a final conference with President Wilson.

Sixteen senators were examined and not one of them knew anything of the existence of the lobby referred to by the president. Not one of them knew anything of money being used by anybody. Everyone declared that no one had approached him improperly and to a man they defended the right of citizens to come to Washington to confer with members of congress over legislation that was vital to their business and industries.

One senator said: "The president will not be able to make good." He received his hardest jolts before the committee from members of his own party, when Senators Overman and Walsh, Democrats, began to ask questions that seemed to indicate their lack of faith in the charges that had been preferred.

A total disagreement with the views expressed by the president was held by Senator Clark of Arkansas, president pro tem of the senate, and by Senator Chamberlain of Oregon.

It was given out at the White House that President Wilson had taken personal charge of the inquiry, and that the Democratic members of the committee would operate under his directions. Senator Overman and Senator Reed were summoned to the White House for orders. Senator Walsh, Democrat, who will vote against free wool and free sugar and a member of the committee, was ignored. The president submitted to these two senators such information as he had and urged them to do all within their power to enable him to make good.

The president has let it be understood that he will not appear before the committee. On his behalf Senator Reed will conduct the cross examination of all witnesses.

It was explained that in his original statement the president was careful to make it clear that he did not charge the existence of a corrupt lobby or that corrupt methods were being used. Also it was said for him that he was not reflecting upon any senator, but was stating what he believes is the fact, that an insidious lobby is at work in Washington.

Senators deny that it is a correct interpretation of the president's original statement. They also are indignant at the amendment of the Cummins resolution, which requires the committee as they express it, "to sneakingly inquire into the personal and private affairs of senators."

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES

Marion, O., June 2.—John Noyes, wealthy young farmer, died at this home near LaRue as a result of injuries received by being thrown by a pony.

New York, May 29.—William Smith, aged nineteen, of Warrenton, Va., a jockey connected with the Wedener stables, was thrown and killed Tuesday while exercising a horse over the jumps at Belmont Park race track.

New York, May 30.—Charles W. Morse, former banker who served a term in prison, was elected Wednesday president of the Hudson Navigation company, owners of the line of steamers operating on the Hudson.

Jackson, Miss., June 1.—Rev. George Holford, a Baptist minister, was shot and instantly killed Friday by his wife at the family home near Montrose, in Jasper county, according to a report received here.

Fulton, Ky., June 2.—In the collision between the "Dixie Flyer" on the N. C. & St. L. and a freight train, 18 persons were shaken up and bruised.

New York, June 2.—Among the 2,000 or more students who will receive degrees from Columbia university on Wednesday is Carlton S. Glover, who gets the degree of bachelor of arts, though he is totally blind.

Paris, France, June 4.—The suffragette question, although it is to be discussed at the international women's congress, which opened Monday in Paris, is to be subordinated to the other subjects under consideration.

False Teeth Kill Woman.

Chicago, June 4.—Miss Angeline Sifrger died Monday as the result of exhibiting her new false teeth to Mrs. Frances Klersick. In replacing them Miss Sifrger swallowed the plate and choked to death.

Four Men Rob Jeweler.

New York, June 4.—Four armed robbers entered the jewelry shop of Mandel Greenhaus on the lower East side, held him up at the point of a revolver, looted his two safes of $4,000 in gems and escaped.

Schoolgirl Dies by Fire.

Clarksville, Tenn., June 3.—Tennie Evans, schoolgirl, saturated her clothes with gasoline and set fire to them after her mother had refused to permit her to attend a children's picnic. She was burned to death.

Newspaper Man Dead.

Indianpaolis, Ind., June 3.—Harry L. Sayler, founder and general manager of the Chicago City News Bureau and widely known as a writer of boys' stories, died Saturday. He was stricken with apoplexy.

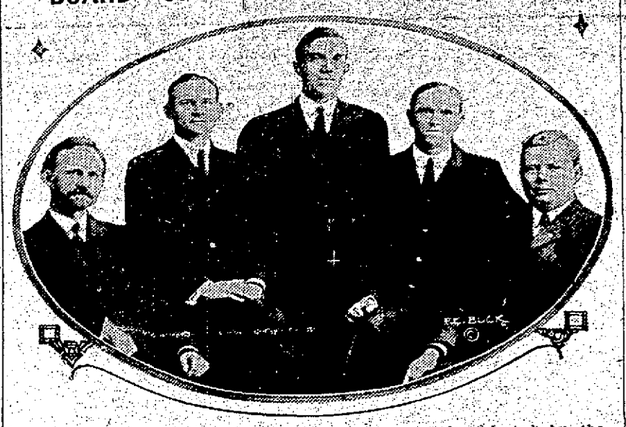
Golf Ball Bursts; Eye Lost.

Kansas City, Mo., June 2.—As a result of whittling a golf ball until it exploded, throwing its acid contents into his face, Jack Helfin, thirteen years old, lost the sight of his left eye Friday.

Twenty Hurt in Car Crash.

Akron, O., June 2.—Twenty persons were injured, some seriously, in a street car collision on the Akron, Bedford & Cleveland line near this city, Friday. The legs of two men were cut off.

BOARD OF ENGINEERS ON VALUATION.



This is the board of engineers on valuation recently selected by the interstate commerce commission to assist in formulating the plans under which the valuation work on the property of common carriers will be done. From left to right: Prof. Wm. D. Ponce of the University of Wisconsin, Howard M. Jones of Nashville, Tenn., J. S. Worley, Edwin F. Wendt of Pittsburgh, Pa., and R. A. Thompson of California.

T. R. WINS LIBEL SUIT

ROOSEVELT GIVEN SIX CENTS DAMAGES AGAINST EDITOR.

Publisher Admits That He Cannot Prove Charge—Colonel Asks Only Nominal Sum.

Marquette, Mich., June 3.—Theodore Roosevelt Saturday won his libel suit against George A. Newett, editor of the Ishpeming Iron Ore. Damages, however, were only nominal, made possible by the attitude of the colonel who told the court he did not seek a punitive verdict.

Judge Flannigan instructed the jurors to bring in a verdict for the plaintiff, which they did without leaving their seats. The colonel left for the east less than two hours after the conclusion of the case.

As a climax of the case which has been on trial here a week, Mr. Newett himself took the witness stand and retracted the charge he had made.

He said he had been impressed that an injustice had been done the colonel in the publication of the article and deeply regretted it.

"It is fair to the plaintiff," he said, "to state that I have been unable to find in any section of the country any individual witness who is willing to state that he has personally seen Mr. Roosevelt drink to excess, I am forced to the conclusion that I was mistaken."

Leaving the stand and returning to his seat, Mr. Newett looked in the direction of Colonel Roosevelt, but the latter was absorbed in whispering to Attorney Van Renschoten. The latter whispered in turn to Attorney Pound and he turned to Judge Flannigan and said: "With the court's permission the plaintiff would like to make a brief announcement."

The judge nodded and Mr. Roosevelt rose. Bowing to the court, the colonel said he would waive the matter of damages save for the national amount provided by law. Speaking of his purpose in instituting suit, he said:

"Your honor, in view of the statement of the defendant, I ask the court to instruct the jury that I desire only nominal damages. I did not go into this case for money. I did not go into it for any vindictive purposes. I went into it, and, as the court said, I made my reputation an issue because I wished once for all during my lifetime thoroughly and comprehensively to deal with those slanders so that never again will it be possible for any man in good faith to repeat them. I have achieved my purpose and I am content."

Nominal damages means six cents under the laws of Michigan and no costs. Each party to the suit will pay the expenses of his side of the case.

GOUX WINS BIG AUTO RACE

Frenchman Lands 500-Mile Contest at Indianapolis—Gets $35,000 Cash Prize.

Indianapolis, June 2.—France won a sporting victory over America Friday on the Indianapolis Speedway when Goux, driving a Peugeot car, won the 500-mile motor race. Wishart, in an American Mercer, was second. Merz, in an American-made Stutz, captured third place.

Goux's time was six hours 31 minutes 43:45 seconds, and average of 76.59 miles an hour. His rewards were international honors, cash prizes worth $35,000, including the $20,000 cash prize offered by the management of the speedway for the winner of the race, a kiss from a dirt-covered mechanician, and a shower of champagne made of grapes that grew in the country whence he came.

Poet Laureate Austin Dead.

London, England, June 4.—Alfred Austin, British Poet Laureate since 1896, died Monday at Swinford old manor, Ashford Kent, at the age of seventy-seven years. He had been ill some time.

Minister to Venezuela Quits.

Caracas, Venezuela, June 4.—Elliott Northcott, United States minister to Venezuela, has resigned from the diplomatic service. He sailed for home Monday on board the steamer Caracas.

Son Kills Father and Self.

Parkersburg, W. Va., June 3.—Frank Henthorn, aged forty-five, was instantly killed Saturday while sitting at the supper table in his home here by his son, Earl Henthorn, aged twenty-two, who then committed suicide.

Ship to Pieces on Rocks.

Yarmouth, N. S., June 3.—The Norweigian ship Freia, which went ashore at Sunday Point near here Friday in a sixty-mile gale, was literally dashed to pieces during the night. Her crew got off in safety.

Quake Far to the Southwest.

New York, June 2.—An earthquake shock, the scene of which was apparently at a great distance from New York, south-southwest, was recorded by the seismograph at the American Museum of Natural History Friday.

Client Accuses Lawyer Clubman.

Philadelphia, June 2.—A warrant for the arrest of George M. Wagner, a prominent lawyer and clubman of this city, was sworn out Friday by one of his clients, who accused him of misappropriating $5,000.

JAPAN TO REPLY SOON

CABLES KEPT BUSY FRAMING ANSWERS FOR BRYAN.

Not Thought Mikado's Government Will Ask for Exclusion Code—Canada Act Held Example.

Washington, June 3.—According to present plans Japan will submit to the state department at an early day a rejoinder to Secretary Bryan's answer to the Japanese protest against the alien land legislation adopted by the California legislature.

This was made known here Monday, but without any suggestion as to the probable contents of the note.

There have been numerous cable exchanges between the Japanese embassy here and the foreign office in Tokyo, necessitated by the demands the latter for exact information as to American national and state laws regarding alien land ownership and naturalization.

Notwithstanding the pressure from certain quarters at home, however, it is regarded as doubtful that the Japanese embassy has concluded to turn to a request for amendment of the American naturalization laws as a solution of the present issue between the two countries. The successful treatment by the Canadian parliament of complaints from British Columbia of the competition of Japanese, however, has attracted the attention of the negotiations on both sides in this country.

EDITOR WINS CONTEMPT SUIT

Missouri Supreme Court Decide Unanimously for the Discharge of W. R. Nelson.

Jefferson City, Mo., June 4.—The Missouri supreme court Monday discharge William R. Nelson, owner and editor of the Kansas City Star, from contempt of the Jackson county circuit court. The decision of the supreme court was unanimous. Mr. Nelson, editor and owner of the Kansas City Star, was found guilty of contempt of court and sentenced to imprisonment of one day in the county jail February 1 by Circuit Judge Guthrie of Jackson county, who based his action upon the publication in Mr. Nelson's paper of an article which said that Judge Guthrie had refused to dismiss a divorce suit filed in his court until the parties to it, who had settled it out of court and asked for dismissal, had paid their attorney's fees.

GEN. DRUMMOND UNDER KNIFE

Suffragette Leader Faces More Severe Ordeal as Soon as Able to Stand It.

London, England, June 4.—"Gen." Mrs. Flora Drummond, one of the militant suffragette leaders, underwent a successful operation here Monday. She was taken ill during the police court proceedings against the suffragette leaders early in May.

MILITANTS BURN BOATHOUSE

Students of Oxford University Lose Fifty Crafts in Big Conflagration.

London, June 4.—The famous Oxford boathouse and 50 of the shells were destroyed in a fire which is believed to have been set by the suffragettes. Literature of the militants was found scattered all over the premises after the conflagration.

On one of the papers were the words: "A birthday reminder for King George."

Dynamite in Bunko Graft Cases.

San Francisco, June 4.—Forty sticks of dynamite, fuse and a clock mechanism were found Monday cached near the roadhouse at Fairfax, Marin county, owned by Joseph Ballangero, a witness in the bunko graft cases.

Attends Derby Week Levee.

London, June 4.—Walter Hines Page, the new American ambassador, accompanied by Irwin B. Laughlin, secretary of embassy, attended King George's usual Derby week levee at Buckingham palace Monday.

Woman Dies From Injuries.

Norwalk, O., June 3.—In fear that her horse would run away when it kicked through the dashboard, Mrs. Alfred Fisher, Saturday jumped from her buggy here and was so badly injured that she died.

Circular Saw Bisects Man.

Henderson, Ky., June 3.—With his spinal column bisected its whole length by a circular saw, H. W. West a sawmill employe, survived for eight hours Saturday after the accident occurred.

Spanish Cabinet Is Out.

Madrid, June 2.—King Alfonso was tendered the resignation of Count Romanones and his cabinet Friday, the action of the ministry being caused, it is said, by the open hostility of the chamber of deputies.

Flood Rescue Boat Burns.

Cairo, Ill., June 2.—The steamboat Three States burned to the water's edge here Friday. The boat was in service between Cairo, Wickliffe, Ky., and Bird's Point, Mo. It did much rescue work during the floods.

NEED FIVE VOTES FOR MARKET BILL

Governor's Veto of the Measure Stands.

HULL CHAMPIONS HIS BILL

McGovern Is Close on the Heels of Legislators, Having Disposed of Every Act Adopted Excepting One.

Madison.—The assembly lacked five votes of putting the Hull market commission bill over the veto of the governor. Speaker Hull left the chair to champion his bill, claiming it was not in danger of legal infirmities which the governor had pointed out in his veto message. The governor objected to the Hull bill principally on the ground that the appropriation was not made for a public purpose, quoting numerous decisions for mthe Wisconsin and federal supreme courts to substantiate his views. Speaker Hull declared that the primary purpose of his bill was for a public purpose in that it would bring the producer and consumer closer together.

Assemblyman Peavey spoke against the Hull bill, claiming that the appropriation of $2,000 was too small to admit an adequate administration of the law.

Senate Aids Schools.

Two bills offered by Senator Tensdall has been passed by the senate, increasing the state aid to rural schools and providing that high schools may give training courses for teachers. The senate non-concurred in the Don C. Hall bill prohibiting the depositing of deleterious substances in water. It advanced the Pfennig bill fixing heavy penalties for the publishing of deceptive advertisements, and the Nye bill providing that county boards may improve certain trunk roads within a county.

One of the principal bills on the assembly calendar was 1090-A, the one day's rest in seven bill, introduced by the committee on labor. Amendment No. 4-A was adopted. This gives to the industrial commission the power to determine whether in special cases where, like waiters in hotels who have many hours of rest daily, it will be necessary to give them one full day's rest in seven. The railroad commission is given similar powers as to street and interurban railway employes.

Fix Railroads' Responsibility.

The True bill 171-S, providing that all railroads in the state shall be responsible for damage to any person or corporation shipping live stock where the damage arises through the negligence of the company, and no prior agreement or valuation between the shipper and the company shall be binding in case the damage results from the negligence of the company, was concurred in and now goes to the governor.

Governor McGovern is close on the heels of the legislature, having disposed of every bill passed with but one exception, and that ready for action.

Of the 451 bills sent to him, he has approved 116 as received, 25 were recalled and nine vetoed. The one bill on the governor's desk undisposed of is on revising and consolidating the statutes relating to jurors in courts of records.

Four Insurance Bills In.

In the senate were introduced four bills covering the L. L. Johnson general insurance bill which was killed in the assembly. The big bill is divided into four parts in the hope that one or more of them will get through. All are likely to pass the senate. The bills were introduced by the special committee on insurance.

Senator Bosshard's bill providing that no barn shall be built within seventy-five feet of a residence, outside the corporate limits of any city or village, was ordered to engrossment and then passed under suspension of the rules, as also was the bill by the committee on corporations authorizing county boards to construct or improve any road or street in any village in the county connecting with improved county highways.

Debate Mothers' Pensions.

Nearly two hours was consumed in the assembly in the debate on the subject of mothers' pensions. Last week the assembly indefinitely postponed a bill offered by Assemblyman Schnitzler of Depere, creating a force under the state board of control to administer the law. The bill called for an appropriation of $100,000. The remaining bill on the calendar on this subject was one introduced by Assemblyman Rosa of Beloit. Under the rules of the house Assemblyman Schnitzler offered a substitute to the Rosa bill, which embodies practically all of the features in the original bill which the assembly has indefinitely postponed. Assemblyman Schnitzler moved the indefinite postponement of the Rosa bill.

The assembly adjourned in the midst of a long written argument by Assemblyman Schnitzler, in which he declared that wherever the Rosa plan of administering the mothers' pension law had been adopted it was found unworkable.

State Fair Site in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee will remain the home of the state fair. This was determined in Madison by the legislative committee appointed to investigate sites. The vote stood six to three, Senators Bichler and Weigel and Assemblyman Conway, Lentz, Gullickson and Everett favoring the present sit and Assemblyman Lamsen and Carpenter favoring the Fox River valley.

Long Controversy Is Ended.

It is expected that the report of the committee will be confirmed without delay.

"This ends a long drawn out controversy," said James P. Keenan, secretary of the Citizens' Business league, when he received word from Madison that Milwaukee was chosen.

"It means the permanent location of the fair, and such permanency means the success of the fair.

Make It Greatest Fair.

"I look to see the legislature make proper appropriation for the many needed improvements and with additional land on either the east or west side of the fair grounds which I am sure Milwaukee county will purchase and devote to this good purpose.

"I look to see the Milwaukee state fair one of the greatest agricultural and industrial exhibitions in this country."

Wood Indorses Varsity Militia.

The plan to include eight companies of the University of Wisconsin battalion in the Wisconsin National guard has received indorsement in a letter from Maj.-Gen. Leonard S. Wood, chief of staff of the United States army.

"As a matter of policy," he writes, "I might say that both the division of militia affairs and myself favor the organization of national guard companies or regiments in colleges with the understanding that they are on the same footing as other organized militia and that they perform their full duty both to the university and to the organized militia."

Gen. Wood inclosed a circular letter sent to college presidents throughout the eastern and central states, the University of Wisconsin being among them, outlining a plan of summer camps of military instruction.

Gift by U. S. Government.

The Wisconsin state forest reserves in the northern lake region have been increased by a gift of about 600 islands from the government. They have been surveyed and the state board of forestry is prepared to lease them. The islands vary from a fraction of an acre to forty acres or more. The yearly rentals range from $10 to $200.

Makes Plea for State Fair.

Declaring that Janesville has particularly good facilities for handling a state fair and its patrons, a big delegation from the bower city and others appeared before the legislative committee on location of the state fair and urged serious consideration of their city. The delegation was headed by James A. Fathers and the claims of Janesville were presented by him. Frank P. Croak, president of the Janesville Twenty-five Thousand club, H. H. Bliss, editor of the Janesville Gazette; M. O. Mouat and Mr. P. Richardson. Representatives of the railroads and the interurban also told of the railroad facilities of Janesville. A letter was read from Secretary Robber of the Rockford Shippers' association, urging the location of the fair in Janesville for the accommodation of the people of northern Illinois. It was inconvenient for such people to go to Milwaukee, he said, and the Illinois state fair was too far away.

The speakers pointed out that Janesville has 116 passenger trains a day besides interurban cars every half hour. It is also on the main line between the two state fairs of Minnesota and Illinois. They declared that Janesville also had large railroad yards sufficient to accommodate more cars than a state fair would bring and that it would be easy to build spur tracks to the fair grounds which are not far from the business section of the city. It was also pointed out that almost any point in the state could be reached within six hours, making it possible for exhibitors and others to come to and return from the fair in one day.

Others in the delegation were J. Q. Bangs, editor of the Janesville Recorder; David Atwood, managing editor of the Janesville Gazette; F. W. Zimmerman, agent of the St. Paul road; Alva Hemmens, agent of the Northwestern road; S. M. Jacobs, Charles Putnam, Thomas S. Nolan, Janesville; W. M. Dockey of Walworth; Fred Gilman of Evansville; Henry Johnson and Royal Waltpress, Edgerton.

Representatives of Beloit, Brodhead, Monroe and Fort Atkinson were also expected to come in behalf of Janesville.

Elks in State Session.

The state convention of the B. P. O. Elks opened in Manitowoc with President John C. Karel of Milwaukee presiding. Delegates from nearly every lodge in the state are present. Menasha and Wausau are rivals for the next meeting.

The sixty-seventh annual session of the Wisconsin grand lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the twenty-eighth annual session of the Rebekah assembly opened in Fond du Lac with 1,000 visitors in attendance.

Natural History Society Elects.

Officers elected at the annual meeting of the Wisconsin Natural History society held in the trustees' room of the public museum, Milwaukee, are: President, Dr. George Barth; vice-president, Dr. P. Bernehl; secretary, John F. Haddle; treasurer, H. B. Beckman; additional director, H. L. Ward. Prof. Henry H. Severin, formerly head of the department of entomology of the college of Hawaii, gave an illustrated lecture on "The Mediterranean and Melon Flies."

State Patents.

Anthon H. Andersen, Spring Valley, lantern; Clark T. Hendersen, assignor to the Cutler-Hammer Manufacturing company, Milwaukee, motor controller (two patents); Joseph Koenig, Two Rivers, flask for liquids; William F. Luick and A. J. Bassett, Milwaukee, assignors to Luick-Bassett Producer company, gas producer; William L. Miller, assignor to Gisholt Machine company, Madison, clutch mechanism; Arthur Polacheck, assignor to Charles Polacheck & Bro. Co., Milwaukee, fixture coupling.

Cheese Makers Organize.

The first formal step in organizing a new state board for the manufacture, grading and sale of cheese was taken when former State Senator Henry Krumrey of Plymouth filed papers incorporating forty local cheese factory companies in Sheboygan and Manitowoc counties. Each of these is to have membership in a federation or central body to be organized later which will be the medium through which the cheese manufactured will be sold.

To Spend $75,000 on Exhibition.

The bill introduced by Assemblyman D. E. Bowe of Ashland county, providing for a representation from Wisconsin at the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco in 1915 was passed by the assembly with the senate amendment. As finally passed the bill carries an appropriation of $75,000. Of this $25,000 is to be available this year and the same sum in each of the two succeeding years. This money is to be used in the construction, equipment and maintenance of an exhibit that shall represent this state.

Potato Fund Is Legal.

The $1,000 appropriation made by the legislature to the Wisconsin Potato Growers' association is constitutional, acording to a ruling made by Attorney General Walter Owen.

The constitutionality of the law was raised by the executive office.

In another opinion rendered the attorney general holds that the bill introduced in the legislature by Assemblyman David V. Jennings of Milwaukee, authorizing the common council of any city in the state to abolish any city office, is unconstitutional.

REBELS TAKE CITY

HUNDREDS KILLED IN BATTLE WHICH RESULTS IN CAPTURE OF MATAMORAS, MEX.

FEDERAL LEADER IS SLAIN

Victors Possessed Plans of Fortifications and Under Guidance of Deserter Attacked Vulnerable Points—Victors Made Three Attacks.

Brownsville, Tex., June 5.—Hundreds are believed to have been killed in a battle that raged for 12 hours Tuesday between the rebels under Gen. Lucio Blanco and the federal forces in Matamoras, the northern stronghold of the federal government, and which resulted, after desperate fighting, in the capture of the city in the evening by the rebels.

Much of the fighting was hand to hand. Maj. Estaban Ramos, one of Mexico's noted soldiers, made a heroic defense against terrible odds. His officers capitulated only after their chief had been mortally wounded by a half dozen rebel bullets and lay at the point of death in a hospital in Brownsville.

The dying general heard the shouts of the victors in the streets of the conquered town just before he passed away.

The attack began at 10:20 Tuesday morning, when the constitutionalists under General Blanco advanced in skirmish line. The federals had practically no chances to hold the city, and their resistance throughout the day was called remarkable by American army officers who viewed the assault from this side of the river.

The rebels were in possession of complete plans of the fortifications. A federal deserter showed them where all the mines were laid and named the vulnerable points in the line of defense. Virtually the only defense the handful of federals had was a high barbed wire fence charged with electricity.

The rebels charged this three times, and each time were hurled back. Sixty of their number were electrocuted. Finally they concentrated their assault upon the Matamoras light plant. Major Ramos dispatched Captain Velez, his most trusted aid, with two lieutenants and a picked band of 20 sharpshooters to defend the plant and save the wire fence.

The federals made a gallant defense, but were outnumbered four to one, and Captain Velez, the lieutenants and the squad of soldiers were killed to a man after they had retreated to the very doors of the electrification plant.

The plant fell at three o'clock, and the last hope of the federals went with it. Blanco appealed to Major Ramos to surrender, but the old Mexican fighter scorned the offer and sent the envoys back and ordered a deploy to repulse the attack.

The rebels advanced and, after a heavy fire, the federal band was driven under cover. Cutting their way through the wire fence, now useless as a defense, the rebels swarmed into the town.

Slaughter followed. Retreating from street to street the defenders slowly but surely were driven to bay. Scores of soldiers fled to the river and swam to the American shore, where they surrendered to the flag of the United States.

Not until the defending army had been so completely routed that it was impossible to marshal a squad of 20 fighting men at one place did a junior officer of Ramos' staff raise the white flag on his saber.

Bullets whizzed into Brownsville, where hundreds watched the fortune of the battle across the river. One automobile was wrecked by a shell, but no one was seriously hurt.

MEAT SUPPLY GROWS SHORT

For First Time in History of Nation Imports of Animals Exceeded Exports in 1912.

Washington, June 5.—The department of agriculture issued a bulletin Tuesday warning the nation that the supply of meat in the United States is getting shorter every year.

In the year of 1912, for the first time in the history of this country, the imports of animals and animal products exceeded the exports. In 1907 the number of beef cattle in the United States was 51,566,000, while at the beginning of the present year it was only 36,030,000. The same statement was made before Secretary Wilson went out of office, one of the reasons ascribed being the preference of the western ranchmen to grow crops instead of cattle.

A year ago the average price of native steers on the Chicago market was $7.95, as against $6.50 in 1911.

Turks Are Leaving Europe.

Constantinople, June 5.—Turkey Tuesday begun the evacuation of the 60,000 square miles of territory she lost to the Balkan allies. A dozen transports left Rodosto on the Sea of Marmora bearing Turkish troops.

Important Decision Rendered.

Washington, June 5.—A decision carrying an award of $82,604.84 was rendered Tuesday by the United States court of claims in favor of the Chicago & Alton railroad company in the "mail weighing" case.

Is Largest Lake Vessel.

Fort William, Ont., June 5.—The steamer Noronic, the largest passenger boat on the great lakes, was launched at the Western Dry Dock Yards here Tuesday in the presence of several thousand people.

Flowers for Soldier Dead.

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 5.—The graves of southern soldiers who fell at Chickamauga, and in the battle around Chattanooga were strewn with flowers during the southern memorial day exercises Tuesday.

Unionist Ammunition Seized.

Belfast, Ireland, June 5.—A large quantity of arms and ammunition, alleged to have been collected by Unionists who are opposed to home rule for Ireland, was seized here Tuesday by the constabulary.

Senate Body Favors Caminetti.

Washington, June 5.—The nomination of A. Caminetti of California to be commissioner general of immigration was Tuesday ordered favorably reported by the senate committee on immigration.

Honors Commoner's Editor.

Washington, June 5.—Richard L. Metcalfe of Lincoln, Neb., editor of the "Commoner," was Tuesday selected by President Wilson to be the civil governor of the Panama Canal Zone.

WISCONSIN BREVITIES

La Crosse.—The safe in the postoffice at Victory, a small town on the Burlington road thirty miles from here, was dynamited by yeggmen and $200 in stamps and a small amount in coin was secured. The robbery was not discovered until the office was opened in the morning. It is believed the robbers escaped in a motor boat or rowboat, for no trains stop at Victory in the night.

Green Bay.—Two girls scaled the 15-foot wall around the Good Shepherd's home here and escaped. They walked to Clifton, spending a day and night on the road without food, and were overtaken by the Brown county sheriff. They were whizzed back home in an automobile.

Janesville.—Dr. J. W. McLoughlin, a well-known Presbyterian divine, and for eight years local pastor, resigned owing to difficulties with the church trustees. He formerly had a charge in Chicago.

Oconomowoc.—Governor McGovern was at Delafield in connection with locating the site of the Cushing memorial monument. The governor, with the local committee, went over several sites, and approved that of the Alden farm, the birthplace of the Cushing brothers.

Waukesha.—The twelfth annual meeting of the Association of Trustees, Superintendents and Matrons of County Asylums for the Insane of Wisconsin will take place here June 10, 11 and 12.

Marinette.—Supposedly while suffering an epileptic fit John Dennings, aged thirty-seven, of Green Bay fell overboard from the steamer Nettie Denesser at the Spies Thompson company's dock in Menominee, Mich., this afternoon and drowned. He was engineer on the boat.

Madison.—The state's coffers held $2,587,907.16 in all funds on June 1, as compared with $3,352,039.74 May 1. The amount in the general fund is $1,877,725.97, as compared with $2,090,632.03 a month ago.

Menasha.—The program for the G. A. R. department encampment at Neenah and Menasha June 9 to 11 includes addresses by the commander-in-chief and others and the presentation to Menasha and Neenah high school each a silk flag.

Madison.—Two hundred and twenty-five Wisconsin veterans of the battle of Gettysburg have accepted the state's offer to attend the semi-centennial anniversary celebration on the old battleground early in July.

Marinette.—To the fact that 16 fellow lodge members of the Odd Fellows gave patches of skin for a grafting operation, William Bowman of Crystal Falls, Mich., owes his life. Bowman was working last winter as an engineer of a logging locomotive for the Sawyer-Goodman company of Marinette. In a wreck of the engine and several cars he was frightfully burned by escaping steam. Physicians decided that a skin grafting operation was the only hope of saving his life. So much skin was needed that the physicians despaired of getting enough. It was then that fellow lodge members came forward and made the sacrifice which ended in Bowman's complete recovery.

Green Bay.—Earl Knowltan, nineteen years old, has a hydroaeroplane that he is trying out at Bay View beach. Knowltan has already made a couple of flights with success, he claims, but he did not get up into the air to any great distance. The machine was built by Knowltan in 1912 and during the winter months he converts it into a machine that will be able to travel on water.

Lake Geneva.—Miss Emma Olson, her brother, Eric, and Charles Strand, all of Chicago, were drowned by the swamping of a rowboat, in which they were riding. Miss Helen Rohrs, who was also in the boat, clung to an oar and was rescued.

New Richmond.—W. F. Meyer of St. Paul, Omaha freight conductor, whom the coroner's jury held responsible for the head-on collision with an Omaha passenger train at Baldwin, in which two lives were lost, has been held to trial in the circuit court on a charge of manslaughter by County Judge Arnquist.

Fond du Lac.—Dr. J. J. Connell was awarded $5,500 damages by a jury in circuit court here. The verdict is sequel to a slander suit which Dr. Connell brought against Dr. J. W. Ehmer at Lomira. Reports detrimental were spread two years ago by the defendant, it was alleged.

Milwaukee.—Four Chicago men were rescued in a small boat more than two miles from the shore of Lake Michigan, drifting steadily out toward mid-lake, after four hours of anxiety through their inability to signal shore. The men were Henry Olson, Carl Corthas, Albert Atisker and Thomas Cassidy, who say they are traveling salesmen. They lost one of their oars and drifted aimlessly for many hours before they hoisted a shirt on the remaining oar. The life saving crew finally saw this signal. The men broke down for joy when rescued.

Marinette.—A calf with three heads was born on the farm of Fred Gardner of Stephenson, Mich. Two of the heads were on the end of the neck, but the third was at the end of the backbone and faced to the rear. All of the heads were perfectly formed. The calf lived but a short time. Gardner will have the freak preserved. A chicken with five legs was hatched on the farm of Albert Nelson, living six miles from Marinette, and lived for three days. One pair of legs was in normal position, but the others were on the chicken's back.

Appleton.—Harold W. Nevel of Waupun, aged twenty-two, Lawrence graduate who had just entered business in Appleton, drowned on Little Lake Butte des Mortes. Lloyd Clevinger, who was with him in the water for 40 minutes, was saved. Nevel's last words were: "Save yourself if you can, I am not afraid to go."

Wausau.—There is a great demand for laborers in this city. It is estimated that 500 men with some experience in mills and factories could find employment at good wages.

RICH MEN'S CHILDREN



By GERALDINE BONNER

Author of "THE PIONEER," "TOMORROW'S TANGLE," etc.

Illustrations by DOM J. LAVIN

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SYNOPSIS.

Bill Cannon, the bonanza king, and his daughter, Rose, who had passed up Mrs. Cornelius Ryan's ball at San Francisco to accompany her father, arrive at Antelope. Dominick Ryan calls on his mother to beg a ball invitation for his wife, and is refused. The determined old lady refuses to recognize her daughter-in-law. Dominick had been trapped into a marriage with Bernice Iverson, a stenographer, several years his senior. She squanders his money, they have frequent quarrels, and he slips away. Cannon and his daughter are snowed in at Antelope. Dominick Ryan is rescued from storm in unconscious condition and brought to Antelope hotel. Antelope is cut off by storm. Rose Cannon nurses Dominick back to life. Two weeks later Bernice discovers in a paper where husband is and writes letter trying to smooth over difficulties between them. Dominick at last is able to join fellow snowbound prisoners in hotel parlor. He loses temper over talk of Buford, an actor. After three weeks, end of imprisonment is seen. Telegrams and mail arrive. Dominick gets letter from wife. Tells Rose he doesn't love wife, and never did. Stormbound people begin to depart. Rose and Dominick embrace, father sees them and demands an explanation. Rose's brother Gene is made manager of ranch, and is to get it if he stays sober a year. Cannon expresses sympathy for Dominick's position in talk with Rose. Dominick returns home. Berny exerts herself to please him, but he is indifferent. Cannon calls on Mrs. Ryan. They discuss Dominick's marriage difficulties, and Cannon suggests buying off Berny. Dominick goes to park on Sunday with Berny and family, sees Miss Cannon, bows to her and starts uneasiness in Berny. In Mrs. Ryan's name Cannon offers Berny $50,000 to leave her husband and permit divorce. She refuses. Dominick sees Rose. Cornelia Ryan engaged to Jack Duffy. Cannon offers Berny $100,000 and is turned down. Berny tells sisters of offer. Buford, the actor, makes a hit in vaudeville. Rose tells Dominick that he must stick to wife, and first time acknowledges that she loves him. Cannon offers Berny $300,000 which she refuses, saying Cannon wants Dominick for Rose. Gene wins the ranch. Berny accuses Rose of trying to steal her husband and tells her of the offered bribe. Rose tells father what she learned about the attempt to bribe Berny and declares that she would never marry Dominick, should he ever be divorced. Exacts promise from father to let Berny alone.

CHAPTER XVIII.—Continued.

She leaned down to take his hand. He relinquished it to her with an immense lightening of his heart, and peace fell on him as he felt her rub her cheek against his knuckles.

"So you're not mad at the old man, after all?" he said almost shyly.

"No," she murmured, "not at him. I was angry at what he was doing."

It was a subtly feminine way of getting round the delicate points of the situation—that inconsistently feminine way which separates judgment of the individual from judgment of his acts. But it relieved the Bonanza King of the heaviest weight that had lain upon him for many years, and, for once, he gave thanks for the irrationalness of women.

"Well, good night, honey," he said, "no matter what crazy notions you've got, you're the old man's girl all right."

She kissed him.

"And you won't forget your promise?" she murmured.

"Of course not," he said stoutly, not sure just what she was alluding to. "Any promise I make to you stands put till the Day of Judgment. Good night."

When she left him, he lit another cigar, sank lower in his chair and stared at the fire.

It was a deadlock. In his helplessness, the enraged helplessness of the man who had ridden triumphantly over all obstacles that fate had set in his path, his prevailing thought was how much he would like to kill Berny. She had done all this. This viper of a woman, the kind to tread on if she raised her head, had baffled and beaten them all. He could not murder her, but he thought with grim lips of how he could crush and grind her down and let her feel how heavy Bill Cannon's hand could be.

It seemed for the moment as if everything were over. They had reached a place where a blank wall stretched across the road. Berny's refusing the money had been a serious obstacle, but not an unconquerable one. Rose tonight had given the whole plot its death blow. With lowering brows he puffed at his cigar, groping in his mind for some way that might yet be tried. He could not brook the thought of defeat. And yet the more he meditated the more impregnable and unscalable appeared the wall that stretched across the way.

CHAPTER XIX.

Friend or Foe.

For some time after Rose had left her, Berny remained on the bench, not moving, her glance resting on that part of the path whence the young girl's figure had faded from view.

The night slowly deepened, impregnating the gray atmosphere with a velvety depth of shadow that oozed through it like an infusion of a darker, denser element. Lights came out. First sporadically, here and there blooming through the opaque dusk, not suddenly, but with an effect of gradualness, as though the air was so thick it took some time to break through it. Then came more. Rows of windows appeared in long, magnified sputters. All round the plaza there was a suggestion of effaced brightness, as of a painting which had once been sharply outlined and brilliant, but was now rubbed into a formless, impressionist study of shadows and undefined, yellow blurs. The golden halos of lamps blotted the dark at intervals, and now and then the figures, which had occupied the benches, passed into the circles of vaporous illumination, and passed out of them, as if they had been crossing the stage of a theater.

Berny did not move and did not notice the increasing chill of the hour or the moisture beading on her clothes like wintry rime. She was sunk in an abyss of thought, a suspended trance of contemplation, of receptivity to new ideas. In one hour her basic estimate of human nature, her accepted measurement of motives and standards, had been suddenly upset. Her point of view was like a kaleidoscope, which is unexpectedly turned. Sitting motionless on the bench she saw the familiar aspect of life fallen into new shapes, taking on alien forms.

She realized that Dominick had never been happy with her, and, for the first time, she understood the gulf between them. She saw what the life was that he had wanted to lead, and that he could have led with the other woman. It would have been that very form of existence which Berny had always derided, and thought an outward expression of the inward dullness of people who had children, looked shabby, and did not care for money. Now she felt unsure as to whether her scorn of it was not foolish and unenlightened. As in a sudden forward shoot of a search-light, she saw them—Dominick and Rose—happy in a way she had never dreamed of being happy, in a world so far from hers that she had never before had a clear look at it, a man and woman concentrated upon the piece of life that belonged to them, living passionately for each other, indifferent to all that seemed to her of value.

She brought her mental vision back from this upon herself and felt shaken and slightly sick. Seeing beyond the circle of her own experience and sensation for the first time, she would have said to any companion who might have shared her thoughts: "No wonder Dominick didn't get on with me!" For a dispassionately-contemplative moment she saw herself in Dominick's eyes; she saw their married life as it had been to him. She felt sorry for both of them—for him in his forced acquiescence with the conditions around him, for herself because of her ignorance of all he had wanted and expected.

"I couldn't be any different," she whispered to herself, "that's the way I am."

She never could be any different. She was one kind of woman and Rose Cannon was another, and Dominick belonged to Rose Cannon's kind. She did not know that it was so much better than her kind but it was different. They made her feel like an outsider in a distant world, and the feeling gave her a sensation of deadly depression. The burning heat of resentment that had made her speak to Rose was gone. All the burning heats and angers of the last two months seemed to belong to the past. An icy, nostalgic ache of loneliness had hold of her. The accustomed sense of intimacy and warm, enjoying interest in the world—what we mean when we talk of "living"—had been completely drawn out of her.

The cold, biting in to her marrow, at last woke her to a realization of her surroundings, and she sat upright, looking blinkingly to the right and left. The half-lit plaza lay like a lake of shadow surrounded by a circlet of light and girdled by noise. It was like the brightness and animation of the world flowing round her but not touching her, as she sat alone in the darkness.

She rose suddenly, determined to escape, if such were possible, from her gloomy thoughts, and walked toward the upper end of the square, directing her steps to the Spanish and Italian section of the city which is called the Latin Quarter. She walked slowly, not knowing where to go, only determined that she would not go home. She thought for a moment of her sisters, where she could have dinner and find the cheer of congenial society. But on consideration she felt that this, too, was more than she could just now bear. They would torment her with questions and she felt in no mood to put them off or to be confidential. Finally she remembered a Mexican restaurant, to visit which had at one time been a fashion. She had been there with Hazel and Josh, and once in a party with some of the bank people. She knew where the place was and felt that she could dine there with no fear of encountering any one she knew.

With an objective point in view, her step gained decision, and she moved forward briskly, leaving the plaza and plunging into the congeries of picturesque streets which harbor a swarming foreign population. The lights of shops and open stalls fell out into the fog, transforming it into thick, churning currents of smoky pallor. Wet walls and sidewalks showed a gold veneer, and lingering drops, trembling on cornices, hung like tiny globes of thin yellow glass.

People and things looked magnified and sometimes horrible seen through this mysterious, obscuring medium. Once behind a pane of glass she saw lines of detached, staring eyes, fastened glaringly on her as she advanced. It was the display in an optician's show-window, where glass eyes were disposed in fanciful lines, like a decoration. She looked at them askance, feeling that there was something sinister in their wide, unwinking scrutiny. She hurried by the market stalls, where the shawled figures of women stood huddled round the butcher's block. They looked as if they might be grouped round a point of interest, bending to stare at something lying there, something dreadful, like a corpse, Berny thought.

When she saw the Mexican restaurant she felt relieved. The strange atmospheric conditions seemed to have played upon her nerves and she was glad to get somewhere where she could find warmth and light and people. The place, a little shabby house dating from the era of the projecting shingle roof and encircling balcony, stood on a corner with windows on two streets. It was built upon a slope so sharp that the balcony, which in front skirted the second story, in the back was on a level with the sidewalk. The bright light of gas-jets, under shades of fluted white china, fell over the contents of the show-window. They were not attractive. A dish of old and shriveled oranges stood between a plate of tamales and another of red and green peppers. There were many flies in the window, and, chilled by the cold, they stood along the inside of the glass in a state of torpor.

Berny pushed open the door and entered. The front part of the place was used as a grocery store and had a short counter at one side, behind which stood shelves piled high with the wares demanded by the Mexican and Spanish population. Back of this were the tables of the restaurant. The powerful, aromatic odors of the groceries blended with the even more powerful ones of the Mexican menu. The room was close and hot. In a corner, his back braced against the wall, a Spaniard, with inky dark hair and a large expanse of white shirt bosom, was languidly picking at a guitar.

Berny knew that there was an inner sanctum for the guests that preferred more secluded quarters, and walked past the counter and between the tables. An arched opening connected with this room. Coarse, dirty, lace curtains hung in the archway and, looped back against gilt hooks, left a space through which a glimpse of the interior was vouchsafed to the diners without. It was smaller than the restaurant proper, and was fitted up with an attempt at elegance. Lace curtains—also coarse and dirty—veiled the windows, and two large mirrors, with tarnished and fly-spotted gilt frames, hung on the wall opposite the entrance.

Just now it was sparsely patronized. In one corner two women in mourning and a child were sitting. They glanced at Berny with languid curiosity and then resumed a loud and voluble conversation in Spanish. A party of three Jews, an over-dressed woman and two young men—evidently visitors from another part of town—sat near them. On the opposite side there was no one. Berny slipped noiselessly into a chair at the corner table, her back against the partition that shut off the rest of the dining-room. She felt sheltered in this unoccupied angle, despite the fact that the mirror hanging opposite gave a reflection of her to any one standing in the archway.

The cloth was dirty and here and there showed a hole. Her ineradicable fastidiousness was strong in her even at this hour, when everything that was a manifestation of her own personality seemed weak and demoralized. She was disgustedly clearing away the crumbs of the last occupant with daintily brushing movements of her finger-tips, when the waiter drew up beside her and demanded her order. It was part of this weird evening, when natural surroundings seemed to combine with her own overwrought condition to create an effort of strangeness and terror, that the waiter should have been an old, shriveled man of shabby and dejected mien, with a defect in one eye, which rendered it abnormally large, and prominent under a drooping, reddened lid. In order to see well it was necessary for him to hold his head at a certain angle and bring the eye, staring with alarming wildness, upon the object of his attention. His aspect added still further to Berny's dissatisfaction. She resolved to eat little and leave the place as soon as possible.

When her soup came, a thin yellow liquid in which dark bits of leaves and herbs floated, she tasted it hesitatingly, and, after a mouthful or two, put down her spoon and leaned back against the wall. She felt very tired and incapable of any more concentration of mind. Her thoughts seemed to float, disconnectedly and indifferently, this way and that, like a cobweb stirred by air currents and half held by a restraining thread. To her dulled observation the laughter of the Jewish party came mingled with the tinkling of the guitar outside, and the loud-continuous talk from the Spanish women in the corner.

The waiter brought fish—a fried smelt—and she roused herself and picked up her fork. She did not notice that a man was standing near her in the archway, the edge of the lace curtain in his hand, looking about the room. He threw a side glance at her which swept her shoulders, her hat, and her down-bent profile, and looked away. Then, as if something in this glimpse had suddenly touched a spring of curiosity, he looked back again. His second survey was longer. The glance he bent upon her was sharp and grew in intensity. He made no attempt to enter or to move nearer her, but any one watching him would have seen that his interest increased with the prolongation of his scrutiny.

As if afraid of being observed he cast a quick surreptitious look over the room, which in its circuit crossed the mirror. Here, reflected from a different point of view, Berny was shown in full face, her eyes lowered, her hands moving over her plate. This man scanned the reflection with immovable intentness. Berny laid down her fork and pushed the fish away with a petulant movement, and the watcher drew back behind the lace curtain. Through its meshes he continued to stare at the mirror, his lips tightly shut, his face becoming rigid in the fixity of his observation.

The waiter entered, his arms piled with dishes, and she made a beckoning gesture to him. He answered with a jerk of his head, and, going to the table where the Spanish women sat, unloaded his cargo there, as he set it out exchanging remarks with the women in their own language and showing no haste to Berny's summons. She moved in her chair and muttered angrily. The man behind the lace curtain advanced his head and through the interstices of the drapery tried to look directly at her. In this position he could only catch a glimpse of her, but he saw her hand stretched forward to take one of the red beans from the glass saucer in the middle of the table. It was an elegant hand, the skin smooth and white, the fingers covered with rings. She again beckoned, this time peremptorily, and the waiter came. The listener could hear her voice distinctly as he watched her reflection in the glass.

"Why didn't you come when I beckoned?" she said sharply.

"Because I had other people to wait on," said the waiter with equal asperity. "They was here before you."

"What's the matter with the dinner tonight? It's all bad."

"I ain't cooked it," retorted the man, growing red with indignation, his swollen eye glaring fiercely at her. "And no else's complained. I guess it's what's the matter with you?"

Berny made an angry movement—sometimes alluded to as "flouncing"—and turned her head away from him.

"Get me an enchilada," she said peremptorily, "and after that some frijoles. I don't want anything else."

The waiter moved away and the man behind the curtain, as if satisfied by his long survey, also turned back into the general room. Close to the opening there was an unoccupied table, and at this he sat down, laid his hat on the chair beside him, and unfastened his coat. To the servant who came for his order he asked for a cup of black coffee and a liqueur glass of brandy. He also requested an evening paper. With the sheet open before him he sat sipping the coffee, the slightest noise from the inner room causing him to start and lift the paper before his face.

He sat thus for some fifteen minutes. The Spanish women and the child emerged from the archway and left the restaurant, and a few moments later he heard the scraping of chair legs and Berny's voice as she asked for her bill. He lifted the paper and appeared buried in its contents, not moving as Berny brushed back the lace curtain and passed him. Her eyes absently fell on him and she had a vague impression of the dark dome of a head emerging from above the opened sheets of the journal. As she rustled by he lowered the paper and followed her with a keen, watchful glance. He did not move till the street door closed behind her, when he threw the paper aside, snatched up his hat and flicked a silver dollar on to the cloth.

"No change," he said to the waiter, who came forward.

The surprised servant, unaccustomed to such tips, stared astonished after him as he hurried down the passage between the tables, quickly opened the door and disappeared into the darkness of the street.

Berny was only a few rods away, moving forward with a slow, loitering step. It was an easy night to follow without being observed. Walking at a prudent distance behind her, he kept her in sight as she passed from the smaller streets of the Latin Quarter into the glare and discord of the more populous highways, along Kearney Street, past the lower boundary of Portsmouth Square. He noticed that she walked without haste, now and then glancing at a window or a passer-by. She was like a person who has no objective point in view, or at least is in no hurry to reach it.

But this did not seem to be the case, for when she reached the square she took her stand on the corner where the Sacramento street cars stop. The man drew back into a doorway opposite. They were the only passengers who boarded the car at that corner, Berny entering the closed interior, the man taking a seat on the outside. He had it to himself here, and chose the end seat by the window. Muttering imprecations at the cold, he turned up his overcoat collar and drew his soft felt hat down over his ears. By turning his head he could see between the bars that cross the end windows, the interior of the car shining with light, its polished yellow woodwork throwing back the white glare of the electricity. There were only three passengers, two depressed-looking women in dingy black, and Berny on a line with himself in the corner by the door. He could see her even better here than in the restaurant. She sat, a small, dark figure, pressed into the angle of the seat, her hands clasped in her lap, her eyes down. Her hat cast a shadow over the upper part of her face, and below this the end of her nose, her mouth and chin were revealed as pale and sharply-cut as an ivory carving. She seemed to be sunk in thought and sat motionless; the half of her face he could see, looking very white against her black fur collar.

He was furtively surveying her, when she started, glanced out of the window and signed to the conductor to stop. The man on the front dropped to the ground and stole lightly round the car, so that its moving body hid him from her. Emptiness and silence held the street, and he could easily follow her as she walked upward along the damp and deserted sidewalk. Half-way up the block a building larger that those surrounding it rose into the night. A mounting file of bay-windows broke its facade, and a few steps above the level of the pavement, a line of doors with numbers showing black on illuminated transoms revealed it to the man opposite as a flat building. Here Berny stopped and without hesitation, evidently as one who was familiar with the place, mounted the steps and walked to the last of the doors.

The man, with soft and careful footsteps, crossed the street. As he drew nearer he saw that she was not using a latch-key, but was waiting to be admitted, leaning as if tired against the wall. He had reached the sidewalk when the door opened, vouchsafing him a bright, unimpeded view of a long flight of stairs carpeted in green. Berny entered and for a moment, before the door closed, he saw her mounting the stairs. She had not asked for any one, or indeed made a sound of greeting or inquiry. She was therefore either expected or an habitue of the place. When the door was shut he, too, mounted the porch steps and read the number on the transom. He whispered it over several times, the light falling out on his thin, aquiline face with a sweep of dark hair drooping downward toward his collar.

Satisfied with his investigation, he left the porch and walked rapidly down the street to the corner. Here there was a lamp, and halting under its light he drew from his pocket a leather wallet and took therefrom Dominick Ryan's card with an address written on it. The penciled numbers were the same as those on the door he had just left, and he stood looking fixedly at the card, an expression of excitement and exultation growing on his face.

CHAPTER XX.

The Actor's Story.

The afternoon of the next day Dominick came home earlier than usual. His New York friend, who was en route to Japan, had but a couple of days in San Francisco, and again claimed his company for dinner. The theater was to follow and Dominick had come home to change his clothes, and incidentally either to see Berny and explain his absence or to leave a message for her with the Chinaman.

He felt rather guilty where she was concerned. He had seen nothing of her for two days. The only time they met was in the evening after business hours, the only meal they took together was dinner. With every spark of affection dead between them, their married life the hollowest sham, she had so long and so sternly trained him to be considerate of her and keep her on his mind, that he still instinctively followed the acquired habit of thinking of her comfort and arranging for it. He knew she would be annoyed at the two lonely dinners, and hoped to see her before he left and suggest to her that she telephone for one of her sisters to join her.

The flat was very quiet when he entered, and after looking into one or two rooms for her he called the Chinaman, who said Mrs. Ryan had gone out early in the afternoon, leaving no message except that she would be home to dinner. Dominick nodded a dismissal and walked into the den. He carried the evening papers in his hand, and looking at the clock he saw that he had an hour before it would be necessary for him to dress and leave the house. Berny would undoubtedly be home before then; she was rarely out after six. Meantime, the thought that she was not in and that he could read the papers in unmolested, uninterrupted silence caused a slight sense of relief to lighten the weight that was now always with him.

He had hardly opened the first sheet when a ring at the bell dispelled his hopes. It was one of his wife's habits never to carry a latch-key, which she looked upon as a symbol of that bourgeois, middle-class helpfulness that she had shaken off with her other working-girl manners and customs. Dominick dropped the paper, waiting for her entrance, and framing the words with which he would acquaint her with the fact that he was to be absent again. Instead, however, of the rustle of feminine skirts, he heard the Chinaman's padding steps, and the servant entered and presented him with a card. Traced on it in a sprawling handwriting was the name "James Defay Buford." Dominick remembered his invitation to the man to call, and realized that this probably was the only time that the actor could conveniently do so. There was an hour yet before dinner would be served, and turning to the servant Dominick told him to show the gentleman up.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



The Glance He Bent Upon Her Was Sharp and Grew in Intensity.



She Hurried by the Market Stalls.

Billiards in the Country.

Willie Hoppe, the billiard player, was discussing in New York the question of summer vacations.

"I like summer vacations," he said, "in the heart of the country. The only trouble with the heart of the country is that you can't get a good game of billiards there.

"Maybe you've heard about the two chaps, summering at Sunapee, who complained that they couldn't tell the two white balls apart, as neither of them had a spot. But the proprietor explained to them that it would be easy, after a little practice, to distinguish the balls by their shape.

"Another chap up at Sunapee asked for a game of billiards, and when the balls were brought, gave a loud, bitter laugh of disgust.

"'Look here,' he said, 'it's balls I asked for—not dice.'"—New York Tribune.

Run a Walking Stick Farm.

Of the many curious farms that have been established in our peaceful countryside, surely a walking-stick farm is the most curious, relates London Answers.

As a matter of fact, however, there is at least one such establishment, a flourishing concern, to be found in the depths of Surrey. Instead of the corn fields, pasture land and root crops usually expected on a farm, the walking-stick acres present the appearance of long, neat rows of tiny sapling trees, some four years old, others younger.

Quite a forest of walking sticks may naturally be produced in four years, but the handle occasions some delay. To obtain a right-angled handle, the growth is pegged down along the ground and from this the sapling shoots vertically upwards.

SIMPLICITY IS CHARM

WELL TO KEEP IN MIND WHEN ORDERING GRADUATION DRESS.

The More Girlish the Frock, the Better Will the Wearer Appear, and There Are Many Materials to Select From.

Girlish simplicity is the correct thing in graduation frocks—even the most ambitious of graduates recognizes that fact. But there are many versions of this simplicity, and it is attainable at varying prices and different degrees of elaboration.

It is easy enough to make a distinctly girlish frock of sheer lingerie or net or lace and chiffon cost $150 or $200, if one goes to a fashionable



Shadow Lace Over Foundation of Messaline.

dressmaker for it and gives carte blanche in matters of handwork and real lace, and there are many girls in ultra smart boarding schools who have ordered frocks of this type. But the great host of girl graduates is by necessity limited to a less costly variety of frock simplicity, and after all, the indefinable charm attached to youth has more to do with the success of a graduation frock than hand tucks and real lace.

There are quantities of models and materials available for the youthful graduate. The materials most in favor are fine cotton marquisette, cotton voile, fine linen lawns, lace, net and chiffon.

The most practical of graduating frocks is, of course, the frock that will stand tubbing and look well after the ordeal. Fine lingerie frocks are nowadays more often sent to the cleaner than to the laundress, but the young girl is not as a rule over careful of her clothes and if a frock must go to the cleaner often during the summer one will have little comfort from it. Perhaps the summer is to be spent where no cleaning establishment is close at hand and inconvenience is added to the time and expense entailed.

It stands to reason therefore that the frock actually fitted for tubbing is the practical dress for the girl whose wardrobe is limited, and it is quite possible to take this into consideration without sacrificing too much upon the altar of utility.

A fine linon is the most satisfactory material for the lingerie frock that is to endure tubbing, and it will pay to obtain an excellent quality. Batiste, voiles and marquisettes are softer and launder well if carefully handled, but linon will outwear them every time.

The cotton marquisettes, cotton voiles and crapes are more recent arrivals and have achieved decided popularity, and a very large percentage of the cotton graduating frocks this year are being made up in these materials.

They launder well, are easily handled, are very soft and graceful, and durable despite their sheerness and lend themselves admirably to simple forms of trimming, although they may be made very elaborate with hand embroidery.

The cotton crapes in really good quality are attractive materials and are enjoying a great vogue, both for blouses and tub frocks. It is said that they require no ironing and are very practical on that account, but lawn dresses insist that they are by no means easily laundered, as they require stretching and more or less careful pressing to get them into the right shape after laundering.

Embroidered cotton voiles and marquisettes make attractive graduating frocks and in all the shops where youthful dresses are shown one finds quantities of such frocks made of such material.

MARY DEAN.

TO HOLD DAINTY NIGHTDRESS

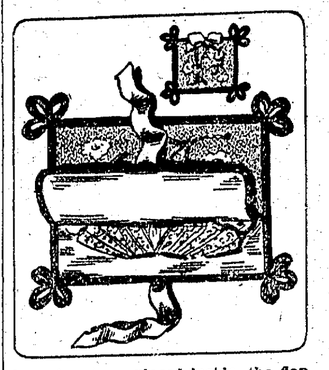
Pretty Case of Pale Pink Satin Lined With White Silk—Strings to Match Material.

Something very pretty in the shape of a nightdress case may be seen in the accompanying sketch. It is carried out in pale pink satin and lined with soft white silk and edged with silk cord and tied together with ribbon strings of a color to match the satin.

Between the covers and the lining a double thickness of swansdown flannelette should be sewn in to give the case substance. On the front of the case a design of three white dog-roses and foliage is embroidered, but there are, of course, many other pretty designs that might take its place, and for this purpose a transfer pattern of some suitable floral design may be easily obtained at a trifling cost.

The blossoms should, however, be worked in white, as white blossoms and green foliage always look charming upon a pink background.

The case opens in front for a third of the way down, and after the night-



dress has been placed inside, the flap is folded upwards and secured with the ribbon strings.

The small sketch on the right hand side shows the case so closed, and by the way, the silk cord, which is of a fancy pattern, is carried into three little loops at each corner.

This sachet might, of course, be made in other colors, and it is always a pretty idea with articles of this description to select colors to match or harmonize with that of the bed quilt, or perhaps in the event of a white bed quilt, the wall paper.

LATE IDEAS IN MILLINERY

Prevailing Styles Really Show Little New, Though There Have Been a Few Changes Made.

Naturally, at this date very little that can be rightfully termed new is in evidence, says the Dry Goods Economist. The most pronounced change is the return of maline hats to strong favor.

Drapes of maline over hemp are especially favored; but brim extension, ruffles and huge wired bows of maline are also being offered.

Hats of Chantilly lace are being prominently featured. Some of the most striking of these have the lace fitted so smoothly and firmly over a wire foundation as to present almost a tailored appearance.

The popularity of quills continues unabated. They are used either alone or in combination with wheat, flowers, ribbon or feathers. Among the smartest models now shown are white hemps trimmed with white quills and white wheat, with a white moire ribbon band.

Another striking combination is a broad black quill with tiny white paradise sprays curling out from its center.

Flounced Skirts.

Flounced skirts are shown on many of the new tub models appearing in the shops, but invariably are the flounces slim and ungathered affairs, not increasing by a hair's breadth the slender silhouette of the skirt. A charming little frock of blue and white striped dimity has three flounces.

LIKE THE SEPARATE COLLAR

No Accessory of the Season Has Been Received With More Genuine Appreciation.

An accessory which can be adopted with greater confidence is the separate white collar to be worn with the coat. A few years ago girls and younger women wore embroidered white collars over their coat lapels, but the present renaissance of the fashion is in a different form. The collars now worn are much more attractive and elaborate. They come in all the modifications of the square or rounded cut and very often end in the long ruffle or plaiting which is so great a fad just now. Others are in the shape of a modified fichu. They are both becoming and practical, as they protect the waist underneath. Especially with a collarless blouse—that is to say, an open-necked one—they are almost necessary. Otherwise the hard line of the coat is very trying, both in appearance and in feeling.

Sleeve Drapery.

One of the most graceful fashions of today for evening gowns is the use of sleeve drapery that carries a flowing line of color from the bodice over the arms and sometimes far below the waist line.

Sleeve drapery can be of rich metallic laces, either gold or silver; tulle, maline or chiffon. It is frequently caught under buckles or fancy cabochons at the shoulders. From this point the material falls back over the arms, and sometimes is continued in long lines as a train. The effect is medieval and beautiful.

Make Your Own Hatpins.

Don't throw the whole effect of your hat entirely out of key by the use of discordant hatpins. It is a simple matter to have handsome hatpins to harmonize with your hat, and at a small expense, too. A bit of lace, silk, brocade, or any other material will do. A hat trimmed with a touch of coral, bright blue, or green, would look all the better if its hatpins were made of large button molds covered with the same bright material with an ordinary penny hatpin with white or black head stuck right through the hole in the mold.

Sashes Revived.

The narrow sashes of the '60s have been revived. They are offered in many styles, those of brocade in bright colors and odd designs being especially popular. The plain ones have embroidered ends and most of them are finished with fringes. The sashes are knotted at the side or looped at the back. They are worn with all sorts of costumes and give an effective touch of color to a somber gown.

For the Tea Table.

For the woman who loves a cup of tea in the afternoon and who also likes a small cooky or cheese cracker or some such tid-bit to nibble while sipping her tea, there is a new suggestion in the way of serving wafers and cakes.

Often even a sandwich plate will be too small to hold as many crackers as are needed when three or four friends drop in for a cup of tea and gossip, and for this a flower basket, the style that is flat with a tall handle, generally used for the garden when picking flowers, is just the thing, for it holds a most surprising number of cakes, and in this way one can easily pass a large number of tid-bits at one time without the least inconvenience, and for crackers, decorated with jelly and cheese and such edibles as cannot be laid on top of each other, this flat basket is unsurpassed.

Touch of Health.

The pale faces with carmine lips are disappearing. Paris is permitting a faint glow of healthful pink on the cheeks.

PROVED A MAN OF HIS WORD

Broker, True to Promise, Remembered Old Apple Woman In His Day of Rejoicing.

"Yes, I has me reg'lar customers," said the old apple woman at a Wall street corner as she polished an apple, "and now and then I has one that lets me share in his good luck. When industrials was on the kite, along comes a broker who says:

"'Good mornin' to ye, Aunt Sally, and how's apples sellin' today?'

"'Two fer five, yer highness,' says I, 'which is cheap fer apples at this season o' the year.'

"'That's true,' says he, 'and I'll take along a couple fer luck. I'm in industrials to make or lose a hundred thousand. If I make, I'll remerber ye.'

"'Gord bless ye!' I says, as I gives the apples an extra polish and hands them over. It was three days before I sees him ag'in. Then he stops at me stand wid a look uv benevolence on his face, and money in his hand, and says:

"'Aunt Sally, yer polished apples brought me luck, and I'm a man av me word. I cleared a hundred thousand that day.'

"'Gord be praised, yer worship!'

"'And ye'll please accept this as a little token av love and esteem from yer true friend.'

"And wid that the dear, good-hearted man hands me a nickel and walks away wid the benevolence creeping down his shirt collar. And I was so affected that a boy stole two av me biggest apples whilst the tears was in me eyes. My husband says it ought to have been a dime at least. But, God bless ye, sir, that broker could have sold out his business and moved to Boston and dodged me altogether, ye know."

First Numbering of Houses.

London began to number its houses in 1764, about the time it removed the house signs that made ancient London an open air picture gallery.

Beware the Death Flower.

Scientists setting out to solve the mystery of the mammoth statues of Easter island have been cautioned—more or less humorously—to steer clear of El Banoer, another island of the Pacific. One of the early English explorers, Hugh Arkwright, who sailed the Pacific in 1581, warns travelers against visiting El Banoer—the home of the death flower. This flower, he says, is so large that a man can stand upright inside one of its blossoms. But if he does so he will surely fall asleep, lulled by the strange fragrance it distills. Then the flower folds its petals and suffocates him. "And so he passes into death through splendid dreams and gives his body to the death flower for food."

The Difference.

Knicker—In the winter I go out to play poker and my wife stays home from bridge.

Bocker—And in the summer you stay home from poker and your wife goes away for bridge.

SOMETHING FOR YOU!

An 8 room house on east side for rent.

Corner lot on 8th and Wisconsin streets at a big bargain on very easy terms. Other desirable building lots for sale.

A number of homes and residences for sale at from $750 to $4500. A fine modern 9 room house and barn on one of the best corners in city at a genuine bargain. Easy terms. It costs nothing to see and investigate for yourself.

Fruit and truck farm close to Grand Rapids for sale or owner will take home in city as part payment. Also have clay loam 120 improved farm to trade for city residence.

$1800 to loan in small or large amounts at 6 per cent on good real estate security.

A few settings of eggs, at one-half regular price, from my prize winning Minoreas. If you want the best of layers, large eggs, and fine eating, try a setting.

Should be pleased to write your Fire or Tornado Insurance.

J. H. LINDERMAN

PHONE 111 or 613

Abstracts of Title

No business deal, in which the purchase of Real Estate or the loaning of money on the same is concerned, is too large nor too small to require the furnishing of an Abstract of Title. Having an Abstract of Title is business sense.

No business man considers a Real Estate deal these days without requiring an Abstract of Title. Why? Because so many mistakes exist in the titles to land that an Abstract of Tith is the only way of learning the condition of the title. Men who have owned property for years and who have been resting secure that their title to the land was perfect, have found out upon making a sale of the property, and having an Abstract of Title made of the same, that many mistakes exist in their titles. Some of these mistakes take months to correct and frequently a sale is lost because the purchaser will not wait for the perfecting of the title. Get an Abstract of your Title now, have the same examined by a competent attorney and learn if any mistakes exist in your title which would hinder a sale of the property.

And in Abstracts of Title as in everything else, remember that the cheapest is likely to be the most expensive

C. E. BOLES

Dealer in

Mortgage Loans, Real Estate, Abstracts of Title and Insurance. Established 1902

Lyon Block Phone 322

Kellner Coal Co.

Coal and Wood

Don't Forget US when you need anything in the line of fuel

Telephone 305

THE CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK OF GRAND RAPIDS

Our little HOUSEHOLD SAVINGS BANKS on display in our window are going fast; better not be disappointed by being too late; these strong little banks are loaned to depositors who start an account of ONE DOLLAR or more in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT: 3 per cent interest paid on Savings and Certificates of Deposit; we still continue to issue our SAVINGS BOOKS containing a special deposit of ONE DOLLAR to every new baby born in the city or vicinity, providing the parents furnish us with the name of their new child.

Citizens National Bank

Capital $100,000 Surplus $10,000

"A Bank for All The People."

Grand Rapids, . Wisconsin

D. M. HUNTINGTON

AUTO GARAGE

All kinds of repair work done at reasonable prices.

Auto Supplies and Lubricating Oils

Auto Tires and Tubes always in stock.

Gas Tanks in Stock.

Agency for the

Ford Automobile

LOCAL ITEMS.

W. A. Owen is in Neenah attending the G. A. R. encampment.

Judge Salter of Colby, transacted business in the city on Monday.

Leslie Hougen was a business visitor in Milwaukee on Monday.

Miss Mary Mulroy submitted to an operation on her throat on Tuesday.

Mrs. S. N. Whittlesey of Cranmoor was in the city shopping on Monday.

—Bargain prices prevail at Daly's theatre. All seats 10c.

J. J. Emmerick of Cranmoor was a business visitor in the city on Monday.

Prof. Herman Kell and Mrs. Dietz are engaged in taking the school census.

E. E. Topham of Dancy was in the city on Tuesday to attend the stock fair.

Mrs. C. A. Boorman and son Carol are visiting with relatives in Madison this week.

Russell Hansen left for Merrill on Monday to look after some work for the Hood Construction Co.

Fred Babcock of Wausau was a guest at the home of his sister, Mrs. Guy Getts over Sunday.

—Friday night, amateur night at Daly's theatre. 3 big cash prizes. Call at Daly's drug store for particulars.

The Milwaukee Journal says it is not a democratic party paper. Who in thunder ever accused it of being one?

Frank Frisble of Pine River spent several days in the city the past week visiting at the Archie McMillan home.

Next Sunday morning and evening Rev. Henry R. Heise of New England, N. D., will occupy the pulpit of the First Moravian church.

Misses Nettie Kluge, Ida Hammer and Clara Carlson returned on Friday from Chicago where they spent several days sight seeing.

—Why does Lucky Sam outsell all other 5c cigars? Because it is really a 10c cigar sold for 5c.—4t. Ad.

Mrs. Nettie Will, of Eau Claire, who has been visiting with her parents Mr and Mrs. A. L. Akey at Biron returned to her home Saturday.

Joe Fitch of Cranmoor, secretary of the Wisconsin Cranberry Growers Association, has returned from a two weeks trip to Massachusetts.

Mrs. H. F. Podawiltz and daughter, Mrs. James Bogie, departed on Monday for a weeks visit with her son, Arthur Podawiltz at Eau Claire.

Miss Beryl Thompson, who has been teaching at Bewaunk, Minn., the past season, is home to spend the vacation with her father, J. S. Thompson.

Miss Agnes Mulroy, who is studying for trained nurse at St. Marys hospital Milwaukee, is home for a two weeks visit with her father, Patrick Mulroy.

Mr. and Mrs Hans Carlson of Sparta arrived in the city on Monday evening to attend the wedding of his sister, Nina, to Daniel E. Hansen, on Tuesday

Mrs. George L. Williams departed on Tuesday for Thief River Falls, Minn., where she will spend several weeks visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. M. Arpin.

The annual Children's Day services were held at the Congregational church on Sunday evening and a large congregation was present to see what the young people had to offer.

Nic Gross has resigned his position at the Dixon House Buffet and leaves this week for an extended trip thru the west and Canada. If Mr. Gross finds the west to his liking he intends to move out there.

Messrs J. R. Ragan, Ferdinand Link Frank Kubisiak, and John Nash of Nekoosa departed on Monday in the Link auto for Eau Claire to attend the state convention of Catholic Foresters.

—Why does Lucky Sam outsell all other 5c cigars? Because it is really a 10c cigar sold for 5c.—4t. Ad.

The J. B. Arpin and Nic Reiland families departed on Monday in their autos for Appleton where they will visit for some time at the home of their parents, Mr and Mrs. Weiland.

E. J. Akey, a former Grand Rapids resident, spent the past week in the city visiting with relatives and friends. Mr. Akey is at present employed by the LaFerra Land Syndicate of Des Moines, Iowa.

Oscar Crotteau, the genial clothing salesman at the Johnson & Hill Co.'s store, purchased the 40 acre farm in the town of Rudolph known as the Provost farm. Oscar was born and raised in the town of Rudolph and while he does not intend to go farming at present, some day he might locate out there.

—The Haines-Greenfield Stock Co. playing a summer engagement of 3 weeks at Daly's theatre, are playing to packed houses and are pleasing their patrons. They change plays 3 times a week. If you have not seen this excellent play, you arey certainl missing one of the treats of the season. All seats are ten cents.

Quite heavy frosts visited this section on Saturday and Sunday nights and the result was that large patches of potatoes were quite badly frozen in some places. It is probable these will grow up again but the setback will make them considerably later than they would otherwise have been. While the weather so far this spring has been unusually cool, still most of the winter grains present a fine appearance.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Newman of Sartell, Minn., spent several days in the city the past week visiting with friends and relatives, while on their way to Clover for an extended visit. Mr. Newman is recuperating from a severe attack of rheumatism which confined him to his bed for two months Mr. Newman, since leaving here several years ago has been employed as electrician in the paper mill at Sartell.

Appleton Post:—Otto R. Roenius of Grand Rapids, president of the Grand Rapids Foundry company, was in the city yesterday, having stopped off here purposely to see the new Elks building. Mr. Roenius declares that Grand Rapids Elks, although they are only 160 in number, are contemplating building a home. He was greatly impressed with the Appleton club house, but says it is too large and elaborate for a lodge the size of the one at Grand Rapids.

An effort has been made during the past week to rejuvenate or reorganize the brass band in this city so as to give concerts during the ensuing summer, but the former members of the organization do not seem to take a great deal of interest in the matter. No doubt if the services of a good director were secured, one who had some organizing ability, the boys could be gotten into line again in short order, but when the work falls onto some local man who has other business to attend to, it is rather a difficult matter to do anything.

—Daly's theatre every night 10c. A new play three times a week. All seats 10c.

George Menier returned the past week from an extended visit in the west.

John Hammer came down from Vesper Saturday to spend Sunday with his parents in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Redford visited over Sunday at Wautoma with Mrs. Redford's people.

John White, editor of the Marshfield Herald, was a business visitor in the city on Saturday.

—Why does Lucky Sam outsell all other 5c cigars? Because it is really a 10c cigar sold for 5c.—4t. Ad.

Huntington & Lessig sold Ford roadsters to Dr. D. Waters and Frank Kraemer the past week.

Mrs. E. J. Clark and children are visiting with relatives in Pipestone, Minn., for several weeks.

Mrs. Chas. Laramie and children departed on Monday for a weeks visit with relatives in Marshfield.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Arpin and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Miller autoed to Hancock and return on Sunday.

Frank Nick of Los Angeles, California, is spending several days in the city visiting with Raymond Sutor.

James Gaynor and Ed Kruger of Cranmoor were in the city on Monday looking after some business matters.

—The Haines-Greenfield Stock Co. every night at Daly's theatre. All seats 10c.

Ray Starr has resigned his position as ticket agent at the St. Paul depot. His position has been filled by Leonard Bender.

Emiel Oestrich has returned from Edgar where he spent several weeks purchasing potatoes for the L. Starks Co.

Mrs. Frank Grant and Mrs. A. L. White have gone to Chicago and Waukegan to visit relatives for a couple of weeks.

Miss Bessie Farrish returned Friday from Menomonie where she has been attending the Stout institute the past school year.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Bogoger and Mrs. Chas. Gonger spent Sunday at Stevens Point visiting with relatives and friends.

W. E. Ide of Stevens Point has taken the contract to rebuild the paper mill at Oconto Falls. Work will be commenced at once.

Harry Abrams, who has been employed at Biron for some time past, has moved to Mosinee where he has accepted a position in the paper mill.

Mrs. Wm. Witte and daughter Mayme returned on Thursday from a two weeks visit with relatives and friends in St. Cloud and Minneapolis.

The remains of Charles Mans who was drowned at Birin, were found last Wednesday afternoon about a mile below the dam, near the Sweeney place.

Will Zimmerman, one of the hustling young farmers of the town of Rudolph called at this office on Thursday to advance his subscription to the Tribune for another year.

Mrs E. S. Rennie and son Lynn returned on Sunday from Shawano where they spent a week visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Harry Sanderson.

"Lefty" Letson of Radisson, who pitched some fine ball for the local team last summer, later finishing up the season with Appleton has been signed by Stevens Point.

P. O. Peterson of Vesper was among the business callers at the Tribune office on Tuesday. Mr. Peterson is engaged in doing some grading for the new state roads which are being built in this county.

—Let no one mislead you. Remember Barker's Remedy will strengthen and build up a weak and run down system. It will cure and prevent catarrh, colds, and rheumatism. Guaranteed. Johnson & Hill Co.

The commencement exercises at SS. Peter and Paul school were held last Wednesday, Bishop Schwebach of LaCrosse being here to assist Rev. Reding on that day. Nineteen were graduated from the school this year.

Rev. C. A. Mellicke left on Tuesday evening for Utica, New York, where he will preach on the 15th, and from there will go to Nazareth, Pa., to attend the Moravian Synod. He expects to be absent about three weeks.

Ira Cooley left last week for New London, where he has purchased the New London Republican. Mr. Cooley has had many years experience in the newspaper business and there is no reason why he should not make a success of the proposition over there.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt Derrick, who moved back here several weeks ago, from Milwaukee have rented the Burt Austin home on the Rudolph road for one year. During the meantime they will build a home on their five acre tract just north of the Austin home.

Geo. W. Davis was taken to the River Pines sanitarium near Stevens Point on Monday for treatment, his case having developed into tuberculosis of the throat. Mr. Davis' many friends here hope to hear of an improvement in his health under the new treatment.

The members of the Merchants and Manufacturers Association passed thru this city on their special train last Wednesday afternoon, transferring from the Northwestern to the Green Bay road, and going to Stevens Point, where they made a stop. They did not stop here this year, as they visited us last season.

M. E. Carter, who has bees employed in the Chambers Creamery in this city for several years past, has gone into business for himself, having purchased the Warren Creamery near Junction City. Mr. Carter is a first class workman and there is no question but what he will succeed in his new location.

One of the city police is now kept stationed at the intersection of Vine and Second Streets and is supposed to keep passing teams and automobiles on the proper side of the street and also to prevent vehicles from stopping between Second street and the end of the bridge. This is a good thing and will have a tendency to reduce the liability of accident at this corner, where the traffic is always heavy.

The paper makers in this section hav received notice to the effect that all men employed by the Watab Paper company of Sartell, Minn., are on a strike for an eight hour day to take the place of the 11 and 13 hour shifts heretofore in vogue there. The notice also advises all paper and pulp workers to keep away from Watab until the difficulty s settled.

George Forrand was quite severely burned on Friday evening when a can of wood alcohol caught fire, the burns being on his left hand, arm and the side of his face. He was engaged in filling the lamp in his pop corn wagon when the accident occurred. Everything considered, he was lucky to get the fire extinguished before any greater damage was done, altho it will be some time before he entirely recovers.

Miss Doris Jeffers is visiting with relatives in Wild Rose.

V. D. Simons of Cornell, transacted business in the city on Monday.

W. H. Getts and Patrick Mulroy are in Neenah attending the annual state convention of the G. A. R.

Mrs. Frank Babcock and children of Minneapolis are guests at the home of her sister, Mrs. Guy Getts for a month.

Harry Hagerstrom, who is employed as brakeman on the Soo Ry., is home to spend several weeks vacation with his parents.

Miss Leonora Tornton, 760 North 8th street, who has been quite sick with the measles, is now on the rapid road to recovery.

Mrs. W. C. Howland and son Verne of the town of Grand Rapids, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. T. Nixon last Friday night.

Miss Blossom Skinner, who recently fell down a long flight of stairs at her home, is suffering no ill effects from her accident, except a few minor bruises and an ever present stiffness.

Anthony Looze, who is attending the St. Louis University where he is studying medicine, arrived home on Saturday to spend the summer with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Looze.

The work of macadamizing Grand Avenue between First Avenue and the bridge was commenced on Tuesday morning and it is expected that this part of the work will be completed within a short time.

Charlie Hill, the popular painstaking and obliging rural substitute at the city postoffice, is carrying mail on R. F. D. No. 1 for a few days in place of George Forrand who was recently painfully burned in a lamp explosion.

Miss Irma Johnson, who is attending Notre Dame at Baltimore, is home to spend her vacation. Miss Bernice who is teaching physical training at the state Normal at Emporia, Kansas, is also home to spend her vacation with her mother, Mrs. Nels Johnson.

Miss Minnie Getts, who has been visiting the past two months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Getts, leaves on Friday for a brief visit in Milwaukee, Chicago and Crescent, Iowa, returning from there to Spokane, Washington.

Henry Goggins of Stockton, Cal., who has been visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Goggins the past two weeks, departed on Monday for the southern part of the state where he will visit several days before returning to his home.

Mrs. Clare Haskell, nee Beulah Murceau, arrived in the city last week to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Marceau. Miss Marceau and Mr. Haskell were married in Minneapolis last winter, but failed to notify their friends here of the fact, so that it was quite a surprise. Mrs. Haskell has been teaching at Ontario during the past winter.

—The Equitable Creamery Co. of Vesper, Wis., will pay two cents above Elgin for butter fat delivered at Vesper. Cream to test 30 per cent or more, to be in good condition, and to be shipped Tuesdays and Fridays of each week. We will also pay ½ cent above Elgin for cream collected by our teams on the routes. This creamery is strictly co-operative being owned entirely by farmers. O. J. Leu,

To Whom it May Concern.

There is a colony of Swedes in the city of Grand Rapids who are in great need of a church. The Swedes have helped to bring the country around Grand Rapids under cultivation. Some of them want to retire and settle down in this city providing they find such church facilities here as they can find in other cities. Several families have located here now and others are contemplating to move here in the near future. Those who are born in the old country, Sweden or Finland, prefer to hear the word of God in their mother tongue and their children brought up here in this country, will for some time keep up Swedish as their church language. The transition must be gradual and normal.

The Swedes are considered a good acquisition to any city. They have been a power for good in all the cities where they have colonized.

Years ago a little congregation was organized here in the city, and a property was secured for church purpose. A part of the living house on the lot purchased has been used as a chapel, but is is entirely too inadequate now since the attendance has increased.

It might be said that there are too many churches in Grand Rapids already, but is would be better to say that there are too many places dedicated to sin and vice. And furthermore, suppose that everyone in Grand Rapids should attend church on the Lord's Day, would the churches in the city have seating capacity for all? There are not too many ministers, I am sure. The Congregational minister might be able to care for all the members of the Methodist, the Congregational and the Baptist churches, and so perhaps the Methodist minister might be able to care for the Congregational, the Methodist and the Baptist communicants, but the Congregationalists would not turn Methodists or Baptists, nor would the Baptists or Methodists turn Congregationalists in order to eliminate one or two churches and thus decrease the cost of labor. It is better that each one go ahead with the good work and that the stronger carry the burden of the weak, than to waste one word about such unifaction, because it would create more harm than good. There is a greater, more true union in this that we are all brethern and that we have one Lord.

It would be quite impossible for an English speaking minister of whatever denomination he might be to to labor satisfactorily among the Scandinavians or Germans in this vicinity. The Norwegian and German pastors have all they can do in several scattered congregations and so has the Swedish pastor in his corner of the Lord's vineyard, and they are each specially adapted for this work among their own people.

The little Swedish congregation in Grand Rapids helps to support a minister in the field. Without this support it would be impossible to keep a minister. And Grand Rapids is the logical center from which he can reach neighboring colonies.

There is a possibility that in a few years from hence there will be a large congregation of Swedes here in Grand Rapids. All depends on how we succeed in our church work. Will you be one of them who in after years would say, "I invited the Swedes here by giving a large contribution toward their church building, and I am glad of it?"

Dear friend, come to our assistance now. Help those who have labored so hard to increase the value of land in this neighborhood and who are now bodily tired and want to retire. Help them to obtain that spiritual comfort in their old age which they long for so that they may feel at home in Grand Rapids.

On behalf of the Swedish Zion church.

Julius A. Nordling, Pastor.

Council Proceedings.

Council Chamber, June 3rd, 1913.

Council met in regular session Mayor Cohen presiding.

Present, Aldermen Bamberg, Ketchum, Gaulke, McCarthy Edw., Getzlaff, Plenke, Lukaseski, Yeschke, Pribbanow, Wittrock, Damon, Tomsyck, Grain and Jeffrey. Absent, Aldermen Davis and McCarthy E. T.

On motion the reading of the minutes of the last meeting of the council were dispensed with.

The committee on general business reported on the petition of W. E. Morgan and others for a street lamp at the corner of Sixth and Arbor streets recommending that the petition be granted.

On motion the report was adopted by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The sidewalk committee reported on the petition of J. R Ragan and others for a crossing over 8th street north so as to connect the sidewalk on the south side of Washington Ave. with the sidewalk on the west side of 8th Street North recommending that the petition be granted.

On motion the report was adopted by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The street committee reported on the petition of Chas E. Briere and F. G. Gilkey for a street in Section 12, T. 22, R 5 E. recommending that the city engineer and superintendent of public works be instructed to find what the cost of the street would be.

On motion the report was accepted and petition referred to Engineer Philleo and Supt. Schuman with instructions to find what the street would cost.

The report of Supt. of Public Work Schuman was presented and on motion accepted and ordered placed on file.

Health Officer Pomainville reported on the complaint against Mr. Lynn's barn stating that he had examined the premises and found the barn and out buildings in a very cleanly and sanitary condition and that if complaint had been made regarding the sanitary conditions it was unjust and unreasonable.

On motion the report was accepted and ordered placed on file.

The street committee reported on the petition of T. A. Taylor and others praying your honorable body to vacate that part of First Avenue south lying within Lyon Park addition recommending that the petition be denied.

On motion the report was accepted and petition denied.

The committee that was appointed at the last meeting of the council to meet with the Electric & Water Co., to ascertain if any compromise could be made with said company with regard to price etc, reported that they met with said Electric Company and after much discussion were unable to do anything in said matter.

On motion the report was accepted and ordered placed on file.

Moved and seconded that the city pay Geo. W. Baker $3625 00 for the westerly 20 feet off the entire end of lots 2 and 3, Neeve's First and Second addition to the city of Grand Rapids.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The board of public works reported that at their meeting this forenoon all bids for paving had been rejected.

On motion the report was accepted by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll and the clerk instructed to readvertise for bids for paving, bids to be opened June 27th, 1913, at two o'clock in the afternoon. The board of public works reported that they received a bid of $170 00 from M. C. Jacobson for the McCarthy building

Moved and seconded that the bid of $170.00 from M. C Jacobson for the McCarthy building be accepted and that the building be removed within twenty days.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The board of public works reported that at their meeting this forenoon the bid of G. O. Weeks on the 9th street sewer was the lowest.

Moved and seconded that G. O. Weeks be awarded the 9th street sewer job and that the work be under strict inspection of the Supt of Public Works.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The Board of Public Works reported that the bid of W. T. Jones was the lowest on the Chestnut street sewer.

Moved and seconded that W. T. Jones be awarded the Chestnut sewer job and that the work be under strict inspection of the Supt. of Public Works.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the Clerk calling the roll.

Moved and seconded that the board of review be the same members as last year which were the Mayor, Clerk, City Attorney, Supervisor McCamley, Alderman Jeffrey and Ketchum.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The Mayor appointed alderman Getzloff, Edw. F. McCarthy and Pribbanow, a committee for the purpose of considering applications for liquor sellers licenses and pharmacists permits.

There was a petition presented signed by N. Tomsyck and six others praying your honorable body to construct a sewer and waterman on 7th Ave. South from the intersection of 7th Avenue south with Grand Ave. in a southerly direction a distance about three blocks.

On motion the petition was referred to the sewer and waterworks committees.

There was a petition presented with eleven signers for a street light at the intersection of 7th and Wisconsin streets

On motion the petition was referred to the committee on general business.

There was a petition presented with fifteen signers for an arc light at the intersection of 9th and Wisconsin streets.

On motion the petition was referred to the committee on general business.

There was a petition presented signed by James A. Bogie and five others praying your honorable body to cause to be constructed a standard side walk along the east side of 10th street north between Oak and Baker streets.

On motion the petition was referred to the sidewalk committee.

On motion by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll the following bills were allowed.

Wisconsin Granite Co., crushed stone	161 87
H. Channon Co., blacksmith kit	45 25
Northwestern stamp works, dog tags	6 50
Wood County Tel. Co., May service	21 50
E. W Ellis Lbr. Co., load wood	3 00
Wood County Post G. A. R. No. 22, Decoration Day expense	39 44
J. H. Linderman, witness fees	4 50
Geo. P. Hambrecht extra service	49 00
Kellogg Bros Lbr. Co., lumber and cement	84 98
G. R. Foundry Co., casting etc	118 71
Griesbach & Keip blacksmithing	12 70
W. A. Marling Lbr. Co., lumber and cement	96 05
J. E. Farley, sewer pipe	11 69
Bossert Coal Co., cement walk	100 00
Bossert Coal Co., coal	36 55
Rasmussen Cement Co., cement work	98 95
Frank Pomainville, medical inspection of city schools	300 90
Anton Anderson, burying dog	1 00
Electric & Water Co., lights	301 14
Fritsingers Insurance agency, premium on insurance	22 00
J. D. Smith, hardware	24 97
E. E Ames recording deeds	1 25
Anderson Carriage Works, repairing hose wagon	45 15
J. D. Gibson, R. R. fare Frank Lee to Chicago	5 88
Henry Goldberg, sprinkling	10 40
Wm Goldberg, sprinkling 3rd street south	$ 90 00
H. A Benjamin, copying	16 70
E. I. Philleo, May service	103 50
Wisconsin Valley Leader, printing	68 90
C & N. W. Ry. Co., freight	98 20
C. M. & St. P. Ry. Co., freight	2 30
Blackmer & Post Pipe Co., sewer pipe	103 91
Blackmer & Post Pipe Co., sewer pipe	11 47
Labor waterworks	158 91
Badger Meter Co., waterworks supplies	2 17
Windsor Mfg. Co., waterworks supplies	48 74
E. Mueller Mfg. Co., waterworks supplies	4 86
Buffalo Meter Co., waterworks supplies	3 74
National Meter Co., waterworks supplies	76
G. R. Foundry Co., waterworks supplies	2 32
John J. Jung, waterworks supplies	2 35
Geo Waterman, drayage	1 15
C. A. Philleo, drayage	2 60
Wm. Burchell, drayage	1 50
F. Lamberton, drayage	50
Electric & Water Co., pumping	259 20
Labor 17th Ave. sewer	304 18
Labor 17th Ave. sewer	106 00
Labor city at large	544 49
Labor city at large	580 79
Labor Oak St. watermain between 14th and 15th St	89 00
Labor Oak St. watermain between 14th and 15th St	107 50
Labor sewer on 16th St	101 81
Labor waterworks testing for water	4 00
Labor waterworks 17th Ave	7 72

On motion the bill of Geo. H. Kiley was referred to the city attorney.

Moved and seconded that the contract for re-roofing the east side pumping station be awarded to H. M. Beimler for $70.00 as per his bid.

Motion carried by a vote of eleven for and three against the clerk calling the roll.

The city treasurer's reports for the month of May were presented and ordered filed and spread upon the minutes.

Grand Rapids, Wis.,
June 3, 1913.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids.

Gentlemen:—I herewith submit the report of my office for the month of May.

May 1, balance in Bank	$13,822 03
May 7, rec'd First National Bank interest	6 24
Total	$13,828 27
Orders paid by Bank	2,058 24
May 8, balance	$11,770 03
May 8, transferred to Citizen's Nat'l. Bank	$11,770 03
May 9, rec'd M. G. Gordon, license to Cohn Bros. selling notions on street	5 00
May 20, rec'd Grand Rapids St. R. R. Co. street paving	476 35
June 2, rec'd Citizens' Nat'l. Bank interest	16 41
Total	$12,268 59
Orders paid by Bank	2,925 70
Balance in Bank	$ 9342 89

Respectfully submitted,
JOE WHEIR, JR.,
City Treasurer.
Grand Rapids, Wis.
June 3, 1913.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids.

Gentlemen:—I herewith submit the report of water tax collected during May, 1913.

May 1, balance in Bank	$320 39
Orders paid by Bank	305 28
Balance	$ 15 11
May 8, transferred Citizens' Nat'l. Bank	$ 15 11
Water tax collected	308 50
June 2, rec'd Citizens Nat'l. Bank interest	39
Total	$323 67
Orders paid by Bank	308 50
Balance in Bank	$ 15 17

Respectfully submitted,
JOE WHEIR, JR.
City Treasurer.

On motion council adjourned until June 27th at 8 o'clock p. m.

M. G. GORDON, Clerk. J. A. COHEN, Mayor.

Nash Grocery Co.

Call your attention to the following goods, all guaranteed, at money saving prices:

21 pounds Granulated Cane Sugar for	$1.00
4 packages fresh Corn Flakes for	25c
3 cans Oil Sardines for	10c
3 boxes White Tip Matches for	10c
1 pound Good 25c Coffee for	22c
1 large can Pork and Beans for	10c
6 pounds strictly fresh Oatmeal for	17c
3 pounds strictly fresh Crackers for	18c
3 pounds strictly fresh Ginger Snaps for	18c

FREE! FREE! One package Chums free with every sack of Flour purchased during this sale.

Hot weather is here and we are well supplied with Grape Juice, Pineapple Juice, Lemons, Etc. A good supply of all Fruits, in season, for canning will be on hand at the best prices.

Last But Not Least, we are enclosing you one of our sales slips, calling your attention to how you can save three and one-third per cent on every dollar spent. Do not pass this up as it is for your benefit. **Remember the Dates, June 9 to 14 inclusive.** Call up 550 for Fresh Vegetables daily.

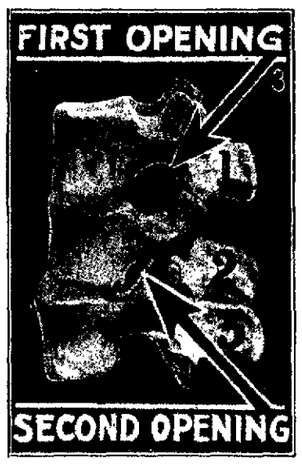
Nash Grocery Co.

West Side, - - - - - - Grand Rapids, Wis.

Your Disease is Traced to the Spine.



Pinched nerves are the real cause of disease, wherever your trouble may be. We know that nerves supply life and motion to every organ of the body. The nerves come down thru the spinal column and pass inside the holes between the bones of the back like the one marked "SECOND OPENING" and the great trunk nerve that goes through it is squeezed to a third or quarter its normal size. Do you wonder that the part of you supplied by that nerve gets out of order?



You don't notice the falls, jars, wrenches which throws these bone pieces out of line, but the local effects may make life a burden to you. You call them "Diseases" but the cause is the same for all; tho at different places along the spine.

Your remedy is simple and certain—remove the deadly nerve pressure,—you remove the cause of your sickness or disability and relieved Nature does the rest. Simple isn't it?

The following is a partial list of some of the diseases which are caused by a complete or part paralysis of the nerves governing them. The only means of PERMANENTLY removing the same being Chiropractic Adjustments.

Rheumatism, Catarrh, Female Diseases, Indigestion, Constipation, Asthma, Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Diabetes, Lumbago, Gall Stones, Gravel, Goitre, St. Vitus Dance, Paralysis, Headaches, Backache, Nervousness, Deafness, Appendicitis, Neuralgia, Billiousness, Anemia, Rickets, Dizziness, Epilepsy, Fits, Etc.

ASTHMA

To Whom it May Concern:—I have been a sufferer with Asthma for (18) eighteen years. Since taking a course of adjustments from F. T. Hoff, the Chiropractor, I have been entirely rid of the Asthma for which I had up to the time I called on Dr. Hoff found little or no relief. Very Truly Yours—Walther Covey, Grand Rapids, Wis.

I use no Drugs, no Surgery, no Osteopathy, but a science that stands out alone and is peculiar in itself, which says your nerves must be free from pressure or you cannot remain well. Chiropractic is the only way out.

No matter what your Disease, Investigate this wonderful science. Call on me TO-DAY; lets talk it over and get at the ROOT and CAUSE of your trouble.

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE.

F. T. HOFF,
CHIROPRACTOR
Office over Daly's Drug Store
Rooms 8-9. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Phone 599.

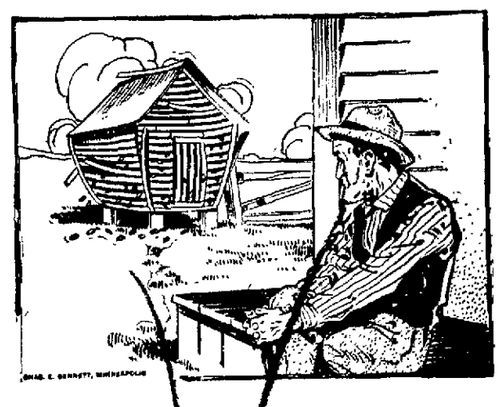


It is certainly not a comfortable feeling to know that if burglars or fire should invade your home, they could so easily find your money. Our bank has vaults for taking care of your money. It was built for that purpose, with strong locks and thick walls. Why not put your money in the bank and have PEACE OF MIND, and that secure feeling of knowing that it is in safe hands.

Do YOUR banking with US. We pay 3 per cent interest compounded semi-annually.

Bank of Grand Rapids,

WEST SIDE



Can't Stand the Pressure

No use sitting around thinking about it. Your old corn cribs simply won't stand the pressure any longer. You've put it off too long already. A new crib you must have, and you might as well make up your mind right now that you've got to build—and that mighty soon.

We call your attention to cribs this week because we have a particularly fine stock of bone dry cribbing material on which we are making very attractive prices.

Don't wait any longer, but make it a point to call and see us the next time you're in town You'll find our prices on all lumber very satisfactory.

W. A. MARLING LUMBER CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

CANADA'S OFFERING TO THE SETTLER

THE AMERICAN RUSH TO WESTERN CANADA IS INCREASING



Free Homesteads

In the new Districts of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta there are thousands of Free Homesteads left, which to the man making entry in a few years time will be worth from $20 to $50 per acre. These lands are well adapted to grain growing and cattle raising.

EXCELLENT RAILWAY FACILITIES

In many cases the railways in Canada have been built in advance of settlement, and in a short time there will not be a settler who need be more than ten or twelve miles from a line of railway. Railway Rates are regulated by Government Commission.

Social Conditions

The American Settler is at home in Western Canada. He is not a stranger in a strange land, having nearly a million of his own people already settled there. If you desire to know why the condition of the Canadian Settler is prosperous write and send for literature, rates, etc., to

GEO. A. HALL
123 2nd Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
Canadian Government Agent, or address Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

Do you realize the fact that thousands of women are now using

Paxtine

A Soluble Antiseptic Powder

as a remedy for mucous membrane affections, such as sore throat, nasal or pelvic catarrh, inflammation or ulceration, caused by female ills? Women who have been cured say "it is worth its weight in gold." Dissolve in water and apply locally. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women.

For all hygienic and toilet uses it has no equal. Only 50c a large box at Druggists or sent postpaid on receipt of price. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 23-1913.

So strong is habit that when first a burden falls from our shoulders we feel discomfort in the loss.

As often as not it is the consciousness of a lack, not of a possession, that prompts us to preach or to brag.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

All Right.

Cook—There is sand in this sugar.

Grocer's Boy—That's all right if you use it for the dessert.

All Dead.

"Do you suppose there are any men who can prove they had no vices?"

"Certainly."

"Where's their proof?"

"On their tombstones."

Wayside Philosophy.

"Easy Street must be a nice street to live on," remarked the first hobo.

"That's nothing to me," declared the second wayfarer. "I never found that the alley back of it provided anything extra in the way of pickings."

May Win Later.

"What's the matter, old chap?"

"I have lost my girl. And that's the second I have lost this spring."

"Well, the baseball sharps all agree that it's better to do your losing early in the season."

A Careful Parent.

"Tommy, when can I interview your scout captain?"

"I'll make an engagement for you, dad. What do you want?"

"Want to see if there is anything in the rules to prevent your putting in a ton of coal tomorrow afternoon."

Must Be Reckless.

"Women, like a brave man," remarked the first chappie.

"That's right," assented the other chappie. "A feller's got to be reckless where women are concerned. If a girl offers you a kiss, wade right in. Don't stop to ascertain if her lips have been sterilized."

Through the Phone.

"Hello! Is that the information editor?"

"Yes."

"There's a question I'd like to ask you, to settle a family dispute."

"Well?"

"Which is the proper implement to use in eating a beef stew—a tablespoon or a fork?"

The Verdict.

A Chicago politician invited his cousin from the old country and had him appointed a smoke inspector. This was in the old days. He was turned loose to inspect without any instructions whatever, and this is the report he rendered at the end of the first month:

"I certify that I have inspected the smoke of this city for the thirty days past. I find plenty of smoke and apparently of good quality. Respectfully submitted."

MEMORY IMPROVED.
Since Leaving Off Coffee.

Many persons suffer from poor memory who never suspect coffee has anything to do with it.

The drug—caffeine—in coffee, acts injuriously on the nerves and heart, causing imperfect circulation, too much blood in the brain at one time, too little in another part. This often causes a dullness which makes a good memory nearly impossible.

"I am nearly seventy years old and did not know that coffee was the cause of the stomach and heart trouble I suffered from for many years, until about four years ago," writes a Kansas woman.

"A kind neighbor induced me to quit coffee and try Postum. I had been suffering severely and was greatly reduced in flesh. After using Postum a little while I found myself improving. My heart beats became regular and now I seldom ever notice any symptoms of my old stomach trouble at all. My nerves are steady and my memory decidedly better than while I was using coffee.

"I like the taste of Postum fully as well as coffee."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Write for booklet, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms.

Regular (must be boiled).

Instant Postum doesn't require boiling but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in an ordinary cup of hot water, which makes it right for most persons.

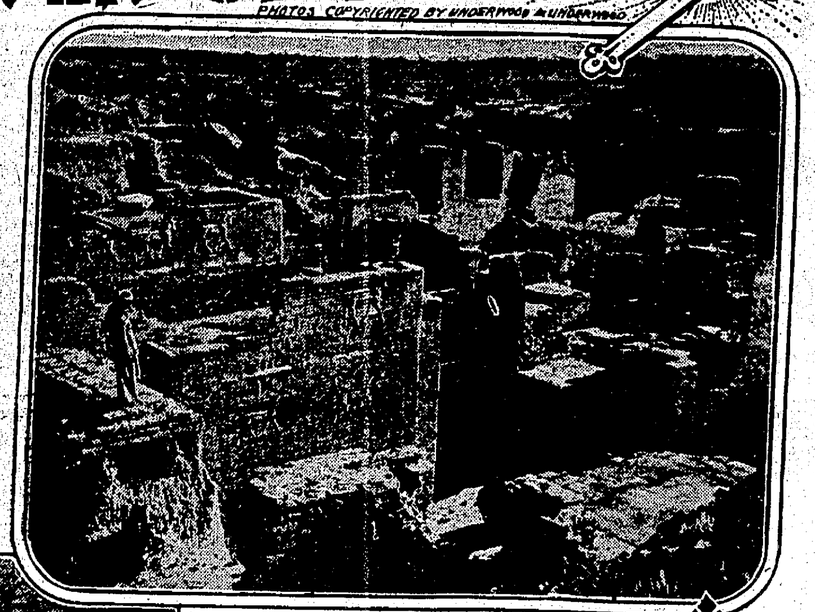
A big cup requires more and some people who like strong things put in a heaping spoonful and temper it with a large supply of cream.

Experiment until you know the amount that pleases your palate and have it served that way in the future.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

THE TOWER OF BABEL

PHOTOS COPYRIGHTED BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD



RUIN and desolation mark the site of the ancient biblical city of Babylon. Where, "by the water of Babylon," the Jewish nation "sat down and wept," stand today staggering walls of an old-time splendor. Until a few years ago what had once been the "cradle of civilization" was covered with the dirt and dust of ages, but in 1900 a number of German archaeologists cleared away the debris, in part, and uncovered portions of the royal city.

The work is still being carried on and the photographs here reproduced are the first to reach America showing the results of the German savants' labor of love. For twelve years Prof. Robert Koldewey, director of archaeological research in Babylon, assisted by Dr. Oscar Reuther, has carried on his work, supported by the emperor of Germany.

On the site shown in one of the pictures the Tower of Babel once stood. This is the scene of the confusion of tongues of the biblical story. Several sites have been assigned to the tower. That this is the true site is the conclusion of Dr. Koldewey and his associates in the expedition sent out by the Deutsche Orientgesellschaft of Berlin. Other scholars who have sought to locate the site have lacked the evidence obtained by Dr. Koldewey in his extensive researches.



ENTRANCE TO PASSAGE CONNECTING TOWER OF BABEL WITH TEMPLE OF ESAGILA

Only the site is left. Time and war and the elements assailed the tower. For twenty centuries it crumbled. It was a quarry of building materials for man. Practically Babylonia was left unexplored until the last quarter of the nineteenth century. Before that the work of destruction had been completed. In the last century modern towns and villages in the vicinity carted off or floated down the Euphrates the last bricks of the foundation of the Tower of Babel. The foundation was over 300 feet square, a huge, bulky mass. Hillah, a modern Arab town, four miles south of it, was built with the bricks of the ancient city. Thus perished the pride of Babylon.

The temple of Esagila, the most important Babylonian sanctuary brought to light, was a part of the Tower of Babel. Its ruins were uncovered by the German archaeologists after digging a hole forty feet deep that was as broad as the mouth of a volcano. The two walls in the center of the picture mark the entrance to the passage, a quarter of a mile long, which connected the steep pyramid of Etomenanki, known in the Bible as the Tower of Babel, with this temple.

Because of the depth of the debris caused by the action of the centuries which have veiled the earth here the entire foundation of the Tower of Babel has not yet been excavated, but tunnels at the floor level have been bored into the sides until the temple walls were properly established and then the whole edifice was measured.

This is the oldest and most momentous ruin on account of its connection with the Tower of Babel, and the bricks which once represented massive masonry are now so brittle that one can crush them between the fingers.

In the picture showing the ruins of Babylon the man on the left stands upon the remains of the brick pavement which was part of the long street named after Daniel, who, no doubt, himself traversed its length many times. In the ruins on the right, in the hollow, there is the gate named after the goddess Ishtar. This is the most prominent and best preserved ruin in Babylon. Its walls are adorned with reliefs of bulls, the holy animal of Nebo, and dragons, the holy animal of the god Marduk. It was through this gate that the processional road of the god of Marduk led, and passing it and turning to the right, it led on to Nebuchadnezzar's throne hall.

The excavations have brought to light many curious specimens of the work of the ancient people of Babylon. The largest piece of sculpture yet unearthed is that of a huge lion chiseled out of an enormous block of granite brought down the Euphrates on a raft from Mesopotamia. It shows a lion standing over a prostrate man. The work is crude and probably is a product of the very earliest art of Babylon. The sculptor typifies the superiority of the lion's strength over man's. Some coffins of the middle class were also found. They were of burned clay and like bathtubs in shape. Some of them were very short because of the custom of the Assyrians and Babylonians of burying their dead in a sitting position, with the head between the knees.



RUINS OF BABYLON

MOVING DAY IN ANCIENT BABYLON

These sarcophagi were depositetd often in round roofed tombs, in some of which have been found the bones of the dead of 2,500 years ago. Many of these coffins have been discovered in the excavations about the dwellings of the middle classes.

While German research has definitely fixed the location of the Tower of Babel, the origin of the biblical story of the confusion of tongues has not been found in Babylon. That it is a world myth is the conclusion of scholars. It is interesting to note that a similar legend is found in Central America in connection with the pyramid of Cholula, which was also intended to reach the heavens and which brought disaster to its builders.

But if this legend has not been verified by research the discoveries which have rewarded the labors of explorers and archaeologists in Babylonia have been many and of the highest value. Innumerable tablets have been collected which when deciphered will throw light upon a civilization which was born more than six thousand years ago. The oldest temple in the world has been unearthed at Bisya. Large square blocks have been discovered which date back to the reign of Sargon I., 3,800 years before Christ. Even older is a platform built of the peculiar convex bricks used in B. C. 4500. Inscriptions on bricks found in the temple at Bisya are stamped with the name of Dungi, B. C. 2750. A crumpled piece of gold bears the name of Param Sim, B. C. 3750. So much for the age of the antiquities of Babylon. The best preserved edifice of ancient Babylon thus far unearthed is the gate of the goddess Ishtar, of which the masonry remains well nigh perfect after two thousand years of neglect.

What is even more interesting to the general public, modern research is making the Babylonians live again after thousands of years. Much is known now of their daily life, their aims and occupations, their religious ceremonies. It is possible to reconstruct something of the life of the prophet Daniel in Babylon. It is possible to follow the course of a procession in honor of the god Marduk through the gate of Ishtar to the palace of Nebuchadnezzar. The sepultures of the people and of the princes have been laid open.

Everywhere on the walls of buildings are to be seen representations of the bull, which was the sacred animal of Babylon

Though it is uncertain whether the ancient Babylonians were more civilized than their Egyptian contemporaries there is but little doubt that they were the pioneers of civilization in the whole of western Asia before Greece and Rome came to the front. Four thousand years B. C. their system of writing had already been developed, and applied also the Semitic Babylonian tongue. Fourteen hundred years B. C., as the Tell-el-Amarna tablets testify, its use extended over the whole of western Asia as far as the Mediterranean and Egypt. Though not a warlike people the Babylonians possessed more than once what might have been described at the time as a world-wide empire. They were energetic, intelligent, polished in their way and fond of letters. Excellent sculptures and engravings on hard stone exist to testify to their skill and artistic instincts. Representations of musical instruments imply also that the art of harmony was not altogether unknown to them. To this must be added agriculture, mensuration and mathematics, such as they were, and their legal enactments, codified apparently by Hammurabi, are in their way noteworthy productions. In the matter of literature we owe to them no less than three accounts of the creation, two accounts of the flood, one of them put into the mouth of the Babylonian Noah (Utnapistim or Atre-hasis), who is represented as relating it to the semi-mythical Gilgames, a primitive king of Erech. To these must be added a number of other legends, such as the story of Ure (the pestilence), Etanna, the horse and the ox, with many others—one at least, the story of Sargon of Agade, being historical.

It is difficult to judge which was the more predominant characteristic of the Babylonians, their trading instinct or their reverence for their gods, for both are equally marked. They had intercourse by means of trade with Elam on the east, Syria on the west, and many other places on the north and south. Slavery was common, and contracts concerning the buying, selling and hiring of slaves are frequently met with.

One of the pictures shows an interesting phase of present day life. How would it feel if the worry of moving could be eliminated as in the picture of the Babylonian who is moving his household goods and chattels. The Babylonian gathers his earthly possessions together, carefully arranges his furniture (in most cases a rug) on the back of his donkey or mule, and with his family comfortably seated on the pack, he starts merrily off to some place which may strike his fancy.

The transportation by any other means than that of the donkey or mule is unheard of by the Babylonian who believes that this is the mode of transportation the world over. It is only the extremely wealthy, or personages of political importance, who can afford a carriage. A journey on the back of a donkey or mule is filled with many hardships and is very slow and tedious to those unaccustomed to that mode of conveyance, but the Babylonian, knowing no better, is satisfied with his lot and thankful to Allah that he has a donkey or mule to carry him about wherever his business or fancy dictate.

GOOD HAND.

Dummy made it no trumps and put down the ace, king and queen of hearts.

"Ah, good hearts," remarked her polite opponent.

She put down the ace, king and queen of spades.

"Good spades!"

She put down the same sequence in diamonds.

"Good diamonds!"

She then displayed the ace, king, queen and knave of clubs.

"Good gracious!"

OR SOMETHING.

"What do you think of a judge as a secretary of war?"

"I think it's a good move. If the enemy should ever prove too strong for us, he can launch an injunction at 'em or take a change of venue."

MEANS OF IDENTIFICATION.

"I took my laundry ticket to a friendly Chinaman, and, after some hesitation, he translated it for me."

"What did it say?"

"Little man; ears stick out; wart on nose."

MAY CLAIM TO BE UNIQUE

Feudal Dominions of Reuss in Germany Is Absolutely Without a Parallel on Earth.

One of the oldest of Germany's feudal dominions, and decidedly the most individual, is the little province of Reuss. Both halves combined (for it consists of two distinct principalities) only comprise 441 square miles, and a third of this area is given up to that primeval forest which covers that greater part of Thuringia. And it is the larger portion, called Reuss-Schleiz-Gera (as opposed to Reuss-Greiz) over which Prince Henry XIV., whose death occurred recently, ruled.

At the time when Reuss began to be Reuss, its overlords were vogts, or prefects, under the German kings. One of these bailiffs was a certain Henry, who died in 1120 with the title of Vogt of Gera and Weida, and his descendants took the Weida title for many generations until some connection with Russia (either by residence or marriage) was the cause of changing the title to Reuss.

Then the family divided up into three branches, headed by the three sons of Henry XVI., and as one branch died of in 1616, there remained the two branches which survive today.

Since then the two sister principalities have gone on adding rulers to the double dynasty, and as all of them are christened Henry, the comparison has always been embarassing.

The head of the elder line rose from a count to be a prince of the empire in 1778, and the head of the younger in 1806. They both joined the Confederation of the Rhine in 1807, and in 1815 the German Confederation. There was a little brush between Reuss, Greiz and the authorities in 1866, owing to its avowed sympathies with Austria, but the offense was expiated by a fine, and this made little difference to a house which, like its companion, was, and is, extremely wealthy.

HAVING A PURPOSE IN LIFE

Mental Positivity, Declares Writer, Is the Key That Opens the Door of Success.

Find what you really want of life discover your highest ideal, your most advanced aspiration. Then stimulate it with the fire of desire, and the steam of will. Furnish it with mental pictures. Make mental paths for it. Warm it with faith-hope, and confident expectation. Then move straight ahead, bewaring of sidetracking or wandering into bypaths. Choose the positive thing every time, discarding the negative on every hand. See what you want, and where you are going—and then move straight to the mark, climbing over, or tunneling under, or moving around, the obstacles in your path—keeping your eye ever on the goal until you and the goal blend into each other. Be satisfied with nothing but all of that you seek for—disdain compromise except as a step from which to attain the balance of the whole. Take the half-loaf merely to sustain you until you can get the other half. Demand, demand, and reach out for that which is yours ideally, so that it may become yours in reality. Grasp it firmly when you get the chance—and then never let go! Sing the song of the positive—the glad major of progress and achievement, leaving the weaklings the minor wail of the negative. Say to yourself: I can be positive; I will be positive—yea, by the "I" within me, I am positive, right now and here!"—William Walker Atkinson, in Nautilus.

Immense Antarctic Coal Vein.

Probably the most practical discovery made by the ill-fated Scott expedition to the south pole was a great coal field, said to be at least 650 miles long. Its width has not been ascertained. Australian reports are to the effect that the coal has been analyzed and is declared to be of workable quality. It is one of the largest deposits in the world.

FUNERAL HONORS FOR A MARE

Trotter Destroyed in Fire Is Given Obsequies in Keeping With Affectionate Regard of Owner.

Betty Green, a trotting mare destroyed in a fire at Belleville, Ill., was given funeral honors in keeping with her record of 2:10 and with the affectionate regard of her owner, William H. Reichert. The body was drawn to the grave, on the Walnut Grove stock farm, by six blooded youngsters, and was lowered by stable boys. The coffin was rose lined. Mr. Reichert pronounced a eulogy after recounting the mare's track achievements.

Perhaps Betty Green's terrible form of death aroused Mr. Reichert's sympathies the more keenly, but the intense love of a great race horse by an owner is a primary sentiment. Maud S. had more friends than any horse in history, being approachable, inquisitive and fond of contact with the many whom Robert Bonner delighted in taking to her paddock.

James R. Keene mourned Sysonby as he would one of his family. This superb runner had the admiration of the east without the popularity of Maud S., a trotter and a record breaker in times when trotting was the consuming passion. Mr. Keene, who never bet on the races, was to have Sysonby's remains preserved, but his only monument is his unique position among American thoroughbreds.

HAIR CAME OUT IN BUNCHES

813 E. Second St., Muncie, Ind.—"My little girl had a bad breaking out on the scalp. It was little white lumps. The pimples would break out as large as a common pinhead all over her head. They would break and run yellow matter. She suffered nearly a year with itching and burning. It was sore and itched all the time. The matter that ran from her head was very thick. I did not comb her hair very often, her head was too sore to comb it, and when I did comb, it came out in bunches. Some nights her head itched so bad she could not sleep.

"I tried several different soaps and ointments, also patent medicine, but nothing could I get to stop it. I began using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment this summer after I sent for the free samples. I used them and they did so much good I bought a cake of Cuticura Soap and some Cuticura Ointment. I washed her head with Cuticura Soap and rubbed the Cuticura Ointment in the scalp every two weeks. A week after I had washed her head three times you could not tell she ever had a breaking out on her head. Cuticura Soap and Ointment also made the hair grow beautifully." (Signed) Mrs. Emma Patterson, Dec. 22, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Tanbark as a Fuel.

Perhaps the most important of waste fuels in the United States has been spent tanbark. A rough estimate would indicate that this material generated a few years ago an amount of steam that would have otherwise required the yearly consumption of about 2,000,000 tons of high grade coal. Yet this valuable fuel was at one time considered a mere detriment and an expense to the leather industry. It was disposed of by dumping it into rivers, filling in waste ground and by making roads with it, often necessitating the paying out of large sums for its disposition. This strikingly illustrates a case of how the improvement of a furnace converted a hitherto supposed combustible into a valuable waste fuel of the auto—combustible class, and shows how an enormous waste was converted into an equally great economy.—Engineering Magazine.

Exonerating the Kingbird.

The department of agriculture has granted a certificate of good character to the kingbird, sometimes known in the rural districts as the bee martin, a species of fly catcher which inhabits nearly every part of the United States. The kingbird has been under indictment in many sections as a destroyer of bees and a foe of apiarists.

Experts now declare that it kills only the drones and the useless bees, and is, therefore, a boon to the bee raiser. Besides that, it preys on many harmful insects and protects farmers' chicken yards from depredations of crows and chicken hawks, which it savagely attacks.

Way With Most of Us.

Mayor Gaynor, at a dinner in New York, discussed the arguments of a very young and very cocksure lawyer.

"This young chap from the country," said the mayor, "would do well to follow—instead of trying to lead—older, wiser, and more experienced men than himself. But——"

The mayor sighed whimsically.

"Heigho!" he said. "Some men never have any respect for gray hairs till after they've acquired a few of their own."

Not Worth It.

"Why did you name the baby Nebuchadnezzar?"

"His Uncle Nebuchadnezzar has promised to leave him $5,000."

"The boy may not thank you in after life. I think he'd rather go out and earn $5,000 than to carry around that name."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

His Heir.

Mrs. Newedd (to tramp)—Aren't you the man wro called here last week?

Tramp—You mean the pore feller you gave the 'ome-made pie to? No, mum, I ain't him. He left me his ol' togs when he pegged out, dat's all.

ASK FOR ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, the Antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes. Relieves Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sweating feet, Blisters and Callous spots. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y. Adv.

Always Trying.

"He's always trying to start something."

"A scrapper, eh?"

"No, he owns a motorcycle."

It Depends.

"Don't you adore the voices of the night?"

"Not if the baby has the colic."

THE LURE OF THE WEST

WESTERN CANADA ATTRACTING THOUSANDS OF SETTLERS.

Writing on the Canadian West, an eastern exchange truthfully says:

"The West still calls with imperative voice. To prairie and mountain, and for the Pacific Coast, Ontario's young men and women are attracted by tens of thousands yearly. The great migration has put an end to the fear, freely expressed not many years ago by those who knew the West from the lakes to the farther coast of Vancouver Island, that Canada would some day break in two because of the predominance of Continental European and American settlers in the West."

This is true. While the immigration from the United States is large, running close to 150,000 a year, that of the British Isles and Continental Europe nearly twice that number, making a total of 400,000 per year, there is a strong influx from Eastern Canada. It is not only into the prairie provinces that these people go, but many of them continue westward, the glory of British Columbia's great trees and great mountains, the excellent agricultural valleys, where can be grown almost all kinds of agriculture and where fruit has already achieved prominence. Then the vast expanse of the plains attract hundreds of thousands, who at once set to work to cultivate their vast holdings. There is still room, and great opportunity in the West. The work of man's hands, even in the cities with their record-breaking building rush, is the smallest part of the great panorama that is spread before the eye on a journey through the country. Nature is still supreme, and man is still the divine pigmy audaciously seeking to impose his will and stamp his mark upon an unconquered half continent.

The feature that most commends itself in Western development today is the "home-making spirit." The West will find happiness in planting trees and making gardens and building schools and colleges and universities, and producing a home environment so that there will be no disposition to regard the country as a temporary place of abode in which everyone is trying to make his pile preparatory to going back East or becoming a lotus-eater beside the Pacific.

The lure of the West is strong. It will be still stronger when the crude new towns and villages of the plains are embowered in trees and vocal with the song of birds.—Advertisement.

Convicts College Students.

More than fifty convicts are enrolled at the State Agricultural College at Manhattan, taking the various courses offered at the college. They are, so far as is known, the only convict college students in the United States. Few, if any, of the convicts have ever seen the college building, and it will be some time before any of them can see it, but nevertheless they are enrolled students doing regular work.

All the convict college students are inmates of the United States penitentiary here. They do their class work in their cells and mail their lesson papers to the college for correction. Some of the convicts are studying agriculture, some civil engineering, others mechanics, and some are studying dairying. Nearly all of the students enrolled in the agricultural or dairy courses are men employed on the prison farm or in the dairy.—Leavenworth Dispatch to New York Times.

Parliamentary Suspension.

Sir Henry Lucy drops a hint from the "Cross Benches" in the Observer as to the "suspension" of members of the house—and the vagueness of the penalty. Can it be true that members get themselves named and suspended on purpose to achieve a compulsory holiday? Eight pounds a week will make for modest comfort at Brighton or Eastbourne. The member of parliament is paid whether he is in the house or at Margate or in the Clock Tower. Budapest has a more drastic way. If the member is suspended he is fined 16 shillings a day. That teaches him to behave. Now that we pay our representatives we might make payment conditional on their representing us in the proper place.—London Chronicle.

A New Metal.

Some remarkable qualities are claimed for steelite, a new metal which is composed of 75 per cent. of cobalt and the remainder of chromium. It may be cast and ground to a fine edge, is impervious to rust and the action of acids and highly flexible. As a lathe tool it will cut steel at the rate of 200 feet a minute, a speed at which steel would ordinarily burn. Certain modifications of this alloy will cut glass, and even quartz crystals. Steelite is said to be particularly suitable for watch fittings.

Absent-Minded? Oh, No!

Two absent-minded college professors were walking together on the street.

"Do you know," said one, "I must have a double. The other day a woman stopped me on the street and asked:

"'Your name is Mr. Kennington, isn't it?'"

"Well, well!" his friend replied, "and was it?"

Both Ways.

"Who is back of this show?"

"John Jenks—away back. I believe the sheriff is in front."

Omaha is trying girls as telegraph messengers.

Chicago's Schools in 1912 cost the city $27,399,275.

HAIR CUT BY A SQUIRREL

Rodent Barber Gets Busy on Thatch of Sleeping Oregon Photographer.

Ernest J. Bloom, a protographer of Hood River, Ore., who has been passing the last two weeks at the ranch of R. E. Scott, secretary of the Commercial club, returned home with a portion of his hair gone.

Mr. Bloom had been working in the garden and making a lawn on the ranch. He was taking a nap after lunch when a squirrel that had been making its home in the house this winter, evidently thinking his long black locks would make an excellent lining for a nest, trimmed off a portion of the hair while he slept.

"The rodent's teeth must have been sharp," says the photographer, "for I could scarcely feel him at work there cutting away the hair. I must have moved in my sleep and in his excitement he evidently pulled some of the hairs out instead of cutting them. This awoke me and I let out a yell that almost frightened the squirrel to death."—Portland Oregonian.

In Jail.

Sympathetic Visitor—Can't you do something to make life smooth for these poor men?

Practical Officer—Sure, lady. Don't we iron them?

Hunger never kicks because the tablecloth is soiled.

HOW THIS WOMAN FOUND HEALTH

Would not give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for All Rest of Medicine in the World.



Utica, Ohio.—"I suffered everything from a female weakness after baby came. I had numb spells and was dizzy, had black spots before my eyes, my back ached and I was so weak I could hardly stand up. My face was yellow, even my fingernails were colorless and I had displacement. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now I am stout, well and healthy. I can do all my own work and can walk to town and back and not get tired. I would not give your Vegetable Compound for all the rest of the medicines in the world. I tried doctor's medicines and they did me no good."—Mrs. MARY EARLEWINE, R.F.D. No. 3, Utica, Ohio.

Another Case.

Nebo, Ill.—"I was bothered for ten years with female troubles and the doctors did not help me. I was so weak and nervous that I could not do my work and every month I had to spend a few days in bed. I read so many letters about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound curing female troubles that I got a bottle of it. It did me more good than anything else I ever took and now it has cured me. I feel better than I have for years and tell everybody what the Compound has done for me. I believe I would not be living to-day but for that."—Mrs. HETTIE GREENSTREET, Nebo, Illinois.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

DAISY FLY KILLER



placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. All dealers or sent express paid for $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

RAT-EXIT



Most Economical and Effective Remedy. In Self-sealing boxes, convenient to handle. At all druggists, 15, 25 and 75c.

RATS MICE ROACHES

Wisconsin Pharmacal Co Manufacturers Milwaukee, Wis

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves any irritation caused by dust, sun or wind. Booklet free.

JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N.Y.

LADIES Get wise. Improve your own beauty and appearance. Particulars free. PURDUE SPECIALTY CO., BRADFORD BLDG., HOUSTON, PA.

INDIAN RELICS WANTED of copper and stone. Write and tell me what you have. H. P. HAMILTON, Two Rivers, Wis.

Milwaukee Directory

FREE TO EVERY WOMAN who writes, one copy of "Ladies' Cyclopedia of Health and Beauty." This book tells how to cultivate health and beauty, what to use, and how to use it

THE K. & G. SPECIALTY COMPANY
638-640 THIRD AVE. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00 SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN

BEST BOYS SHOES in the WORLD $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.



The largest makers of Men's $3.50 and $4.00 shoes in the world.

Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50 shoes. Just as good in style, fit and wear as other makes costing $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. Shoes in all leathers, styles and shapes to suit everybody. If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price.

If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from the factory and save the middleman's profit. Shoes for every member of the family, at all prices, by Parcel Post, postage free. Write for Illustrated Catalog. It will show you how to order by mail, and why you can save money on your footwear.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

W. L. DOUGLAS - - Brockton, Mass.

CAUTION See that W. L. Douglas name is stamped on the bottom.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

SOMETHING FOR YOU!

An 8 room house on east side for rent.

Corner lot on 8th and Wisconsin streets at a big bargain on very easy terms. Other desirable building lots for sale.

A number of homes and residences for sale at from $750 to $4500. A fine modern 9 room house and barn on one of the best corners in city at a genuine bargain. Easy terms. It costs nothing to see and investigate for yourself.

Fruit and truck farm close to Grand Rapids for sale or owner will take home in city as part payment. Also have clay loam 120 improved farm to trade for city residence.

$1800 to loan in small or large amounts at 6 per cent on good real estate security.

A few settings of eggs, at one-half regular price, from my prize winning Minorcas. If you want the best of layers, large eggs, and fine eating, try a setting.

Should be pleased to write your Fire or Tornado Insurance.

J. H. LINDERMAN

PHONE 111 or 612

Abstracts of Title

No business deal, in which the purchase of Real Estate or the loaning of money on the same is concerned, it too large nor too small to require the furnishing of an Abstract of Title. Having an Abstract of Title is business sense.

No business man considers a Real Estate deal these days without requiring an Abstract of Title. Why? Because so many mistakes exist in the titles to land that an Abstract of Title is the only way of learning the condition of the title. Men who have owned property for years and who have been resting secure that their title to the land was perfect, have found out upon making a sale of the property, and having an Abstract of Title made of the same, that many mistakes exist in their titles. Some of these mistakes take months to correct and frequently a sale is lost because the purchaser will not wait for the perfecting of the title. Get an Abstract of your Title now, have the same examined by a competent attorney and learn if any mistakes exist in your title which would hinder a sale of the property.

And in Abstracts of Title as in everything else, remember that the cheapest is likely to be the most expensive.

C. E. BOLES

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Mortgage Loans, Real Estate, Abstracts of Title and Insurance. Established 1902

Lyon Block 'Phone 322

Kellner Coal Co.

Coal and Wood

Don't Forget US when you need anything in the line of fuel

Telephone 305

THE CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK OF GRAND RAPIDS

Our little HOUSEHOLD SAVINGS BANKS on display in our window are going fast; better not be disappointed by being too late; these strong little banks are loaned to depositors who start an account of ONE DOLLAR or more in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT; 3 per cent interest paid on Savings and Certificates of Deposit; we still continue to issue our SAVINGS BOOKS containing a special deposit of ONE DOLLAR to every new baby born in the city or vicinity, providing the parents furnish us with the name of their new child.

Citizens National Bank

Capital $100,000 Surplus $10,000

"A Bank for All The People."

Grand Rapids, . Wisconsin

D. M. HUNTINGTON

AUTO GARAGE

All kinds of repair work done at reasonable prices.

Auto Supplies and Lubricating Oils

Auto Tires and Tubes always in stock.

Gas Tanks in Stock.

Agency for the

Ford Automobile

LOCAL ITEMS.

W. A. Owen is in Neenah attending the G. A. R. encampment.

Judge Salter of Colby, transacted business in the city on Monday.

Leslie Hougen was a business visitor in Milwaukee on Monday.

Miss Mary Mulroy submitted to an operaton on her throat on Tuesday.

Mrs. S. N. Whittlesey of Cranmoor was in the city shopping on Monday.

—Bargain prices prevail at Daly's theatre. All seats 10c.

J. J. Emmerick of Cranmoor was a business visitor in the city on Monday.

Prof. Herman Kell and Mrs. Dietz are engaged in taking the school census.

E. E. Topham of Dancy was in the city on Tuesday to attend the stock fair.

Mrs. C. A. Boorman and son Carol are visiting with relatives in Madison this week.

Russell Hansen left for Merrill on Monday to look after some work for the Rood Construction Co.

Fred Babcock of Wausau was a guest at the home of his sister, Mrs. Guy Getts over Sunday.

—Friday night, amateur night at Daly's theatre. 3 big cash prizes. Call at Daly's drug store for particulars.

The Milwaukee Journal says it is not a democratic party paper. Who in thunder ever accused it of being one?

Frank Frisble of Pine River spent several days in the city the past week visiting at the Archie McMillan home.

Next Sunday morning and evening Rev. Henry R. Heisé of New England, N. D., will occupy the pulpit of the First Moravian church.

Misses Nettie Kluge, Ida Hammer and Clara Carlson returned on Friday from Chicago where they spent several days sight seeing.

—Why does Lucky Sam outsell all other 5c cigars? Because it is really a 10c cigar sold for 5c.—4t. Ad.

Mrs. Nettie Will, of Eau Claire, who has been visiting with her parents Mr. nd Mrs. A. L. Akey at Biron returned to her home Saturday.

Joe Fitch of Cranmoor, secretary of the Wisconsin Cranberry Growers Association, has returned from a two weeks trip to Massachusetts.

Mrs. H. F. Podawiltz and daughter, Mrs. James Bogie, departed on Monday for a weeks visit with her son, Arthur Podawiltz at Eau Claire.

Miss Beryl Thompson, who has been teaching at Bewabik, Minn., the past season, is home to spend the vacation with her father, J. S. Thompson.

Miss Agnes Mulroy, who is studying for trained nurse at St. Marys hospital Milwaukee, is home for a two weeks visit with her father, Patrick Mulroy.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Carlson of Sparta arrived in the city on Monday evening to attend the wedding of his sister, Nina, to Daniel E. Hansen, on Tuesday.

Mrs. George L. Williams departed on Tuesday for Thief River Falls, Minn., where she will spend several weeks visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. M. Arpin.

The annual Children's Day services were held at the Congregational church on Sunday evening and a large congregation was present to see what the young people had to offer.

Nic Gross has resigned his position at the Dixon House Buffet and leaves this week for an extended trip thru the west and Canada. If Mr. Gross finds the west to his liking he intends to move out there.

Messrs. J. R. Ragan, Ferdinand Link Frank Kubisiak, and John Nash of Nekoosa departed on Monday in the Link auto for Eau Claire to attend the state convention of Catholic Foresters.

—Why does Lucky Sam outsell all other 5c cigars? Because it is really a 10c cigar sold for 5c.—4t. Ad.

The J. B. Arpin and Nic Reiland families departed on Monday in their autos for Appleton where they will visit for some time at the home of their parents, Mr and Mrs. Weiland.

E. J. Akey, a former Grand Rapids resident, spent the past week in the city visiting with relatives and friends. Mr. Akey is at present employed by the LaFeria Land Syndicate of Des Moines, Towa.

Oscar Crotteau, the genial clothing salesman at the Johnson & Hill Co.'s store, purchased the 40 acre farm in the town of Rudolph known as the Provost farm. Oscar was born and raised in the town of Rudolph and while he does not intend to go farming at present, some day he might locate out there.

—The Haines-Greenfield Stock Co. playing a summer engagement of 5 weeks at Daly's theatre, are playing to packed houses and are pleasing their patrons. They change plays 3 times a week. If you have not seen this excellent play, you arey certainl missing one of the treats of the season. All seats are ten cents.

Quite heavy frosts visited this section on Saturday and Sunday nights and the result was that large patches of potatoes were quite badly frozen in some places. It is probable these will grow up again but the setback will make them considerably later than they would otherwise have been. While the weather so far this spring has been unusually cool, still most of the winter grains present a fine appearance.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Newman of Sartell, Minn., spent several days in the city the past week visiting with friends and relatives, while on their way to Plover for an extended visit. Mr. Newman is recuperating from a severe attack of rheumatism which confined him to his bed for two months Mr. Newman, since leaving here several years ago has been employed as electrician in the paper mill at Sartell.

Appleton Post:—Otto R. Roenius of Grand Rapids, president of the Grand Rapids Foundry company, was in the city yesterday, having stopped off here purposely to see the new Elks building. Mr. Roenius declares that Grand Rapids Elks, although they are only 160 in number, are contemplating building a home. He was greatly impressed with the Appleton club house, but says it is too large and elaborate for a lodge the size of the one at Grand Rapids.

An effort has been made during the past week to rejuvenate or reorganize the brass band in this city so as to give concerts during the ensuing summer, but the former members of the organization do not seem to take a great deal of interest in the matter. No doubt if the services of a good directo were secured, one who had some organizing ability, the boys could be gotten into line again in short order, but when the work falls onto some local man who has other business to attend to, it is rather a difficult matter to do anything.

—Daly's theatre every night 10c. A new play three times a week. All seats 10c.

George Menter returned the past week from an extended visit in the west.

John Hammer came down from Vesper Saturday to spend Sunday with his parents in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Redford visited over Sunday at Wautoma with Mrs. Redford's people.

John White, editor of the Marshfield Herald, was a business visitor in the city on Saturday.

—Why does Lucky Sam outsell all other 5c cigars? Because it is really a 10c cigar sold for 5c.—4t. Ad.

Huntington & Lessig sold Ford roadsters to Dr. D. Waters and Frank Kraemer the past week.

Mrs. E. J. Clark and children are visiting with relatives in Pipestone, Minn., for several weeks.

Mrs. Chas. Laramie and children departed on Monday for a weeks visit with relatives in Marshfield.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Arpin and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Miller autoed to Hancock and return on Sunday.

Frank Nick of Los Angeles, California, is spending several days in the city visiting with Raymond Sutor.

James Gaynor and Ed Kruger of Cranmoor were in the city on Monday looking after some business matters.

—The Haines-Greenfield Stock Co. every night at Daly's theatre. All seats 10c.

Ray Starr has resigned his position as ticket agent at the St. Paul depot. His position has been filled by Leonard Bender.

Emiel Oestrich has returned from Edgar where he spent several weeks purchasing potatoes for the L. Starks Co.

Mrs. Frank Grant and Mrs. A. L. White have gone to Chicago and Waukegan to visit relatives for a couple of weeks.

Miss Bessie Farrish returned Friday from Menomonie where she has been attending the Stout institute the past school year.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Bogoger and Mrs. Chas. Gouger spent Sunday at Stevens Point visiting with relatives and friends.

W. E. Ule of Stevens Point has taken the contract to rebuild the paper mill at Oconto Falls. Work will be commenced at once.

Harry Abrams, who has been employed at Biron for some time past, has moved to Mosinee where he has accepted a position in the paper mill.

Mrs. Wm. Witte and daughter Mayme returned on Thursday from a two weeks visit with relatives and friends in St. Cloud and Minneapolis.

The remains of Charles Mans who was drowned at Birin, were found last Wednesday afternoon about a mile below the dam, near the Sweeney place.

Will Zimmerman, one of the hustling young farmers of the town of Rudolph called at this office on Thursday to advance his subscription to the Tribune for another year.

Mrs. E. S. Renne and son Lynn returned on Sunday from Shawano where they spent a week visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Harry Sanderson.

"Lefty" Letson of Radisson, who pitched some fine ball for the local team last summer, later finishing up the season with Appleton has been signed by Stevens Point.

P. O. Peterson of Vesper was among the business callers at the Tribune office on Tuesday. Mr. Peterson is engaged in doing some grading for the new state roads which are being built in this county.

—Let no one mislead you. Remember Barker's Remedy will strengthen and build up a weak and run down system. It will cure and prevent catarh, colds, and rheumatism. Guaranteed. Johnson & Hill Co.

The commencement exercises at SS. Peter and Paul school were held last Wednesday, Bishop Schwebach of La-Crosse being here to assist Rev. Reding on that day. Nineteen were graduated from the school this year.

Rev. C. A. Meilicke left on Tuesday evening for Utica, New York, where he will preach on the 15th, and from there will go to Nazareth, Pa., to attend the Moravian Synod. He expects to be absent about three weeks.

Ira Cooley left last week for New London, where he has purchased the New London Republican. Mr. Cooley has had many years experience in the newspaper business and there is no reason why he should not make a success of the proposition over there.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt Derrick, who moved back here several weeks ago, from Milwaukee have rented the Burt Austin home on the Rudolph road for one year. During the meantime they will build a home on their five acre tract just north of the Austin home.

Geo. W. Davis was taken to the River Pines sanitarium near Stevens Point on Monday for treatment, his case having developed into tuberculosis of the throat. Mr. Davis' many friends here hope to hear of an improvement in his health under the new treatment.

The members of the Merchants and Manufacturers Association passed thru this city on their special train last Wednesday afternoon, transferring from the Northwestern to the Green Bay road, and going to Stevens Point, where they made a stop. They did not stop here this year, as they visited us last season.

M. E. Carter, who has bees employed in the Chambers Creamery in this city for several years past, has gone into business for himself, having purchased the Warren Creamery near Junction City. Mr. Carter is a first class workman and there is no question but what he will succeed in his new location.

One of the city police is now kept stationed at the intersection of Vine and Second Streets and is supposed to keep passing teams and automobiles on the proper side of the street and also to prevent vehicles from stopping between Second street and the end of the bridge. This is a good thing and will have a tendency to reduce the liability of accident at this corner, where the traffic is always heavy.

The paper makers in this section hav received notice to the effect that all men employed by the Watab Paper company of Sartell, Minn., are on a strike for an eight hour day to take the place of the 11 and 13 hour shifts heretofore in vogue there. The notice also advises all paper and pulp workers to keep away from Watab until the difficulty s settled.

George Forrand was quite severely burned on Friday evening when a can of wood alcohol caught fire, the burns being on his left hand, arm and the side of his face. He was engaged in filling the lamp in his pop corn wagon when the accident occurred. Everything considered, he was lucky to get the fire extinguished before any greater damage was done, altho it will be some time before he entirely recovers.

Miss Doris Jeffers is visiting with relatives in Wild Rose.

V. D. Simons of Cornell, transacted business in the city on Monday.

W. H. Getts and Patrick Mulroy are in Neenah attending the annual state convention of the G. A. R.

Mrs. Frank Babcock and children of Minneapolis are guests at the home of her sister, Mrs. Guy Getts for a month.

Harry Hagerstrom, who is employed as brakeman on the Soo Ry., is home to spend several weeks vacation with his parents.

Miss Leonora Tornton, 750 North 8th street, who has been quite sick with the measles, is now on the rapid road to recovery.

Mrs. W. C. Howland and son Verne of the town of Grand Rapids, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. T. Nixon last Friday night.

Miss Blossom Skinner, who recently fell down a long flight of stairs at her home, is suffering no ill effects from her accident, except a few minor bruises and an ever present stiffness.

Anthony Looze, who is attending the St. Louis University where he is studying medicine, arrived home on Saturday to spend the summer with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Looze.

The work of macadamizing Grand Avenue between First Avenue and the bridge was commenced on Tuesday morning and it is expected that this part of the work will be completed within a short time.

Charlie Hill, the popular painstaking and obliging rural substitute at the city postoffice, is carrying mail on R. F. D. No. 1 for a few days in place of George Forrand who was recently painfully burned in a lamp explosion.

Miss Irma Johnson, who is attending Notre Dame at Baltimore, is home to spend her vacation. Miss Bernice who is teaching physical training at the state Normal at Emporia, Kansas, is also home to spend her vacation with her mother, Mrs. Nels Johnson.

Miss Minnie Getts, who has been visiting the past two months with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Getts, leaves on Friday for a brief visit in Milwaukee, Chicago and Crescent, Iowa, returning from there to Spokane, Washington.

Henry Goggins of Stockton, Cal., who has been visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Goggins the past two weeks, departed on Monday for the southern part of the state where he will visit several days before returning to his home.

Mrs. Clare Haskell, nee Beulah Marceau, arrived in the city last week to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Marceau. Miss Marceau and Mr. Haskell were married in Minneapolis last winter, but failed to notify their friends here of the fact, so that it was quite a surprise. Mrs. Haskell has been teaching at Ontario during the past winter.

—The Equitable Creamery Co. of Vesper, Wis., will pay two cents above Elgin for butter fat delivered at Vesper. Cream to test 30 per cent or more, to be in good condition, and to be shipped Tuesdays and Fridays of each week. We will also pay ½ cent above Elgin for cream collected by our teams on the routes. This creamery is strictly co-operative being owned entirely by farmers. O. J. Leu,

To Whom it May Concern.

There is a colony of Swedes in the city of Grand Rapids who are in great need of a church. The Swedes have helped to brng the country around Grand Rapids under cultivation. Some of them want to retire and settle down in this city providing they find such church facilities here as they can find in other cities. Several families have located here now and others are contemplating to move here in the near future. Those who are born in the old country, Sweden or Finland, prefer to hear the word of God in their mother tongue and their children brought up here in this country, will for some time keep up Swedish as their church language. The transition must be gradual and normal.

The Swedes are considered a good acquisition to any city. They have been a power for good in all the cities where they have colonized.

Years ago a little congregation was organized here in the city, and a property was secured for church purpose. A part of the living house on the lot purchased has been used as a chapel, but is is entirely too inadequate now since the attendance has increased.

It might be said that there are too many churches in Grand Rapids already, but is would be better to say that there are too many places dedicated to sin and vice. And furthermore, suppose that everyone in Grand Rapids should attend church on the Lord's Day, would the churches in the city have seating capacity for all? There are not too many ministers, I am sure. The Congregational minister might be able to care for all the members of the Methodist, the Congregational and the Baptist churches, and so perhaps the Methodist minister might be able to care for the Congregational, the Methodist and the Baptist communicants, but the Congregationalists would not turn Methodists or Baptists, nor would the Baptists or Methodists turn Congregationalists in order to eliminate one or two churches and thus decrease the cost of labor. It is better that each one go ahead with the good work and that the stronger carry the burden of the weak, than to waste one word about such unifaction, because it would create more harm than good. There is a greater, more true union in this that we are all brethern and that we have one Lord.

It would be quite impossible for an English speaking minister of whatever denomination he might be to to labor satisfactorily among the Scandinavians or Germans in this vicinity. The Norwegian and German pastors have all they can do in several scattered congregations and so has the Swedish pastor in his corner of the Lord's vineyard, and they are each specially adapted for this work among their own people.

The little Swedish congregation in Grand Rapids helps to support a minister in the field. Without this support it would be impossible to keep a minister. And Grand Rapids is the logical center from which he can reach neighboring colonies.

There is a possibility that in a few years from hence there will be a large congregation of Swedes here in Grand Rapids. All depends on how we succeed in our church work. Will you be one of them who in after years would say, "I invited the Swedes here by giving a large contribution toward their church building, and I am glad of it?"

Dear friend, come to our assistance now. Help those who have labored so hard to increase the value of land in this neighborhood and who are now bodily tired and want to retire. Help them to obtain that spiritual comfort in their old age which they long for so that they may feel at home in Grand Rapids.

On behalf of the Swedish Zion church.

Julius A. Nordling, Pastor.

Council Proceedings.

Council Chamber, June 3rd, 1913.

Council met in regular session Mayor Cohen presiding.

Present, Aldermen Bamberg, Ketchum, Gaulke, McCarthy, Edw., Getzlaff, Pienke, Lukaseski, Yeschke, Prebbanow, Wittrock, Damon, Tomsyck, Grain and Jeffrey. Absent, Aldermen Davis and McCarthy E. T.

On motion the reading of the minutes of the last meeting of the council were dispensed with.

The committee on general business reported on the petition of W. E. Mongan and others for a street lamp at the corner of Sixth and Arbor streets recommending that the petition be granted.

On motion the report was adopted by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The sidewalk committee reported on the petition of J. R Ragan and others for a crossing over 8th street north so as to connect the sidewalk on the south side of Washington Aye. with the sidewalk on the west side of 8th Street North recommending that the petition be granted.

On motion the report was adopted by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The street committee reported on the petition of Chas E. Briere and F. G. Gilkey for a street in Section 12, T. 22, R. 5 E. recommending that the city engineer and superintendent of public works be instructed to find what the cost of the street would be.

On motion the report was accepted and petition referred to Engineer Philleo and Supt. Schuman with instructions to find what the street would cost.

The report of Supt. of Public Work Schuman was presented and on motion accepted and ordered placed on file.

Health Officer Pomainville reported on the complaint against Mr. Lynn's barn stating that he had examined the premises and found the barn and out buildings in a very cleanly and sanitary condition and that if complaint had been made regarding the sanitary conditions it was unjust and unreasonable.

On motion the report was accepted and ordered placed on file.

The street committee reported on the petition of T. A. Taylor and others praying your honorable body to vacate that part of First Avenue south lying within Lyon Park addition recommending that the petition be denied.

On motion the report was accepted and petition denied.

The committee that was appointed at the last meeting of the council to meet with the Electric & Water Co., to ascertain if any compromise could be made with said company with regard to price etc, reported that they met with said Electric Company and after much discussion were unable to do anything in said matter.

On motion the report was accepted and ordered placed on file.

Moved and seconded that the city pay Geo. W. Baker $3625 00 for the westerly 20 feet off the entire end of lots 2 and 3, Neeve's First and Second addition to the city of Grand Rapids.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The board of public works reported that at their meeting this forenoon all bids for paving had been rejected.

On motion the report was accepted by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll and the clerk instructed to readvertise for bids for paving, bids to be opened June 27th, 1913, at two o'clock in the afternoon. The board of public works reported that they received a bid of $170.00 from M. C. Jacobson for the McCarthy building.

Moved and seconded that the bid of $170.00 from M. C. Jacobson for the McCarthy building be accepted and that the building be removed within twenty days.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The board of public works reported that at their meeting this forenoon the bid of G. O. Weeks on the 9th street sewer was the lowest.

Moved and seconded that G. O. Weeks be awarded the 9th street sewer job and that the work be under strict inspection of the Supt. of Public Works.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The Board of Public Works reported that the bid of W. T. Jones was the lowest on the Chestnut street sewer.

Moved and seconded that W. T. Jones be awarded the Chestnut sewer job and that the work be under strict inspection of the Supt. of Public Works.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the Clerk calling the roll.

Moved and seconded that the board of review be the same members as last year which were the Mayor, Clerk, City Attorney, Supervisor McCamley, Alderman Jeffrey and Ketchum.

Motion carried by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll.

The Mayor appointed alderman Gettzloff, Edw. F. McCarthy and Pribbanow, a committee for the purpose of considering applications for liquor sellers licenses and pharmacists permits.

There was a petition presented signed by N. Tomsyck and six others praying your honorable body to construct a sewer and watermain on 7th Ave. South from the intersection of 7th Avenue south with Grand Ave. in a southerly direction a distance about three blocks.

On motion the petition was referred to the sewer and waterworks committees.

There was a petition presented with eleven signers for a street light at the intersection of 7th and Wisconsin streets.

On motion the petition was referred to the committee on general business.

There was a petition presented with fifteen signers for an arc light at the intersection of 9th and Wisconsin streets.

On motion the petition was referred to the committee on general business.

There was a petition presented signed by James A. Bogie and five others praying your honorable body to cause to be constructed a standard side walk along the east side of 10th street north between Oak and Baker streets.

On motion the petition was referred to the sidewalk committee.

On motion by unanimous vote the clerk calling the roll the following bills were allowed.

Wisconsin Granite Co., crushed stone	764 87
H. Channon Co., blacksmith kit	45 27
Northwestern stamp works, dog tags	6 50
Wood County Tel. Co., May service	21 50
E. W. Ellis Lbr. Co., load wood	3 00
Wood County Post G. A. R. No. 22, Decoration Day expense	39 44
J. H. Linderman, witness fees	4 50
Geo. P. Hambrecht, extra service	45 00
Kellogg Bros. Lbr. Co., lumber and cement	84 98
G. R. Foundry Co., casting etc	115 71
Griesbach & Keip, blacksmithing	12 70
W. A. Marling Lbr. Co., lumber and cement	96 05
J. E. Farley, sewer pipe	11 60
Bossert Coal Co., cement walk	90 00
Bossert Coal Co., coal	36 55
Rasmussen Cement Co., cement work	98 95
Frank Pomainville, medical inspection of city schools	300 00
Anton Anderson, burying dog	1 00
Electric & Water Co., lights	301 14
Fritzingers Insurance agency, premuim on insurance	22 01
J. D. Smith, hardware	24 97
S. E. Ames recording deeds	1 25
Anderson Carriage Works, repairing hose wagon	45 15
J. D. Gibson, R. R. fare Frank Lee to Chicago	5 88
Henry Goldberg, sprinkling	10 00
Wm. Goldberg, sprinkling 3rd street south	3 00
H. A. Benjamin, copying	16 70
E. Phillee, May service	105 50
Wisconsin Valley Leader, printing	68 00
C. & N. W. Ry. Co., freight	98 20
C. M. & St. P. Ry. Co., freight	2 30
Blackmer & Post Pipe Co., sewer pipe	105 91
Blackmer & Post Pipe Co., sewer pipe	11 47
Labor waterworks	158 91
Badger Meter Co., waterworks supplies	2 17
Windsor Mfg. Co., waterworks supplies	48 14
H. Mueller Mfg. Co., waterworks supplies	4 84
Buffalo Meter Co., waterworks supplies	3 74
National Meter Co., waterworks supplies	16
G. R. Foundry Co., waterworks supplies	2 12
John J. Jung, waterworks supplies	2 53
Geo. Waterman, drayage	1 15
O. A. Philleo, drayage	2 60
Wm. Burchell, drayage	1 50
F. Lumberton, drayage	50
Electric & Water Co., dumping	259 20
Labor 17th Ave. sewer	304 18
Labor 17th Ave. sewer	106 60
Labor city at large	644 49
Labor city at large	680 79
Labor Oak St. watermain between 14th and 15th St	29 00
Labor Oak St. watermain between 14th and 15th St	107 50
Labor sewer on 15th St	101 81
Labor waterworks testing for water	4 00
Labor waterworks 17th Ave	4 72

On motion the bill of Geo. H. Kiley was referred to the city attorney.

Moved and seconded that the contract for re-roofing the east side pumping station be awarded to H. M. Beimler for $70.00 as per his bid.

Motion carried by a vote of eleven for and three against the clerk calling the roll.

The city treasurer's reports for the month of May were presented and ordered filed and spread upon the minutes.

Grand Rapids, Wis.,
June 3, 1913.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids.

Gentlemen:—I herewith submit the report of my office for the month of May.

May 1, balance in Bank	$13,822 53
May 7, rec'd First National Bank interest	6 24
Total	$13,828 87
Orders paid by Bank	2,058 24
May 8, balance	$11,770 63
May 8, transferred to Citizen's Natl. Bank	$11,770 63
May 9, rec'd M. G. Gordon, license to Cohn Bros. selling notions on street	5 00
May 20, rec'd Grand Rapids St. R. R. Co. street paving	476 35
June 2, rec'd. Citizens' Natl. Bank interest	16 41
Total	$12,268 39
Orders paid by Bank	2,925 70
Balance in Bank	$ 9342 69

Respectfully submitted.
JOE WHEIR, JR.,
City Treasurer.
Grand Rapids, Wis.
June 3, 1913.

To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of Grand Rapids.

Gentlemen:—I herewith submit the report of water tax collected during May, 1913.

May 1, balance in Bank	$529 39
Orders paid by Bank	505 28
Balance	$ 15 11
May 8, transferred Citizens' Natl. Bank	$ 15 11
Water tax collected	908 33
June 2, rec'd Citizens' Natl. Bank interest	20
Total	$923 67
Orders paid by Bank	$861 34
Balance in Bank	$ 62 33

Respectfully submitted,
JOE WHEIR, JR.
City Treasurer.

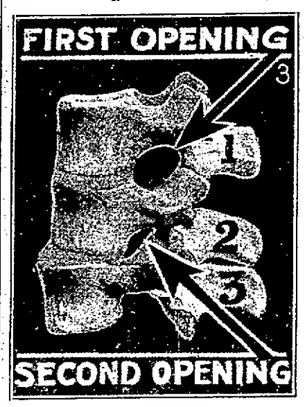
On motion council adjourned until June 27th at 8 o'clock p. m.

M. G. GORDON, Clerk. J. A. COHEN, Mayor.

Your Disease is Traced to the Spine.



Pinched nerves are the real cause of disease, wherever your trouble may be. We know that nerves supply life and motion to every organ of the body. The nerves come down thru the spinal column and pass inside the holes between the bones of the back like the one marked "SECOND OPENING" and the great trunk nerve that goes through it is squeezed to a third or quarter its normal size. Do you wonder that the part of you supplied by that nerve gets out of order?



You don't notice the falls, jars, wrenches which throws these bone pieces out of line, but the local effects may make life a burden to you. You call them "Diseases" but the cause is the same for all; tho at different places along the spine.

Your remedy is simple and certain—remove the deadly nerve pressure,—you remove the cause of your sickness or disability and relieved Nature does the rest. Simple isn't it?

The following is a partial list of some of the diseases which are caused by a complete or part paralysis of the nerves governing them. The only means of PERMANENTLY removing the same being Chiropractic Adjustments.

Rheumatism, Catarrh, Female Diseases, Indigestion, Constipation, Asthma, Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Diabetes, Lumbago, Gall Stones, Gravel, Goitre, St. Vitus Dance, Paralysis, Headaches, Backache, Nervousness, Deafness, Appendicitis, Neuralgia, Billiousness, Anemia, Rickets, Dizziness, Epilepsy, Fits, Etc.

ASTHMA

To Whom it May Concern:—I have been a sufferer with Asthma for (18) eighteen years. Since taking a course of adjustments from F. T. Hoff, the Chiropractor, I have been entirely rid of the Asthma for which I had up to the time I called on Dr. Hoff found little or no relief. Very Truly Yours—Walther Covey, Grand Rapids, Wis.

I use no Drugs, no Surgery, no Osteopathy, but a science that stands out alone and is peculiar in itself, which says your nerves must be free from pressure or you cannot remain well. Chiropractic is the only way out.

No matter what your Disease, Investigate this wonderful science. Call on me TO-DAY; lets talk it over and get at the ROOT and CAUSE of your trouble.

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE.

F. T. HOFF,

CHIROPRACTOR

Office over Daly's Drug Store

Rooms 8-9. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Phone 599.

Nash Grocery Co.

Call your attention to the following goods, all guaranteed, at money saving prices:

21 pounds Granulated Cane Sugar for	$1.00
4 packages fresh Corn Flakes for	25c
3 cans Oil Sardines for	10c
3 boxes White Tip Matches for	10c
1 pound Good 25c Coffee for	22c
1 large can Pork and Beans for	10c
6 pounds strictly fresh Oatmeal for	17c
3 pounds strictly fresh Crackers for	18c
3 pounds strictly fresh Ginger Snaps for	18c

FREE! FREE! One package Chums free with every sack of Flour purchased during this sale.

Hot weather is here and we are well supplied with Grape Juice, Pineapple Juice, Lemons, Etc. A good supply of all Fruits, in season, for canning will be on hand at the best prices.

Last But Not Least, we are enclosing you one of our sales slips, calling your attention to how you can save three and one-third per cent on every dollar spent. Do not pass this up as it is for your benefit. **Remember the Dates, June 9 to 14 inclusive.** Call up 550 for Fresh Vegetables daily.

Nash Grocery Co.

West Side, - - - - - - Grand Rapids, Wis.

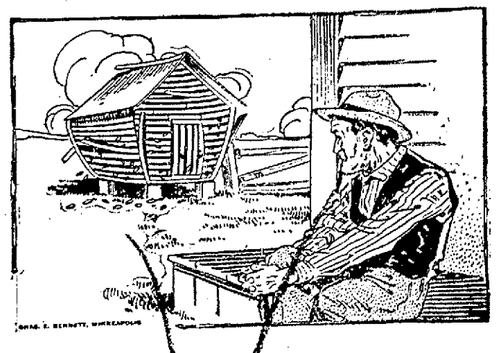


It is certainly not a comfortable feeling to know that if burglars or fire should invade your home, they could so easily find your money. Our bank has vaults for taking care of your money. It was built for that purpose, with strong locks and thick walls. Why not put your money in the bank and have PEACE OF MIND, and that secure feeling of knowing that it is in safe hands.

Do YOUR banking with US. We pay 3 per cent interest compounded semi-annually.

Bank of Grand Rapids,

WEST SIDE



Can't Stand the Pressure

No use sitting around thinking about it. Your old corn cribs simply won't stand the pressure any longer. You've put it off too long already. A new crib you must have, and you might as well make up your mind right now that you've got to build—and that mighty soon.

We call your attention to cribs this week because we have a particularly fine stock of bone-dry cribbing material on which we are making very attractive prices.

Don't wait any longer, but make it a point to call and see us the next time you're in town. You'll find our prices on all lumber very satisfactory.

W. A. MARLING LUMBER CO.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

KELLNER

Mr. Ward has placed a new churn in his creamery and is also painting the inside and outside of the building.

A baby boy arrived at the Albert Saeger home June 8th.

Mrs. Sinthy Blood, wife of Ed Blood passed away at the family home last Saturday at the age of 47 years, 2 months and 21 days, after a brief illness. She was buried at Meehan Station last Monday afternoon, Rev. Mellicke officiating at the services.

Our section crew was damaged a little by being thrown from the handcar which was derailed about two miles east of the station. They report that their dinner pails were damaged beyond repair so now they will patronize the hardware store by compulsion

Ed Johnson sold 30 acres of his farm and all of his buildings to Mr. Ward. Consideration $1100.00

Ed Hahn of your city is visiting at the H. Novak home this week.

According to reports wedding bells will ring a few times in the near future in our neighborhood.

A new bridge is being built over the Four Mile Creek crossing the road between Mr. Osterman's farm and the Lutheran church. J. D. Yetter and B. Arndt are doing the work.

ALTDORF

Esther Leu has gone to St. Paul to stay with her cousin, Mrs. Frank Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schulzer of Racine are visiting at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Wirtz.

A. Kundert is putting up an addition to his machine shed and Jos. Schilter is building a new hen house.

L. J. Ruesch has the frame work of his new barn started.

H. J. Bassuener purchased two pure bred Holstein heifers of O. J. Leu on Monday.

School closed last Thursday with a picnic and Miss Camp returned to her home at Grand Rapids Saturday. Five pupils received diplomas this year, viz., George Peters, Herbert Wipfli, Rosa Kundert, Mabel and Earle Leu.

Wm. Peters loaded a car of hay at Elm Lake last week.

Casper Huser was at Jos. McConnell's shingling a new barn last Monday.

It is reported that Mr. Kramer has purchased the E. Reilley farm.

The Altdorf ball team defeated the Hansen team last Sunday by a score of 4 to 3. It is a game apiece and next Sunday they intend to decide which is champion.



WOMEN know and men notice that no matter how carefully she is marcelled, corsetted or gowned, no woman is **smart** if her shoes aren't right. That's why so many women will buy **La France** this season.

LET us show you No. 6337, a Sterling (patent) Colt Pump, with welt sole and tailored bow; also similar style in White Nu-Buck and Gun Metal.

GLEUE BROS.
Grand Rapids, Wis.

Seasonable Suggestions

Lawn Mowers.....$3.00 to $12.00
Lawn Hose, per foot.....10c to 18c
Dandelion Cutters, Weeders, Lawn Trimmers, Sprayers.

Garden Tools

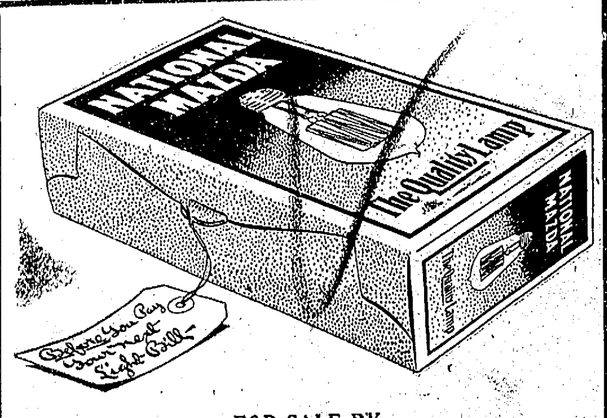
Planet Jr's, Seeders Cultivators, everything to keep up the lawn and garden. Try some of our Special Lawn Grass Seed.

NASH HARDWARE CO.
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

It's the car higher up in the esteem of the automobile buying public. We have had to double our gigantic output--and the demand is more than doubling. Those who placed winter orders for Ford cars last year were not disappointed in delivery.

Every third car is a Ford. Nearly 180,000 have been sold and delivered. New prices—runabout $525—touring car $600—town car $800—with all equipment, f. o. b. Detroit. Get particulars from Huntington & Lessig, Agents, Grand Rapids, Wis.



—FOR SALE BY—
The Natwick Electric Company

GEO. L. WILLIAMS
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office in Wood Block, over post office, Telephone No. 91. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

J. R. RAGAN
Licensed Embalmer and Undertaker
House phone No. 69, Store 313. Spafford's Building, East Side. John Ernser, Residence phone No. 436.

J. J. JEFFREY
LAWYER
Loans and Collections. Commercial and Probate Law. Office across from Church's drugstore. Telephone 251.

CHAS. C. ROWLEY, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office specialty Osteopathy. 14 MacKinnon Block. Phones 150 and 466.

GEO. W. BAKER & SON
UNDERTAKERS AND LICENSED EMBALMERS
North Second Street, East Grand Rapids, Wis. Business Phone 401, Night Calls 402.

GOGGINS & BRAZEAU
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
Office in the MacKinnon Block on the West Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

W. E. WHEELAN
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office in Daly Block, East Side Telephone No. 243. Grand Rapids, Wis.

D. A. TELFER
DENTIST
Office over Wood County National Bank on the East Side. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin. Telephone No. 200.

J. A. GAYNOR
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office over the Postoffice on the East Side. Will practice in all courts. Telephone No. 142.

B. M. VAUGHAN
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Money Loaned, Real Estate bought and sold. Wood Block, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

W. Melvin Ruckle, M. D.
—PRACTICE LIMITED TO—
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
Glasses fitted Correctly. Eye and Ear Surgeon, Riverview Hospital. Office in Wood County Bank Building. Telephone No. 254.

D. D. CONWAY
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Law, loans and Collections. We have $2,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest. Office over First National Bank, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin. Telephone 338

ORSON P. COCHRAN
PIANO TUNER
Best of work guaranteed. Call telephone 233 or at the house 447 Third avenue north.

EQUITABLE FRATERNAL UNION
Meets in Foresters Hall First and Third Thursdays of each month. R. A. Weeks, president; Wm. H. Burchell, secretary.

GRAND RAPIDS
BEER
PHONE
177
By all means have a case in Your Home

THIS

is the time to order your next winter's Coal. The price will advance 10 per cent before winter.

We have a large stock of Summer Wood at $1.75 per cord. Call 416 or 54

Bossert Coal Co.
Phone 416 Residence 54

WANT COLUMN

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—At a bargain, 80 acre cleared farm. Address P. O. Box 291, Grand Rapids, Wis.—tf.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—A male fox terrier dog. Color black and white. Finder will receive a reward. Edward Pomainville, the Real Estate hustler.

FOR SALE—A dandy house on the east side. Price $1,100, worth $2000. Owner lives out of town. Easy terms for a quick sale. Inquire of Edward Pomainville, the Fire Insurance agent. Office over Otto's Drug store.

MEN WANTED—By the Brunet Falls Manufacturing Company, Cornell, Wisconsin, for work in woods, yard and mill. Steady employment for good men.

FOR SALE—Two good farms, stock and machinery, located at Strongs Prairie. Would accept city property in part payment. M. C. Jacobson.—3t. pd

FOR SALE—Conover piano, good as new. A bargain for someone. Inquire at this office.

FOR RENT—Offices in MacKinnon block lately vacated by T. J. Cooper.—tf.

WANTED—Good competent girl for general house work. Mrs. F. W. Kruger.

TAN BARK WANTED—We want 20 cars tan bark. We pay good prices. Write for prices. Hart Lumber & Cedar Co., Oconto, Wis.—6t

MEN WANTED—To unload pulp wood at our Biron mill. Good accommodations.

FOR SALE—Farm horses and mares. Can be seen at 1078 Washington street —tf.

FOR SALE—Rubber tired buggy, in first class condition. Inquire of H. B. Weiland, at the Reiland packing plant.

FOR SALE—A five passenger Oakland touring car. For particulars see Edward Lynch, City.

FOR SALE—My Maxwell, 5 passenger touring car, guaranteed to be in first class condition, at a bargain. O. R. Roenius.—tf.

WANTED—Men for unloading pulpwood. Wages $1.70 per day. Board $3.75 per week. Nekoosa-Edwards Paper Co., Port Edwards, Wisconsin.

The Other Side of the Picture.

Wisconsin has been flooded with literature containing glowing accounts of the farming possibilities in the far west. The rosy tale gives details of enormous yields of alfalfa, potatoes, and fruit, specializing in the latter romance. All for the purpose of selling raw land at prices two to ten times higher than improved farms can be bought for in Wisconsin. These circulars printed to tempt the eastern farmer, clerk, school teacher and others who have saved a little money, have induced hundreds from Wisconsin to invest in western irrigated lands and very few have realized much profit therefrom. The crops grow all right, not averaging nearly as great in yield as promised but can be depended on for a fair yield; the fly in the ointment is not the crop yield nor the quality of the crop, but the great drawback is the lack of market. The western boomer never mentions the sparse population that can absorb only a trifling portion of the crops, nor does he tell the land buyer about the freight rates to the real markets. Any statement of that sort would blow up the sale.

While it is true that enormous crops of potatoes of the very finest quality may be secured from some irrigated districts, that apples in heavy yield and of splendid color and condition are harvested, yet the grower does not make in net proceeds as much as the Wisconsin dairyman on land that sells for only a fraction of what is asked for the western lands. The reason is freight.

The fact that investments in irrigated lands have been over rated is evidenced by a true statement which recently was related to the writer by one who spent several months in the Bitter Root Valley of Montana, and who says only one side of the picture of alleged prosperity in the irrigated country is presented to the investor. Last year there was a fine crop of potatoes and a heavy yield of apples in the Bitter Root Valley district, a section 70 miles long and about 12 miles wide, in Western Montana, a district boomed to beat the band. But the prices of farm produce have been so low the past winter in Hamilton and other towns in that valley that farming was a losing instead of a winning game out there. For instance potatoes were sold at 20 cents a hundred pounds. One man rented a large building last fall in Hamilton and stored his apple crop, about 6,000 bushels; he stored the fruit because he could not sell it at prices quoted and come out even after deducting freight. This month he has had to go to the added expense of hauling and dumping the rotten apples away from the town and thus lose his entire crop. Many other similar losses were related, showing that not all is gold that glitters in irrigated land circulars. It is said many who have left the central west to seek their fortunes in the far west would be glad to get back home if they had the means.

This ought to be a warning to Wisconsin people to carefully examine and personally investigate the western land proposition, so alluringly set forth by irrigated land boomers, before parting with the hard earned cash.—Appleton Crescent.

SENECA CORNERS

Esther Leu left last Monday for St. Paul, Minn., where she will be employed during the summer.

Emma and Mary Richards of Tomah are visiting at the W. Ehlert home this week.

E. Murgatroyd and Henry Staven commenced laying brick for the W. Ehler house Monday.

Mrs. J. P Nash of Nekoosa, Mrs. E. Matthews of Port Edwards visited at the John Meyer home a few days last week.

Carl Getsinger of Cranmoor spent Sunday at the Anton Getsinger home.

E. Ellis has been baling hay at the W. Peters place last week.

SOUTH ARPIN

Esther Buss spent Sunday at the Wintlyn home.

Joseph Krause and Herman Wintlyn were Arpin callers Sunday evening.

Wm. Wintlyn called at the Mollet home Sunday evening. He was the guest of Miss Florence.

Clara Krause called at the Zellmer home Sunday.

RUDOLPH

The funeral of Mrs. Wilfred LeMay was held Friday morning at the Catholic church and the remains laid to rest in the cemetery. The pallbearers were J. J. Rayome, Will Provost, Walter Dickson, Jean Juneau, Elmer B. Crotteau, N. G. Ratelle. The floral offerings were many and beautiful. A large number of her friends from your city were up to attend the funeral

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Blain arrived on Thursday night from Wyoming to attend the funeral of his sister.

Mrs. Frank Whitman arrived home Saturday evening from Tomahawk where she spent a week with her daughter, Mrs. Glen Foss. She was accompanied home by Miss Altha Whitman.

Mrs. Glen Cooper and daughter, Louise, of Stevens Point spent Wednesday afternoon at the Geo. Cooper and John Bates homes.

Mrs. Purvis was shopping in your city Wednesday.

Dr. Jackson went to Wausau Thursday where he spent several days fishing at a small place near Wausau.

Mrs. Fred Case of Stevens Point visited her grand daughter Mrs. Lee Akey for a few days last week. From here she went to the Rapids on Wednesday and hen returned home.

Dr. S. E. Cottrill was a professional caller here Friday. Paul Fountain had a mare sick with lock jaw, N. G. Ratelle had a sick colt and Mr. Johnson had a sick horse.

Tuesday Barney St. Denis and Nick Marseau got a load of furniture for John Wilkins from Stevens Point. Mr. and Mrs. Wilkins will live in the rooms vacated by J. Spector and family.

Geo. Marseau is working for John Little.

Mrs. Julius Krebsbach and three children departed Saturday to spend a couple of weeks with relatives in Malone.

Mrs. Frank Gokey, nee Beulah Marseau, sisters Eva, and Celia, of Mosinee spent Saturday and Sunday here.

Mrs. Will Reilly nee Rosie Ratelle, departed Friday for her home in Eureka Springs, Ark., after a pleasant visit with relatives here and in your city.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Hassell of your city and daughter Mrs. Emma Roosen of Congress Park, Ill., attended services at the Moravian church here on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hams of Marshfield and Mr. and Mrs. Ted Benson of your city spent Sunday here with friends.

Miss Mary Hansen of Marshfield spent Thursday with her friend Miss Minnie Myers.

Joe Grandshaw has improved the looks of his property by having the buildings painted.

Mrs. Delight Livernash is staying at the Alfred Omholt home.

Miss Floy Margeson of your city was up here Wednesday finishing up some school work.

R. B. Ogeleve, who recently purchased the Mose Sharkey farm, lost a mare and colt Thursday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Allie Peters mourn the loss of their infant baby boy born Friday, June 6th. The little one lived only 20 minutes.

Miss Emily Spalenka of Stevens Point visited her sister, Mrs. A. J. Kujawa a few days last week.

Albin Kujawa, who attends school in Stevens Point, came home Thursday for vacation.

Minnie Myers spent Sunday with hr parents at the south side.

Harold Clark has gone to Bancroft to learn to make cheese.

Mrs. Frankie Akey was taken seriously ill Sunday. Dr. Looze of your city was called and she is better at this writing.

Dr. Jackson returned home today, Tuesday, from his fishing trip.

The Catholic church Society will hold a picnic in the old grove on the old Provost place, Wednesday, June 25th.

Miss Minnie Myers went home Tuesday to spend a couple of days.

Mr. and Mrs. Ketchum are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy born June 4th.

Picnic at Rudolph:

—A picnic will be held for the benefit of the Catholic congregation at Rudolph in Provost Grove, one and one half miles south of the Catholic church on Wednesday, June 25th. All are cordially invited.—Pd.-ad.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

C. E. Boles transacted business in Madison on Friday.

Mrs. S. A. Bernier has returned from a visit with relatives in Wausau and Kelley.

Mrs. F. W. Burt visited the past week in Wausau at the home of her son, F. W. Burt.

C. E. Searl, one of Merrill's leading Jewelers visited with his sister in the city on Saturday.

L. G. Bluett of Waukesha is visiting with his brother, Undersheriff C. W. Bluett for several days.

Miss Anna Wheir leaves Saturday for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Frank Broderick at Fond du Lac.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Ostrander returned on Tuesday evening from a two weeks visit with relatives in Madison.

George Peltier, who is teaching in the University at St. Louis, is spending a week in the city visiting with his parents.

Elizabeth Wislinsky of Berlin was a guest of her cousin, Miss Anna Wheir several days, leaving today for Necedah for a visit.

Rev. H. B. Johnson and sister Miss Martha, expect to leave next Monday for Nazareth, Pa., to attend the Moravian Synod to be held there.

Mrs. Frank Whitman of Rudolph, who recently underwent an operation at the hospital in Wausau has returned home, much improved in health.

M. C. Jacobson has purchased the old McCarthy blacksmith shop of the city. It is understood that the building will be moved onto the Taylor and Daly property back of Frechett's saloon.

Andrew Anderson of the town of Saratoga was in the city on Tuesday in attendance at the stock fair. Mr. Anderson stated that the frost hit them pretty hard down his way and that he would not take a hundred dollars for the damage that was done to his crops.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank the kind neighbors and friends who so thoughtfully extended their aid and sympathy during the sickness and after the death of our relative.

Wm. Karberg and family.

Card of Thanks.

The family and relatives of Mrs. Wilfred LeMay extend heartfelt gratitude to their kind friends of Rudolph and Grand Rapids for the floral offerings, both spiritual and natural, and the numerous other tokens of sympathy. The spiritual bouquet by the pupils of the atholic school, of Rudolph, affords great consolation to the bereaved.

Friday Special!

.....ON.....

300 Pairs Men's Khaki Pants at

95c Per Pair

We have all sizes, all styles and shades.
Only two pair to a customer.

Abel & Podawiltz Company
Grand Rapids Wisconsin.

Johnson & Hill Co.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.



We have a complete line of Kayser Gloves, and our prices are lower than at other stores.

Kayser Gloves for Women in fine Cotton, colors tan, white or black, per pair only **24c**

Women's Silk Gloves, Black, white or tan, per pair **48c**

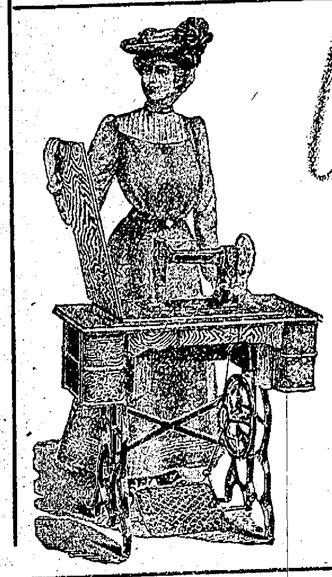
Buy a Phongraph

Have music in your home, it is one of the greatest pleasures possible to obtain at so small expense.

This large Phonograph complete with horn for only

$9.95





Sewing Machines, fully guaranteed

$16.75

We sell these sewing machines with our guarantee for good service. The best machine in the market for any where near this price.

Come and see it!

Our June Clearing Sale which commenced Monday and continues until Saturday has been a big success. Crowds of eager buyers have taken advantage of the special prices. If you have not been to this sale, be sure and come, for it means money for you.

JOHNSON & HILL COMPANY

RICH MEN'S CHILDREN



BY GERALDINE BONNER

Author of "THE PIONEER" "TOMORROW'S TANGLE," etc.

Illustrations by DOM J. LAVIN

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SYNOPSIS.

Bill Cannon, the bonanza king, and his daughter, Rose, who had passed up Mrs. Cornelius Ryan's ball at San Francisco to accompany her father, arrive at Antelope. Dominick Ryan calls on his mother to beg a ball invitation for his wife, and is refused. The determined old lady refuses to recognise her daughter-in-law. Dominick had been trapped into a marriage with Bernice Iverson, a stenographer, several years his senior. She squanders his money, they have frequent quarrels, and he slips away. Cannon and his daughter are snowed in at Antelope. Dominick Ryan is rescued from storm in unconscious condition and brought to Antelope hotel. Antelope is cut off by storm Rose Cannon nurses Dominick back to life. Two weeks later Bernice discovers in a paper where husband is and writes letter trying to smooth over difficulties between them. Dominick at last is able to join fellow snowbound prisoners in hotel parlor. He loses temper over talk of Buford, an actor After three weeks, end of imprisonment is seen. Telegrams and mail arrive Dominick gets letter from wife. Tells Rose he doesn't love wife, and never did. Stormbound people begin to depart. Rose and Dominick embrace, father sees them and demands an explanation Rose's brother Gene is made manager of ranch, and is to get it if he stays sober a year. Cannon expresses sympathy for Dominick's position in talk with Rose Dominick returns home. Berny exerts herself to please him, but he is indifferent. Cannon calls on Mrs. Ryan They discuss Dominick's marriage difficulties, and Cannon suggests buying off Berny Dominick goes to park on Sunday with Berny and family, sees Miss Cannon bows to her and starts uneasiness in Berny In Mrs Ryan's name Cannon offers Berny $50,000 to leave her husband and permit divorce She refuses Dominick sees Rose Cornelia Ryan engaged to Jack Duffy. Cannon offers Berny $100,000 and is turned down Berny tells sisters of offer Buford, the actor, makes a hit in vaudeville Rose tells Dominick that he must stick to wife, and first time acknowledges that she loves him Cannon offers Berny $200,000 which she refuses saying Cannon wants Dominick for Rose. Gene wins the ranch, Berry accuses Rose of trying to steal her husband and tells her of the offered bribe Rose tells father what she learned about the attempt to bribe Berny and declares that she would never marry Dominick, should he ever be divorced Exacts promise from father to let Berny alone.

CHAPTER XVIII.—Continued.

She leaned down to take his hand He relinquished it to her with an immense lightening of his heart, and peace fell on him as he felt her rub her cheek against his knuckles.

"So you're not mad at the old man, after all?" he said almost shyly.

"No," she murmured, "not at him. I was angry at what he was doing."

It was a subtly feminine way of getting round the delicate points of the situation—that inconsistently feminine way which separates judgment of the individual from judgment of his acts But it relieved the Bonanza King of the heaviest weight that had lain upon him for many years, and, for once, he gave thanks for the irrationalness of women.

"Well, good night, honey," he said, "no matter what crazy notions you've got, you're the old man's girl all right"

She kissed him.

"And you won't forget your promise?" she murmured.

"Of course not," he said stoutly, not sure just what she was alluding to "Any promise I make to you stands put till the Day of Judgment. Good night"

When she left him, he lit another cigar, sank lower in his chair and stared at the fire.

It was a deadlock. In his helplessness, the enraged helplessness of the man who had ridden triumphantly over all obstacles that fate had set in his path, his prevailing thought was how much he would like to kill Berny She had done all this. This viper of a woman, the kind to tread on if she raised her head, had baffled and beaten them all. He could not murder her, but he thought with grim lips of how he could crush and grind her down and let her feel how heavy Bill Cannon's hand could be.

It seemed for the moment as if everything were over. They had reached a place where a blank wall stretched across the road Berny's refusing the money had been a serious obstacle, but not an unconquerable one. Rose tonight had given the whole plot its death blow. With lowering brows he puffed at his cigar, groping in his mind for some way that might yet be tried. He could not brook the thought of defeat. And yet the more he meditated the more impregnable and unscalable appeared the wall that stretched across the way

CHAPTER XIX

Friend or Foe.

For some time after Rose had left her, Berny remained on the bench, not moving, her glance resting on that part of the path whence the young girl's figure had faded from view

The night slowly deepened, impregnating the gray atmosphere with a velvety depth of shadow that oozed through it like an infusion of a darker, denser element. Lights came out. First sporadically, here and there blooming through the opaque dusk, not suddenly, but with an effect of gradualness, as though the air was so thick it took some time to break through it Then came more. Rows of windows appeared in long, magnified sputters. All round the plaza there was a suggestion of effaced brightness, as of a painting which had once been sharply outlined and brilliant, but was now rubbed into a formless, impressionist study of shadows and undefined, yellow blurs The golden halos of lamps blotted the dark at intervals, and now and then the figures, which had occupied the benches, passed into the circles of vaporous illumination, and passed out of them, as if they had been crossing the stage of a theater

Berny did not move and did not notice the increasing chill of the hour or the moisture beading on her clothes like wintry rime. She was sunk in an abyss of thought, a suspended trance of contemplation, of receptivity to new ideas. In one hour her basic estimate of human nature, her accepted measurement of motives and standards, had been suddenly upset. Her point of view was like a kaleidoscope, which is unexpectedly turned. Sitting motionless on the bench she saw the familiar aspect of life fallen into new shapes, taking on alien forms.

She realized that Dominick had never been happy with her, and, for the first time, she understood the gulf between them. She saw what the life was that he had wanted to lead, and that he could have led with the other woman. It would have been that very form of existence which Berny had always derided, and thought an outward expression of the inward dullness of people who had children, looked shabby, and did not care for money. Now she felt unsure as to whether her scorn of it was not foolish and unenlightened. As in a sudden forward shoot of a search-light, she saw them—Dominick and Rose—happy in a way she had never dreamed of being happy, in a world so far from hers that she had never before had a clear look at it, a man and women concentrated upon the piece of life that belonged to them, living passionately for each other, indifferent to all that seemed to her of value.

She brought her mental vision back from this upon herself and felt shaken and slightly sick. Seeing beyond the circle of her own experience and sensation for the first time, she would have said to any companion who might have shared her thoughts: "No wonder Dominick didn't get on with me!" For a dispassionately-contemplative moment she saw herself in Dominick's eyes; she saw their married life as it had been to him. She felt sorry for both of them—for him in his forced acquiescence with the conditions around him, for herself because of her ignorance of all he had wanted and expected.

"I couldn't be any different," she whispered to herself, "that's the way I am"

She never could be any different. She was one kind of woman and Rose Cannon was another, and Dominick belonged to Rose Cannon's kind. She did not know that it was so much better than her kind but it was different. They made her feel like an outsider in a distant world, and the feeling gave her a sensation of deadly depression The burning heat of resentment that had made her speak to Rose was gone. All the burning heats and angers of the last two months seemed to belong to the past An icy, nostalgic ache of loneliness had hold of her. The accustomed sense of intimacy and warm, enjoying interest in the world—what we mean when we talk of "living"—had been completely drawn out of her

The cold, biting in to her marrow, at last woke her to a realization of her surroundings, and she sat upright, looking blinkingly to the right and left The half-lit plaza lay like a lake of shadow surrounded by a circlet of light and girdled by noise It was like the brightness and animation of the world flowing round her but not touching her, as she sat alone in the darkness.

She rose suddenly, determined to escape, if such were possible, from her gloomy thoughts, and walked toward the upper end of the square, directing her steps to the Spanish and Italian section of the city which is called the Latin Quarter. She walked slowly, not knowing where to go, only determined that she would not go home. She thought for a moment of her sisters, where she could have dinner and find the cheer of congenial society. But on consideration she felt that this, too, was more than she could just now bear. They would torment her with questions and she felt in no mood to put them off or to be confidential. Finally she remembered a Mexican restaurant, to visit which had at one time been a fashion. She had been there with Hazel and Josh, and once in a party with some of the bank people. She knew where the place was and felt that she could dine there with no fear of encountering any one she knew.

With an objective point in view, her step gained decision, and she moved forward briskly, leaving the plaza and plunging into the congeries of picturesque streets which harbor a swarming foreign population The lights of shops and open stalls fell out into the fog, transforming it into thick, churning currents of smoky pallor. Wet walls and sidewalks showed a gold veneer, and lingering drops, trembling on cornices, hung like tiny globes of thin yellow glass.

People and things looked magnified and sometimes horrible seen through this mysterious, obscuring medium. Once behind a pane of glass she saw lines of detached, staring eyes, fastened glaringly on her as she advanced. It was the display in an optician's show-window, where glass eyes were disposed in fanciful lines, like a decoration. She looked at them askance, feeling that there was something sinister in their wide, unwinking scrutiny. She hurried by the market stalls, where the shawled figures of women stood huddled round the butcher's block. They looked as if they might be grouped round a point of interest, bending to stare at something lying there, something dreadful, like a corpse, Berny thought

When she saw the Mexican restaurant she felt relieved. The strange atmospheric conditions seemed to have played upon her nerves and she was glad to get somewhere where she could find warmth and light and people. The place, a little shabby house dating from the era of the projecting shingle roof and encircling balcony, stood on a corner with windows on two streets. It was built upon a slope so sharp that the balcony, which in front skirted the second story, in the back was on a level with the sidewalk. The bright light of gas-jets, under shades of fluted white china, fell over the contents of the show-window. They were not attractive A dish of old and shriveled oranges stood between a plate of tamales and another of red and green peppers There were many flies in the window, and, chilled by the cold, they stood along the inside of the glass in a state of torpor

Berny pushed open the door and entered. The front part of the place was used as a grocery store and had a short counter at one side, behind which stood shelves piled high with the wares demanded by the Mexican and Spanish population. Back of this were the tables of the restaurant. The powerful, aromatic odors of the groceries blended with the even more powerful ones of the Mexican menu. The room was close and hot. In a corner, his back braced against the wall, a Spaniard, with inky dark hair and a large expanse of white shirt bosom, was languidly picking at a guitar.

Berny knew that there was an inner sanctum for the guests that preferred more secluded quarters, and walked past the counter and between the tables. An arched opening connected with this room Coarse, dirty, lace curtains hung in the archway and, looped back against gilt hooks, left a space through which a glimpse of the interior was vouchsafed to the diners without. It was smaller than the restaurant proper, and was fitted up with an attempt at elegance Lace curtains—also coarse and dirty—veiled the windows, and two large mirrors, with tarnished and fly-spotted gilt frames, hung on the wall opposite the entrance.

Just now it was sparsely patronized. In one corner two women in mourning and a child were sitting. They glanced at Berny with languid curiosity and then resumed a loud and voluble conversation in Spanish. A party of three Jews, an over-dressed woman and two young men—evidently visitors from another part of town—sat near them. On the opposite side there was no one Berny slipped noiselessly into a chair at the corner table, her back against the partition that shut off the rest of the dining-room. She felt sheltered in this unoccupied angle, despite the fact that the mirror hanging opposite gave a reflection of her to any one standing in the archway.

The cloth was dirty and here and there showed a hole. Her ineradicable fastidiousness was strong in her even at this hour, when everything that was a manifestation of her own personality seemed weak and devitalized. She was disgustedly clearing away the crumbs of the last occupant with daintily-brushing movements of her finger-tips, when the waiter drew up beside her and demanded her order. It was part of this weird evening, when natural surroundings seemed to combine with her own overwrought condition to create an effort of strangeness and terror, that the waiter should have been an old, shriveled man of shabby and dejected mien, with a defect in one eye, which rendered it abnormally large and prominent under a drooping, reddened lid. In order to see well it was necessary for him to hold his head at a certain angle and bring the eye, staring with alarming wildness, upon the object of his attention. His aspect added still further to Berny's dissatisfaction. She resolved to eat little and leave the place as soon as possible.

When her soup came, a thin yellow liquid in which dark bits of leaves and herbs floated, she tasted it hesitatingly, and, after a mouthful or two, put down her spoon and leaned back against the wall She felt very tired and incapable of any more concentration of mind. Her thoughts seemed to float, disconnectedly and indifferently, this way and that, like a cobweb stirred by air currents and half held by a restraining thread. To her dulled observation the laughter of the Jewish party came mingled with the tinkling of the guitar outside, and the loud-continuous talk from the Spanish women in the corner.

The waiter brought fish—a fried smelt—and she roused herself and picked up her fork. She did not notice that a man was standing near her in the archway, the edge of the lace curtain in his hand, looking about the room. He threw a side glance at her which swept her shoulders, her hat, and her down-bent profile, and looked away. Then, as if something in this glimpse had suddenly touched a spring of curiosity, he looked back again. His second survey was longer. The glance he bent upon her was sharp and grew in intensity. He made no attempt to enter or to move nearer her, but any one watching him would have seen that his interest increased with the prolongation of his scrutiny.



Startled by the Market Stalls.



The Glance He Bent Upon Her Was Sharp and Grew in Intensity.

As if afraid of being observed he cast a quick surreptitious look over the room, which in its circuit crossed the mirror. Here, reflected from a different point of view, Berny was shown in full face, her eyes lowered, her hands moving over her plate This man scanned the reflection with immovable intentness. Berny laid down her fork and pushed the fish away with a petulant movement, and the watcher drew back behind the lace curtain. Through its meshes he continued to stare at the mirror, his lips tightly shut, his face becoming rigid in the fixity of his observation

The waiter entered, his arms piled with dishes, and she made a beckoning gesture to him. He answered with a jerk of his head, and, going to the table where the Spanish women sat, unloaded his cargo there, as he set it out exchanging remarks with the women in their own language and showing no haste to Berny's summons. She moved in her chair and muttered angrily. The man behind the lace curtain advanced his head and through the interstices of the drapery tried to look directly at her. In this position he could only catch a glimpse of her, but he saw her hand stretched forward to take one of the red beans from the glass saucer in the middle of the table. It was an elegant hand, the skin smooth and white, the fingers covered with rings. She again beckoned, this time peremptorily, and the waiter came. The listener could hear her voice distinctly as he watched her reflection in the glass.

"Why didn't you come when I beckoned?" she said sharply.

"Because I had other people to wait on," said the waiter with equal asperity. "They was here before you."

"What's the matter with the dinner tonight? It's all bad."

"I ain't cooked it," retorted the man, growing red with indignation, his swollen eye glaring fiercely at her. "And no else's complained. I guess it's what's the matter with you?"

Berny made an angry movement—sometimes alluded to as "flouncing"—and turned her head away from him.

"Get me an enchilada," she said peremptorily, "and after that some frijoles. I don't want anything else."

The waiter moved away and the man behind the curtain, as if satisfied by his long survey, also turned back into the general room. Close to the opening there was an unoccupied table, and at this he sat down, laid his hat on the chair beside him, and unfastened his coat. To the servant who came for his order, he asked for a cup of black coffee and a liqueur glass of brandy. He also requested an evening paper. With the sheet open before him he sat sipping the coffee, the slightest noise from the inner room causing him to start and lift the paper before his face.

He sat thus for some fifteen minutes. The Spanish women and the child emerged from the archway and left the restaurant, and a few moments later he heard the scraping of chair legs and Berny's voice as she asked for her bill. He lifted the paper and appeared buried in its contents, not moving as Berny brushed back the lace curtain and passed him. Her eyes absently fell on him and she had a vague impression of the dark dome of a head emerging from above the opened sheets of the journal. As she rustled by he lowered the paper and followed her with a keen, watchful glance. He did not move till the street door closed behind her, when he threw the paper aside, snatched up his hat and flicked a silver dollar on to the cloth.

"No change," he said to the waiter, who came forward.

The surprised servant, unaccustomed to such tips, stared astonished after him as he hurried down the passage between the tables, quickly opened the door and disappeared into the darkness of the street.

Berny was only a few rods away, moving forward with a slow, loitering step. It was an easy night to follow without being observed. Walking at a prudent distance behind her, he kept her in sight as she passed from the smaller streets of the Latin Quarter into the glare and discord of the more populous highways, along Kearney Street, past the lower boundary of Portsmouth Square. He noticed that she walked without haste, now and then glancing at a window or a passerby. She was like a person who has no objective point in view, or at least is in no hurry to reach it.

But this did not seem to be the case, for when she reached the square she took her stand on the corner where the Sacramento street cars stop. The man drew back into a doorway opposite. They were the only passengers who boarded the car at that corner, Berny entering the closed interior, the man taking a seat on the outside. He had it to himself here, and chose the end seat by the window. Muttering imprecations at the cold, he turned up his overcoat collar and drew his soft felt hat down over his ears. By turning his head he could see between the bars that cross the end windows, the interior of the car shining with light, its polished yellow woodwork throwing back the white glare of the electricity. There were only three passengers, two depressed-looking women in dingy black, and Berny on a line with himself in the corner by the door. He could see her even better here than in the restaurant. She sat, a small, dark figure, pressed into the angle of the seat, her hands clasped in her lap, her eyes down. Her hat cast a shadow over the upper part of her face, and below this the end of her nose, her mouth and chin were revealed as pale and sharply-cut as an ivory carving. She seemed to be sunk in thought and sat motionless; the half of her face he could see, looking very white against her black fur collar.

He was furtively surveying her, when she started, glanced out of the window and signed to the conductor to stop. The man on the front dropped to the ground and stole lightly round the car, so that its moving body hid him from her. Emptiness and silence held the street, and he could easily follow her as she walked upward along the damp and deserted sidewalk. Half-way up the block a building larger that those surrounding it rose into the night. A mounting file of bay-windows broke its facade, and a few steps above the level of the pavement, a line of doors with numbers showing black on illuminated transoms revealed it to the man opposite as a flat building. Here Berny stopped and without hesitation, evidently as one who was familiar with the place, mounted the steps and walked to the last of the doors.

The man, with soft and careful footsteps, crossed the street. As he drew nearer he saw that she was not using a latch-key, but was waiting to be admitted, leaning as if tired against the wall. He had reached the sidewalk when the door opened, vouchsafing him a bright, unimpeded view of a long flight of stairs carpeted in green. Berny entered and for a moment, before the door closed, he saw her mounting the stairs. She had not asked for any one, or indeed made a sound of greeting or inquiry. She was therefore either expected or an habitue of the place. When the door was shut he, too, mounted the porch steps and read the number on the transom. He whispered it over several times, the light falling out on his thin, aquiline face with a sweep of dark hair drooping downward toward his collar.

Satisfied with his investigation, he left the porch and walked rapidly down the street to the corner. Here there was a lamp, and halting under its light he drew from his pocket a leather wallet and took therefrom Dominick Ryan's card with an address written on it. The penciled numbers were the same as those on the door he had just left, and he stood looking fixedly at the card, an expression of excitement and exultation growing on his face

CHAPTER XX.

The Actor's Story.

The afternoon of the next day Dominick came home earlier than usual. His New York friend, who was en route to Japan, had but a couple of days in San Francisco, and again claimed his company for dinner. The theater was to follow and Dominick had come home to change his clothes, and incidentally either to see Berny and explain his absence or to leave a message for her with the Chinaman.

He felt rather guilty where she was concerned. He had seen nothing of her for two days. The only time they met was in the evening after business hours, the only meal they took together was dinner. With every spark of affection dead between them, their married life the hollowest sham, she had so long and so sternly trained him to be considerate of her and keep her on his mind, that he still instinctively followed the acquired habit of thinking of her comfort and arranging for it. He knew she would be annoyed at the two lonely dinners, and hoped to see her before he left and suggest to her that she telephone for one of her sisters to join her.

The flat was very quiet when he entered, and after looking into one or two rooms for her he called the Chinaman, who said Mrs. Ryan had gone out early in the afternoon, leaving no message except that she would be home to dinner. Dominick nodded a dismissal and walked into the den. He carried the evening papers in his hand, and looking at the clock he saw that he had an hour before it would be necessary for him to dress and leave the house. Berny would undoubtedly be home before then; she was rarely out after six. Meantime, the thought that she was not in and that he could read the papers in unmolested, uninterrupted silence caused a slight sense of relief to lighten the weight that was now always with him.

He had hardly opened the first sheet when a ring at the bell dispelled his hopes. It was one of his wife's habits never to carry a latch-key, which she looked upon as a symbol of that bourgeois, middle-class helpfulness that she had shaken off with her other working-girl manners and customs Dominick dropped the paper, waiting for her entrance, and framing the words with which he would acquaint her with the fact that he was to be absent again. Instead, however, of the rustle of feminine skirts, he heard the Chinaman's padding steps, and the servant entered and presented him with a card Traced on it in a sprawling handwriting was the name "James Defay Buford." Dominick remembered his invitation to the man to call, and realized that this probably was the only time that the actor could conveniently do so. There was an hour yet before dinner would be served, and turning to the servant Dominick told him to show the gentleman up.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Billiards in the Country.

Willie Hoppe, the billiard player, was discussing in New York the question of summer vacations.

"I like summer vacations," he said, "in the heart of the country. The only trouble with the heart of the country is that you can't get a good game of billiards there.

"Maybe you've heard about the two chaps, summering at Sunapee, who complained that they couldn't tell the two white balls apart, as neither of them had a spot. But the proprietor explained to them that it would be easy, after a little practice, to distinguish the balls by their shape.

"Another chap up at Sunapee asked for a game of billiards, and when the balls were brought, gave a loud, bitter laugh of disgust.

"'Look here,' he said, 'it's balls I asked for—not dice.'"—New York Tribune.

Run a Walking Stick Farm.

Of the many curious farms that have been established in our peaceful countryside, surely a walking-stick farm is the most curious, relates London Answers.

As a matter of fact, however, there is at least one such establishment, a flourishing concern, to be found in the depths of Surrey. Instead of the corn fields, pasture land and root crops usually expected on a farm, the walking-stick acres present the appearance of long, neat rows of tiny sapling trees, some four years old, others younger.

Quite a forest of walking sticks may naturally be produced in four years, but the handle occasions some delay. To obtain a right-angled handle, the growth is pegged down along the ground and from this the sapling shoots vertically upwards.

SIMPLICITY IS CHARM

WELL TO KEEP IN MIND WHEN ORDERING GRADUATION DRESS.

The More Girlish the Frock, the Better Will the Wearer Appear, and There Are Many Materials to Select From.

Girlish simplicity is the correct thing in graduation frocks—even the most ambitious of graduates recognizes that fact. But there are many versions of this simplicity, and it is attainable at varying prices and different degrees of elaboration

It is easy enough to make a distinctly girlish frock of sheer lingerie or net or lace and chiffon cost $150 or $200, if one goes to a fashionable



Shadow Lace Over Foundation of Messaline.

dressmaker for it and gives carte blanche in matters of handwork and real lace, and there are many girls in ultra smart boarding schools who have ordered frocks of this type. But the great host of girl graduates is by necessity limited to a less costly variety of frock simplicity, and after all, the indefinable charm attached to youth has more to do with the success of a graduation frock than hand tucks and real lace

There are quantities of models and materials available for the youthful graduate. The materials most in favor are fine cotton marquisette, cotton voile, fine linen lawns, lace, net and chiffon

The most practical of graduating frocks is, of course, the frock that will stand tubbing and look well after the ordeal. Fine lingerie frocks are nowadays more often sent to the cleaner than to the laundress, but the young girl is not as a rule over careful of her clothes and if a frock must go to the cleaner often during the summer one will have little comfort from it Perhaps the summer is to be spent where no cleaning establishment is close at hand and inconvenience is added to the time and expense entailed.

It stands to reason therefore that the frock actually fitted for tubbing is the practical dress for the girl whose wardrobe is limited, and it is quite possible to take this into consideration without sacrificing too much upon the altar of utility

A fine linon is the most satisfactory material for the lingerie frock that is to endure tubbing, and it will pay to obtain an excellent quality. Batiste, voiles and marquisettes are softer and launder well if carefully handled, but linon will outwear them every time.

The cotton marquisettes, cotton voiles and crapes are more recent arrivals and have achieved decided popularity, and a very large percentage of the cotton graduating frocks this year are being made up in these materials.

They launder well, are easily handled, are very soft and graceful, and durable despite their sheerness and lend themselves admirably to simple forms of trimming, although they may be made very elaborate with hand embroidery.

The cotton crapes in really good quality are attractive materials and are enjoying a great vogue, both for blouses and tub frocks. It is said that they require no ironing and are very practical on that account, but laundresses insist that they are by no means easily laundered, as they require stretching and more or less careful pressing to get them into the right shape after laundering.

Embroidered cotton voiles and marquisettes make attractive graduating frocks and in all the shops where youthful dresses are shown one finds quantities of such frocks made of such material.

MARY DEAN.

TO HOLD DAINTY NIGHTDRESS

Pretty Case of Pale Pink Satin Lined With White Silk—Strings to Match Material.

Something very pretty in the shape of a nightdress case may be seen in the accompanying sketch. It is carried out in pale pink satin and lined with soft white silk and edged with silk cord and tied together with ribbon strings of a color to match the satin.

Between the covers and the lining a double thickness of swansdown flannelette should be sewn in to give the case substance. On the front of the case a design of three white dog-roses and foliage is embroidered, but there are, of course, many other pretty designs that might take its place, and for this purpose a transfer pattern of some suitable floral design may be easily obtained at a trifling cost.

The blossoms should, however, be worked in white, as white blossoms and green foliage always look charming upon a pink background.

The case opens in front for a third of the way down, and after the night-



dress has been placed inside, the flap is folded upwards and secured with the ribbon strings.

The small sketch on the right hand side shows the case so closed, and by the way, the silk cord, which is of a fancy pattern, is carried into three little loops at each corner.

This sachet might, of course, be made in other colors, and it is always a pretty idea with articles of this description to select colors to match or harmonize with that of the bed quilt, or perhaps in the event of a white bed quilt, the wall paper

LATE IDEAS IN MILLINERY

Prevailing Styles Really Show Little New, Though There Have Been a Few Changes Made.

Naturally, at this date very little that can be rightfully termed new is in evidence, says the Dry Goods Economist The most pronounced change is the return of maline hats to strong favor

Drapes of maline over hemp are especially favored; but brim extension, ruffles and huge wired bows of maline are also being offered

Hats of Chantilly lace are being prominently featured. Some of the most striking of these have the lace fitted so smoothly and firmly over a wire foundation as to present almost a tailored appearance

The popularity of quills continues unabated They are used either alone or in combination with wheat, flowers, ribbon or feathers. Among the smartest models now shown are white hemps trimmed with white quills and white wheat, with a white moire ribbon band.

Another striking combination is a broad black quill with tiny white paradise sprays curling out from its center

Flounced Skirts.

Flounced skirts are shown on many of the new tub models appearing in the shops, but invariably are the flounces slim and ungathered affairs, not increasing by a hair's breadth the slender silhouette of the skirt. A charming little frock of blue and white striped dimity has three flounces.

LIKE THE SEPARATE COLLAR

No Accessory of the Season Has Been Received With More Genuine Appreciation.

An accessory which can be adopted with greater confidence is the separate white collar to be worn with the coat. A few years ago girls and younger women wore embroidered white collars over their coat lapels, but the present renaissance of the fashion is in a different form. The collars now worn are much more attractive and elaborate. They come in all the modifications of the square or rounded cut and very often end in the long ruffle or plaiting which is so great a fad just now. Others are in the shape of a modified fichu. They are both becoming and practical, as they protect the waist underneath. Especially with a collarless blouse—that is to say, an open-necked one—they are almost necessary. Otherwise the hard line of the coat is very trying, both in appearance and in feeling.

Sleeve Drapery.

One of the most graceful fashions of today for evening gowns is the use of sleeve drapery that carries a flowing line of color from the bodice over the arms and sometimes far below the waist line.

Sleeve drapery can be of rich metallic laces, either gold or silver; tulle, maline or chiffon It is frequently caught under buckles or fancy cabochons at the shoulders. From this point the material falls back over the arms, and sometimes is continued in long lines as a train. The effect is medieval and beautiful.

Make Your Own Hatpins.

Don't throw the whole effect of your hat entirely out of key by the use of discordant hatpins. It is a simple matter to have handsome hatpins to harmonize with your hat, and at a small expense, too. A bit of lace, silk, brocade, or any other material will do. A hat trimmed with a touch of coral, bright blue, or green, would look all the better if its hatpins were made of large button molds covered with the same bright material with an ordinary penny hatpin with white or black head stuck right through the hole in the mold.

Sashes Revived.

The narrow sashes of the '60s have been revived. They are offered in many styles, those of brocade in bright colors and odd designs being especially popular. The plain ones have embroidered ends and most of them are finished with fringes. The sashes are knotted at the side or looped at the back. They are worn with all sorts of costumes and give an effective touch of color to a somber gown.

For the Tea Table.

For the woman who loves a cup of tea in the afternoon and who also likes a small cooky or cheese cracker or some such tid-bit to nibble while sipping her tea, there is a new suggestion in the way of serving wafers and cakes.

Often even a sandwich plate will be too small to hold as many crackers as are needed when three or four friends drop in for a cup of tea and gossip, and for this a flower basket, the style that is flat with a tall handle, generally used for the garden when picking flowers, is just the thing, for it holds a most surprising number of cakes, and in this way one can easily pass a large number of tid-bits at one time without the least inconvenience, and for crackers, decorated with jelly and cheese and such edibles as cannot be laid on top of each other, this flat basket is unsurpassed.

Touch of Health.

The pale faces with carmine lips are disappearing. Paris is permitting a faint glow of healthful pink on the cheeks.

PROVED A MAN OF HIS WORD

Broker, True to Promise, Remembered Old Apple Woman in His Day of Rejoicing.

"Yes, I has me reg'lar customers," said the old apple woman at a Wall street corner as she polished an apple, "and now and then I has one that lets me share in his good luck. When Industrials was on the kite, along comes a broker who says:

"'Good mornin' to ye, Aunt Sally, and how's apples sellin' today?"

"'Two fer five, yer highness,' says I, 'which is cheap fer apples at this season o' the year.'

"'That's true,' says he, 'and I'll take along a couple fer luck. I'm in industrials to make or lose a hundred thousand. If I make, I'll remember ye.'

"'Gord bless ye!' I says, as I gives the apples an extra polish and hands them over. It was three days before I sees him ag'in. Then he stops at me stand wid a look uv benevolence on his face, and money in his hand, and says:

"'Aunt Sally, yer polished apples brought me luck, and I'm a man av me word. I cleared a hundred thousand that day.'

"'Gord be praised, yer worship!'

"'And ye'll please accept this as a little token av love and esteem from yer true friend.'

"And wid that the dear, good-hearted man hands me a nickel and walks away wid the benevolence creeping down his shirt collar. And I was so affected that a boy stole two av me biggest apples whilst the tears was in me eyes. My husband says it ought to have been a dime at least. But, God bless ye, sir, that broker could have sold out his business and moved to Boston and dodged me altogether, ye know."

First Numbering of Houses.

London began to number its houses in 1764, about the time it removed the house signs that made ancient London an open air picture gallery.

Beware the Death Flower.

Scientists setting out to solve the mystery of the mammoth statues of Easter island have been cautioned—more or less humorously—to steer clear of El Banoer, another island of the Pacific. One of the early English explorers, Hugh Arkwright, who sailed the Pacific in 1851, warns travelers against visiting El Banoer—the home of the death flower. This flower, he says, is so large that a man can stand upright inside one of its blossoms. But if he does so he will surely fall asleep, lulled by the strange fragrance it distills. Then the flower folds its petals and suffocates him. "And so he passes into death through splendid dreams and gives his body to the death flower for food."

The Difference.

Knicker—In the winter I go out to play poker and my wife stays home from bridge.

Bocker—And in the summer you stay home from poker and your wife goes away for bridge.

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RICH MEN'S CHILDREN



By GERALDINE BONNER

Author of "THE PIONEER" "TOMORROW'S TANGLE," etc.

Illustrations by DOM J. LAVIN

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SYNOPSIS.

Bill Cannon, the bonanza king, and his daughter, Rose, who had passed up Mrs. Cornelius Ryan's ball at San Francisco to accompany her father, arrive at Antelope. Dominick Ryan calls on his mother to beg a ball invitation for his wife, and is refused. The determined old lady refuses to recognize her daughter-in-law. Dominick had been trapped into a marriage with Bernice Iverson, a stenographer, several years his senior. She squanders his money, they have frequent quarrels, and he slips away. Cannon and his daughter are snowed in at Antelope. Dominick Ryan is rescued from storm in unconscious condition and brought to Antelope hotel. Antelope is cut off by storm. Rose Cannon nurses Dominick back to life. Two weeks later Bernice discovers in a paper where husband is and writes letter trying to smooth over difficulties between them. Dominick at last is able to join fellow snowbound prisoners in hotel parlor. He loses temper over talk of Buford, an actor. After three weeks, end of imprisonment is seen. Telegrams and mail arrive. Dominick gets letter from wife. Tells Rose he doesn't love wife, and never did. Stormbound people begin to depart. Rose and Dominick embrace, father sees them and demands an explanation. Rose's brother Gene is made manager of ranch, and is to get it if he stays sober a year. Cannon expresses sympathy for Dominick's position in talk with Rose. Dominick returns home. Berny exerts herself to please him, but he is indifferent. Cannon calls on Mrs. Ryan. They discuss Dominick's marriage difficulties, and Cannon suggests buying off Berny. Dominick goes to park on Sunday with Berny and family, sees Miss Cannon, bows to her and starts uneasiness in Berny. In Mrs. Ryan's name Cannon offers Berny $50,000 to leave her husband and permit divorce. She refuses. Dominick sees Rose. Cornelia Ryan engaged to Jack Darby. Cannon offers Berny $100,000 and is turned down. Berny tells sisters of offer. Buford, the actor, makes a hit in vaudeville. Rose tells Dominick that he must stick to wife, and first time acknowledges that she loves him. Cannon offers Berny $200,000 which she refuses, saying Cannon wants Dominick for Rose. Gene wins the ranch. Berny accuses Rose of trying to steal her husband and tells her of the offered bribe. Rose tells father what she learned about the attempt to bribe Berny and declares that she would never marry Dominick, should he ever be divorced. Exacts promise from father to let Berny alone.

CHAPTER XVIII.—Continued.

She leaned down to take his hand. He relinquished it to her with an immense lightening of his heart, and peace fell on him as he felt her rub her cheek against his knuckles.

"So you're not mad at the old man, after all?" he said almost shyly.

"No," she murmured, "not at him. I was angry at what he was doing."

It was a subtly feminine way of getting round the delicate points of the situation—that inconsistently feminine way which separates judgment of the individual from judgment of his acts. But it relieved the Bonanza King of the heaviest weight that had lain upon him for many years, and, for once, he gave thanks for the irrationalness of women.

"Well, good night, honey," he said, "no matter what crazy notions you've got, you're the old man's girl all right."

She kissed him.

"And you won't forget your promise?" she murmured.

"Of course not," he said stoutly, not sure just what she was alluding to. "Any promise I make to you stands put till the Day of Judgment. Good night."

When she left him, he lit another cigar, sank lower in his chair and stared at the fire.

It was a deadlock. In his helplessness, the enraged helplessness of the man who had ridden triumphantly over all obstacles that fate had set in his path, his prevailing thought was how much he would like to kill Berny. She had done all this. This viper of a woman, the kind to tread on if she raised her head, had baffled and beaten them all. He could not murder her, but he thought with grim lips of how he could crush and grind her down and let her feel how heavy Bill Cannon's hand could be.

It seemed for the moment as if everything were over. They had reached a place where a blank wall stretched across the road. Berny's refusing the money had been a serious obstacle, but not an unconquerable one. Rose tonight had given the whole plot its death blow. With lowering brows he puffed at his cigar, groping in his mind for some way that might yet be tried. He could not brook the thought of defeat. And yet the more he meditated the more impregnable and unscalable appeared the wall that stretched across the way.

CHAPTER XIX.

Friend or Foe.

For some time after Rose had left her, Berny remained on the bench, not moving, her glance resting on that part of the path whence the young girl's figure had faded from view.

The night slowly deepened, impregnating the gray atmosphere with a velvety depth of shadow that oozed through it like an infusion of a darker, denser element. Lights came out. First sporadically, here and there becoming through the opaque dusk, not suddenly, but with an effect of gradualness, as though the air was too thick it took some time to break through it. Then came more. Rows of windows appeared in long, magnified sputters. All round the plaza there was a suggestion of effaced brightness, as of a painting which had once been sharply outlined and brilliant, but was now rubbed into a formless, impressionist study of shadows and undefined, yellow blurs. The golden halos of lamps blotted the dark at intervals, and now and then the figures, which had occupied the benches, passed into the circles of vaporous illumination, and passed out of them, as if they had been crossing the stage of a theater.

Berny did not move and did not notice the increasing chill of the hour or the moisture beading on her clothes like wintry rime. She was sunk in an abyss of thought, a suspended trance of contemplation, of receptivity to new ideas. In one hour her basic estimate of human nature, her accepted measurement of motives and standards, had been suddenly upset. Her point of view was like a kaleidoscope, which is unexpectedly turned. Sitting motionless on the bench she saw the familiar aspect of life fallen into new shapes, taking on alien forms.

She realized that Dominick had never been happy with her, and, for the first time, she understood the gulf between them. She saw what the life was that he had wanted to lead, and that he could have led with the other woman. It would have been that very form of existence which Berny had always derided, and thought an outward expression of the inward dullness of people who had children, looked shabby, and did not care for money. Now she felt unsure as to whether her scorn of it was not foolish and unenlightened. As in a sudden forward shoot of a search-light, she saw them—Dominick and Rose—happy in a way she had never dreamed of being happy, in a world so far from hers that she had never before had a clear look at it, a man and women concentrated upon the piece of life that belonged to them, living passionately for each other, indifferent to all that seemed to her of value.

She brought her mental vision back from this upon herself and felt shaken and slightly sick. Seeing beyond the circle of her own experience and sensation for the first time, she would have said to any companion who might have shared her thoughts: "No wonder Dominick didn't get on with me!" For a dispassionately-contemplative moment she saw herself in Dominick's eyes; she saw their married life as it had been to him. She felt sorry for both of them—for him in his forced acquiescence with the conditions around him, for herself because of her ignorance of all he had wanted and expected.

"I couldn't be any different," she whispered to herself, "that's the way I am."

She never could be any different. She was one kind of woman and Rose Cannon was another, and Dominick belonged to Rose Cannon's kind. She did not know that it was so much better than her kind but it was different. They made her feel like an outsider in a distant world, and the feeling gave her a sensation of deadly depression. The burning heat of resentment that had made her speak to Rose was gone. All the burning heats and angers of the last two months seemed to belong to the past. An icy, nostalgic ache of loneliness had hold of her. The accustomed sense of intimacy and warm, enjoying interest in the world—what we mean when we talk of "living"—had been completely drawn out of her.

The cold, biting in to her marrow, at last woke her to a realization of her surroundings, and she sat upright, looking blinkingly to the right and left. The half-lit plaza lay like a lake of shadow surrounded by a circlet of light and girdled by noise. It was like the brightness and animation of the world flowing round her but not touching her, as she sat alone in the darkness.

She rose suddenly, determined to escape, if such were possible, from her gloomy thoughts, and walked toward the upper end of the square, directing her steps to the Spanish and Italian section of the city which is called the Latin Quarter. She walked slowly, not knowing where to go, only determined that she would not go home. She thought for a moment of her sisters, where she could have dinner and find the cheer of congenial society. But on consideration she felt that this, too, was more than she could just now bear. They would torment her with questions and she felt in no mood to put them off or to be confidential. Finally she remembered a Mexican restaurant, to visit which had at one time been a fashion. She had been there with Hazel and Josh, and once in a party with some of the bank people. She knew where the place was and felt that she could dine there with no fear of encountering any one she knew.

With an objective point in view, her step gained decision, and she moved forward briskly, leaving the plaza and plunging into the congeries of picturesque streets which harbor a swarming foreign population. The lights of shops and open stalls fell out into the fog, transforming it into thick, churning currents of smoky pallor. Wet walls and sidewalks showed a gold veneer, and lingering drops, trembling on cornices, hung like tiny globes of thin yellow glass.

People and things looked magnified and sometimes horrible seen through this mysterious, obscuring medium. Once behind a pane of glass she saw lines of detached, staring eyes, fastened glaringly on her as she advanced. It was the display in an optician's show-window, where glass eyes were disposed in fanciful lines, like a decoration. She looked at them askance, feeling that there was something sinister in their wide, unwinking scrutiny. She hurried by the market stalls, where the shawled figures of women stood huddled round the butcher's block. They looked as if they might be grouped round a point of interest, bending to stare at something lying there, something dreadful, like a corpse, Berny thought.

When she saw the Mexican restaurant she felt relieved. The strange atmospheric conditions seemed to have played upon her nerves and she was glad to get somewhere where she could find warmth and light and people. The place, a little shabby house dating from the era of the projecting shingle roof and encircling balcony, stood on a corner with windows on two streets. It was built upon a slope so sharp that the balcony, which in front skirted the second story, in the back was on a level with the sidewalk. The bright light of gas-jets, under shades of fluted white china, fell over the contents of the show-window. They were not attractive. A dish of old and shriveled oranges, stood between a plate of tamales and another of red and green peppers. There were many flies in the window, and, chilled by the cold, they stood along the inside of the glass in a state of torpor.

Berny pushed open the door and entered. The front part of the place was used as a grocery store and had a short counter at one side, behind which stood shelves piled high with the wares demanded by the Mexican and Spanish population. Back of this were the tables of the restaurant. The powerful, aromatic odors of the groceries blended with the even more powerful ones of the Mexican menu. The room was close and hot. In a corner, his back braced against the wall, a Spaniard, with inky dark hair and a large expanse of white shirt bosom, was languidly picking at a guitar.

Berny knew that there was an inner sanctum for the guests that preferred more secluded quarters, and walked past the counter and between the tables. An arched opening connected with this room. Coarse, dirty, lace curtains hung in the archway and, looped back against gilt hooks, left a space through which a glimpse of the interior was vouchsafed to the diners without. It was smaller than the restaurant proper, and was fitted up with an attempt at elegance. Lace curtains—also coarse and dirty—veiled the windows, and two large mirrors, with tarnished and fly-spotted gilt frames, hung on the wall opposite the entrance.

Just now it was sparsely patronized. In one corner two women in mourning and a child were sitting. They glanced at Berny with languid curiosity and then resumed a loud and voluble conversation in Spanish. A party of three Jews, an over-dressed woman and two young men—evidently visitors from another part of town—sat near them. On the opposite side there was no one. Berny slipped noiselessly into a chair at the corner table, her back against the partition that shut off the rest of the dining-room. She felt sheltered in this unoccupied angle, despite the fact that the mirror hanging opposite gave a reflection of her to any one standing in the archway.

The cloth was dirty and here and there showed a hole. Her ineradicable fastidiousness was strong in her even at this hour, when everything that was a manifestation of her own personality seemed weak and demoralized. She was disgustedly clearing away the crumbs of the last occupant with daintily brushing movements of her finger-tips, when the waiter drew up beside her and demanded her order. It was part of this weird evening, when natural surroundings seemed to combine with her own overwrought condition to create an effort of strangeness and terror, that the waiter should have been an old, shriveled man of shabby and dejected mien, with a defect in one eye, which rendered it abnormally large and prominent under a drooping, reddened lid. In order to see well it was necessary for him to hold his head at a certain angle and bring the eye, staring with alarming wildness, upon the object of his attention. His aspect added still further to Berny's dissatisfaction. She resolved to eat little and leave the place as soon as possible.

When her soup came, a thin yellow liquid in which dark bits of leaves and herbs floated, she tasted it hesitatingly, and, after a mouthful or two, put down her spoon and leaned back against the wall. She felt very tired and incapable of any more concentration of mind. Her thoughts seemed to float, disconnectedly and indifferently, this way and that, like a cobweb stirred by air currents and half held by a restraining thread. To her dulled observation the laughter of the Jewish party came mingled with the tinkling of the guitar outside, and the loud-continuous talk from the Spanish women in the corner.

The waiter brought fish—a fried smelt—and she roused herself and picked up her fork. She did not notice that a man was standing near her in the archway, the edge of the lace curtain in his hand, looking about the room. He threw a side glance at her which swept her shoulders, her hat, and her down-bent profile, and looked away. Then, as if something in this glimpse had suddenly touched a spring of curiosity, he looked back again. His second survey was longer. The glance he bent upon her was sharp and grew in intensity. He made no attempt to enter or to move nearer her, but any one watching him would have seen that his interest increased with the prolongation of his scrutiny.



She Hurried by the Market Stalls.

As if afraid of being observed he cast a quick surreptitious look over the room, which in its circuit crossed the mirror. Here, reflected from a different point of view, Berny was shown in full face, her eyes lowered, her hands moving over her plate. This man scanned the reflection with immovable intentness. Berny laid down her fork and pushed the fish away with a petulant movement, and the watcher drew back behind the lace curtain. Through its meshes he continued to stare at the mirror, his lips tightly shut, his face becoming rigid in the fixity of his observation.

The waiter entered, his arms piled with dishes, and she made a beckoning gesture to him. He answered with a jerk of his head, and, going to the table where the Spanish women sat, unloaded his cargo there, as he set it out exchanging remarks with the women in their own language and showing no haste to Berny's summons. She moved in her chair and muttered angrily. The man behind the lace curtain advanced his head and through the interstices of the drapery tried to look directly at her. In this position he could only catch a glimpse of her, but he saw her hand stretched forward to take one of the red beans from the glass saucer in the middle of the table. It was an elegant hand, the skin smooth and white, the fingers covered with rings. She again beckoned, this time peremptorily, and the waiter came. The listener could hear her voice distinctly as he watched her reflection in the glass.

"Why didn't you come when I beckoned?" she said sharply.

"Because I had other people to wait on," said the waiter with equal asperity. "They was here before you."

"What's the matter with the dinner tonight? It's all bad."

"I ain't cooked it," retorted the man, growing red with indignation, his swollen eye glaring fiercely at her. "And no else's complained. I guess it's what's the matter with you?"

Berny made an angry movement—sometimes alluded to as "flouncing"—and turned her head away from him.

"Get me an enchilada," she said peremptorily, "and after that some frijoles. I don't want anything else."

The waiter moved away and the man behind the curtain, as if satisfied by his long survey, also turned back into the general room. Close to the opening there was an unoccupied table, and at this he sat down, laid his hat on the chair beside him, and unfastened his coat. To the servant who came for his order, he asked for a cup of black coffee and a liqueur glass of brandy. He also requested an evening paper. With the sheet open before him he sat sipping the coffee, the slightest noise from the inner room causing him to start and lift the paper before his face.

He sat thus for some fifteen minutes. The Spanish women and the child emerged from the archway and left the restaurant, and a few moments later he heard the scraping of chair legs and Berny's voice as she asked for her bill. He lifted the paper and appeared buried in its contents, not moving as Berny brushed back the lace curtain and passed him. Her eyes absently fell on him and she had a vague impression of the dark dome of a head emerging from above the opened sheets of the journal. As she rustled by he lowered the paper and followed her with a keen, watchful glance. He did not move till the street door closed behind her, when he threw the paper aside, snatched up his hat and flicked a silver dollar on to the cloth.

"No change," he said to the waiter, who came forward.

The surprised servant, unaccustomed to such tips, stared astonished after him as he hurried down the passage between the tables, quickly opened the door and disappeared into the darkness of the street.

Berny was only a few rods away, moving forward with a slow, loitering step. It was an easy night to follow without being observed. Walking at a prudent distance behind her, he kept her in sight as she passed from the smaller streets of the Latin Quarter into the glare and discord of the more populous highways, along Kearney Street, past the lower boundary of Portsmouth Square. He noticed that she walked without haste, now and then glancing at a window or a passer-by. She was like a person who has no objective point in view, or at least is in no hurry to reach it.

But this did not seem to be the case, for when she reached the square she took her stand on the corner where the Sacramento street cars stop. The man drew back into a doorway opposite. They were the only passengers who boarded the car at that corner, Berny entering the closed interior, the man taking a seat on the outside. He had it to himself here, and chose the end seat by the window. Muttering imprecations at the cold, he turned up his overcoat collar and drew his soft felt hat down over his ears. By turning his head he could see between the bars that cross the end windows, the interior of the car shining with light, its polished yellow woodwork throwing back the white glare of the electricity. There were only three passengers, two depressed-looking women in dingy black, and Berny on a line with himself in the corner by the door. He could see her even better here than in the restaurant. She sat, a small, dark figure, pressed into the angle of the seat, her hands clasped in her lap, her eyes down. Her hat cast a shadow over the upper part of her face, and below this the end of her nose, her mouth and chin were revealed as pale and sharply-cut as an ivory carving. She seemed to be sunk in thought and sat motionless; the half of her face he could see, looking very white against her black fur collar.



The Glance He Bent Upon Her Was Sharp and Grew In Intensity.

He was furtively surveying her, when she started, glanced out of the window and signed to the conductor to stop. The man on the front dropped to the ground and stole lightly round the car, so that its moving body hid him from her. Emptiness and silence held the street, and he could easily follow her as she walked upward along the damp and deserted sidewalk. Half-way up the block a building larger that those surrounding it rose into the night. A mounting file of bay-windows broke its facade, and a few steps above the level of the pavement, a line of doors with numbers showing black on illuminated transoms revealed it to the man opposite as a flat building. Here Berny stopped and without hesitation, evidently as one who was familiar with the place, mounted the steps and walked to the last of the doors.

The man, with soft and careful footsteps, crossed the street. As he drew nearer he saw that she was not using a latch-key, but was waiting to be admitted, leaning as if tired against the wall. He had reached the sidewalk when the door opened, vouchsafing him a bright, unimpeded view of a long flight of stairs carpeted in green. Berny entered and for a moment, before the door closed, he saw her mounting the stairs. She had not asked for any one, or indeed made a sound of greeting or inquiry. She was therefore either expected or an habitue of the place. When the door was shut he, too, mounted the porch steps and read the number on the transom. He whispered it over several times, the light falling out on his thin, aquiline face with a sweep of dark hair drooping downward toward his collar.

Satisfied with his investigation, he left the porch and walked rapidly down the street to the corner. Here there was a lamp, and halting under its light he drew from his pocket a leather wallet and took therefrom Dominick Ryan's card with an address written on it. The penciled numbers were the same as those on the door he had just left, and he stood looking fixedly at the card, an expression of excitement and exultation growing on his face.

CHAPTER XX.

The Actor's Story.

The afternoon of the next day Dominick came home earlier than usual. His New York friend, who was en route to Japan, had but a couple of days in San Francisco, and again claimed his company for dinner. The theater was to follow and Dominick had come home to change his clothes, and incidentally either to see Berny and explain his absence or to leave a message for her with the Chinaman.

He felt rather guilty where she was concerned. He had seen nothing of her for two days. The only time they met was in the evening after business hours, the only meal they took together was dinner. With every spark of affection dead between them, their married life the hollowest sham, she had so long and so sternly trained him to be considerate of her and keep her on his mind, that he still instinctively followed the acquired habit of thinking of her comfort and arranging for it. He knew she would be annoyed at the two lonely dinners, and hoped to see her before he left and suggest to her that she telephone for one of her sisters to join her.

The flat was very quiet when he entered, and after looking into one or two rooms for her he called the Chinaman, who said Mrs. Ryan had gone out early in the afternoon, leaving no message except that she would be home to dinner. Dominick nodded a dismissal and walked into the den. He carried the evening papers in his hand, and looking at the clock he saw that he had an hour before it would be necessary for him to dress and leave the house. Berny would undoubtedly be home before then; she was rarely out after six. Meantime, the thought that she was not in and that he could read the papers in unmolested, uninterrupted silence caused a slight sense of relief to lighten the weight that was now always with him.

He had hardly opened the first sheet when a ring at the bell dispelled his hopes. It was one of his wife's habits never to carry a latch-key, which she looked upon as a symbol of that bourgeois, middle-class helpfulness that she had shaken off with her other working-girl manners and customs. Dominick dropped the paper, waiting for her entrance, and framing the words with which he would acquaint her with the fact that he was to be absent again. Instead, however, of the rustle of feminine skirts, he heard the Chinaman's padding steps, and the servant entered and presented him with a card. Traced on it in a sprawling handwriting was the name "James Defay Buford." Dominick remembered his invitation to the man to call, and realized that this probably was the only time that the actor could conveniently do so. There was an hour yet before dinner would be served, and turning to the servant Dominick told him to show the gentleman up.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Billiards in the Country.

Willie Hoppe, the billiard player, was discussing in New York the question of summer vacations.

"I like summer vacations," he said, "in the heart of the country. The only trouble with the heart of the country is that you can't get a good game of billiards there.

"Maybe you've heard about the two chaps, summering at Sunapee, who complained that they couldn't tell the two white balls apart, as neither of them had a spot. But the proprietor explained to them that it would be easy, after a little practice, to distinguish the balls by their shape.

"Another chap up at Sunapee asked for a game of billiards, and when the balls were brought, gave a loud, bitter laugh of disgust.

"'Look here,' he said, 'it's balls I asked for—not dice.'"—New York Tribune.

Run a Walking Stick Farm.

Of the many curious farms that have been established in our peaceful countryside, surely a walking-stick farm is the most curious, relates London Answers.

As a matter of fact, however, there is at least one such establishment, a flourishing concern, to be found in the depths of Surrey. Instead of the corn fields, pasture land and root crops usually expected on a farm, the walking-stick acres present the appearance of long, neat rows of tiny sapling trees, some four years old, others younger.

Quite a forest of walking sticks may naturally be produced in four years, but the handle occasions some delay. To obtain a right-angled handle, the growth is pegged down along the ground and from this the sapling shoots vertically upwards.

SIMPLICITY IS CHARM

WELL TO KEEP IN MIND WHEN ORDERING GRADUATION DRESS.

The More Girlish the Frock, the Better Will the Wearer Appear, and There Are Many Materials to Select From.

Girlish simplicity is the correct thing in graduation frocks—even the most ambitious of graduates recognizes that fact. But there are many versions of this simplicity, and it is attainable at varying prices and different degrees of elaboration.

It is easy enough to make a distinctly girlish frock of sheer lingerie or net or lace and chiffon cost $150 or $200, if one goes to a fashionable



Shadow Lace Over Foundation of Messaline.

dressmaker for it and gives carte blanche in matters of handwork and real lace, and there are many girls in ultra smart boarding schools who have ordered frocks of this type. But the great host of girl graduates is by necessity limited to a less costly variety of frock simplicity, and after all, the indefinable charm attached to youth has more to do with the success of a graduation frock than hand tucks and real lace.

There are quantities of models and materials available for the youthful graduate. The materials most in favor are fine cotton marquisette, cotton voile, fine linen lawns, lace, net and chiffon.

The most practical of graduating frocks is, of course, the frock that will stand tubbing and look well after the ordeal. Fine lingerie frocks are nowadays more often sent to the cleaner than to the laundress, but the young girl is not as a rule over careful of her clothes and if a frock must go to the cleaner often during the summer one will have little comfort from it. Perhaps the summer is to be spent where no cleaning establishment is close at hand and inconvenience is added to the time and expense entailed.

It stands to reason therefore that the frock actually fitted for tubbing is the practical dress for the girl whose wardrobe is limited, and it is quite possible to take this into consideration without sacrificing too much upon the altar of utility.

A fine linon is the most satisfactory material for the lingerie frock that is to endure tubbing, and it will pay to obtain an excellent quality. Batiste, voiles and marquisettes are softer and launder well if carefully handled, but linon will outwear them every time.

The cotton marquisettes, cotton voiles and crapes are more recent arrivals and have achieved decided popularity, and a very large percentage of the cotton graduating frocks this year are being made up in these materials.

They launder well, are easily handled, are very soft and graceful, and durable despite their sheerness and lend themselves admirably to simple forms of trimming, although they may be made very elaborate with hand embroidery.

The cotton crapes in really good quality are attractive materials and are enjoying a great vogue, both for blouses and tub frocks. It is said that they require no ironing and are very practical on that account, but lingerdresses insist that they are by no means easily laundered, as they require stretching and more or less careful pressing to get them into the right shape after laundering.

Embroidered cotton voiles and marquisettes make attractive graduating frocks and in all the shops where youthful dresses are shown one finds quantities of such frocks made of such material.

MARY DEAN.

TO HOLD DAINTY NIGHTDRESS

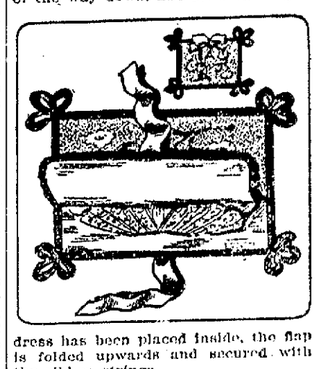
Pretty Case of Pale Pink Satin Lined With White Silk—Strings to Match Material.

Something very pretty in the shape of a nightdress case may be seen in the accompanying sketch. It is carried out in pale pink satin and lined with soft white silk and edged with silk cord and tied together with ribbon strings of a color to match the satin.

Between the covers and the lining a double thickness of swansdown flannelette should be sewn in to give the case substance. On the front of the case a design of three white dog-roses and foliage is embroidered, but there are, of course, many other pretty designs that might take its place, and for this purpose a transfer pattern of some suitable floral design may be easily obtained at a trifling cost.

The blossoms should, however, be worked in white, as white blossoms and green foliage always look charming upon a pink background.

The case opens in front for a third of the way down, and after the night-



dress has been placed inside, the flap is folded upwards and secured with the ribbon strings.

The small sketch on the right hand side shows the case so closed, and by the way, the silk cord, which is of a fancy pattern, is carried into three little loops at each corner.

This sachet might, of course, be made in other colors, and it is always a pretty idea with articles of this description to select colors to match or harmonize with that of the bed quilt, or perhaps in the event of a white bed quilt, the wall paper.

LATE IDEAS IN MILLINERY

Prevailing Styles Really Show Little New, Though There Have Been a Few Changes Made.

Naturally, at this date very little that can be rightfully termed new is in evidence, says the Dry Goods Economist. The most pronounced change is the return of maline hats to strong favor.

Drapes of maline over hemp are especially favored; but brim extension, ruffles and huge wired bows of maline are also being offered.

Hats of Chantilly lace are being prominently featured. Some of the most striking of these have the lace fitted so smoothly and firmly over a wire foundation as to present almost a tailored appearance.

The popularity of quills continues unabated. They are used either alone or in combination with wheat, flowers, ribbon or feathers. Among the smartest models now shown are white hemps trimmed with white quills and white wheat, with a white moire ribbon band.

Another striking combination is a broad black quill with tiny white paradise sprays curling out from its center.

Flounced Skirts.

Flounced skirts are shown on many of the new tub models appearing in the shops, but invariably are the flounces slim and ungathered affairs, not increasing by a hair's breadth the slender silhouette of the skirt. A charming little frock of blue and white striped dimity has three flounces.

LIKE THE SEPARATE COLLAR

No Accessory of the Season Has Been Received With More Genuine Appreciation.

An accessory which can be adopted with greater confidence is the separate white collar to be worn with the coat. A few years ago girls and younger women wore embroidered white collars over their coat lapels, but the present renaissance of the fashion is in a different form. The collars now worn are much more attractive and elaborate. They come in all the modifications of the square or rounded cut and very often end in the long ruffle or plaiting which is so great a fad just now. Others are in the shape of a modified fichu. They are both becoming and practical, as they protect the waist underneath. Especially with a collarless blouse—that is to say, an open-necked one—they are almost necessary. Otherwise the hard line of the coat is very trying, both in appearance and in feeling.

Sleeve Drapery.

One of the most graceful fashions of today for evening gowns is the use of sleeve drapery that carries a flowing line of color from the bodice over the arms and sometimes far below the waist line.

Sleeve drapery can be of rich metallic laces, either gold or silver; tulle, maline or chiffon. It is frequently caught under buckles or fancy cabochons at the shoulders. From this point the material falls back over the arms, and sometimes is continued in long lines as a train. The effect is medieval and beautiful.

Make Your Own Hatpins.

Don't throw the whole effect of your hat entirely out of key by the use of discordant hatpins. It is a simple matter to have handsome hatpins to harmonize with your hat, and at a small expense, too. A bit of lace, silk, brocade, or any other material will do. A hat trimmed with a touch of coral, bright blue, or green, would look all the better if its hatpins were made of large button molds covered with the same bright material with an ordinary penny hatpin with white or black head stuck right through the hole in the mold.

Sashes Revived.

The narrow sashes of the '60s have been revived. They are offered in many styles, those of brocade in bright colors and odd designs being especially popular. The plain ones have embroidered ends and most of them are finished with fringes. The sashes are knotted at the side or looped at the back. They are worn with all sorts of costumes and give an effective touch of color to a somber gown.

For the Tea Table.

For the woman who loves a cup of tea in the afternoon and who also likes a small cooky or cheese cracker or some such tid-bit to nibble while sipping her tea, there is a new suggestion in the way of serving wafers and cakes.

Often even a sandwich plate will be too small to hold as many crackers as are needed when three or four friends drop in for a cup of tea and gossip, and for this a flower basket, the style that is flat with a tall handle, generally used for the garden when picking flowers, is just the thing, for it holds a most surprising number of cakes, and in this way one can easily pass a large number of tid-bits at one time without the least inconvenience, and for crackers, decorated with jelly and cheese and such edibles as cannot be laid on top of each other, this flat basket is unsurpassed.

Touch of Health.

The pale faces with carmine lips are disappearing. Paris is permitting a faint glow of healthful pink on the cheeks.

PROVED A MAN OF HIS WORD

Broker, True to Promise, Remembered Old Apple Woman In His Day of Rejoicing.

"Yes, I has me reg'lar customers," said the old apple woman at a Wall street corner as she polished an apple, "and now and then I has one that lets me share in his good luck. When industrials was on the kite, along comes a broker who says:

"'Good mornin' to ye, Aunt Sally, and how's apples sellin' today?'

"'Two fer five, yer highness,' says I, 'which is cheap fer apples at this season o' the year.'

"'That's true,' says he, 'and I'll take along a couple fer luck. I'm in industrials to make or lose a hundred thousand. If I make, I'll remember ye.'

"'Gord bless ye!' I says, as I gives the apples an extra polish and hands them over. It was three days before I sees him ag'in. Then he stops at me stand wid a look uv benevolence on his face, and money in his hand, and says:

"'Aunt Sally, yer polished apples brought me luck, and I'm a man av me word. I cleared a hundred thousand that day.'

"'Gord be praised, yer worship!'

"'And ye'll please accept this as a little token av love and esteem from yer true friend.'

"And wid that the dear, good-hearted man hands me a nickel and walks away wid the benevolence creeping down his shirt collar. And I was so affected that a boy stole two av me biggest apples whilst the tears was in me eyes. My husband says it ought to have been a dime at least. But, God bless ye, sir, that broker could have sold out his business and moved to Boston and dodged me altogether, ye know."

First Numbering of Houses.

London began to number its houses in 1764, about the time it removed the house signs that made ancient London an open air picture gallery.

Beware the Death Flower.

Scientists setting out to solve the mystery of the mammoth statues of Easter island have been cautioned—more or less humorously—to steer clear of El Banoer, another island of the Pacific. One of the early English explorers, Hugh Arkwright, who sailed the Pacific in 1581, warns travelers against visiting El Banoer—the home of the death flower. This flower, he says, is so large that a man can stand upright inside one of its blossoms. But if he does so he will surely fall asleep, lulled by the strange fragrance it distills. Then the flower folds its petals and suffocates him. "And so he passes into death through splendid dreams and gives his body to the death flower for food."

The Difference.

Knicker—In the winter I go out to play poker and my wife stays home from bridge.

Bocker—And in the summer you stay home from poker and your wife goes away for bridge.

CANADA'S OFFERING TO THE SETTLER

THE AMERICAN RUSH TO WESTERN CANADA IS INCREASING



Free Homesteads

In the new Districts of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta there are thousands of Free Homesteads left, which to the man making entry in a few years time will be worth from $10 to $25 per acre. These lands are well adapted to grain growing and cattle raising.

EXCELLENT RAILWAY FACILITIES

In many cases the railways in Canada have been built in advance of settlement, and in a short time there will not be a settler who need be more than ten or twelve miles from a line of railway. Railway Rates are regulated by Government Commission.

Social Conditions

The American Settler is at home in Western Canada. He is not a stranger in a strange land, having nearly a million of his own people already settled there. If you desire to know why the condition of the Canadian Settler is prosperous write and send for literature, rates, etc., to

GEO. A. HALL

123 2nd Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Canadian Government Agent, or address Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

Do you realize the fact that thousands of women are now using

Paxtine

A Soluble Antiseptic Powder

as a remedy for mucous membrane affections, such as sore throat, nasal or pelvic catarrh, inflammation or ulceration, caused by female ills? Women who have been cured say "it is worth its weight in gold." Dissolve in water and apply locally. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women.

For all hygienic and toilet uses it has no equal. Only 50c a large box at Druggists or sent postpaid on receipt of price. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 23–1913.

So strong is habit that when first a burden falls from our shoulders we feel discomfort in the loss.

As often as not it is the consciousness of a lack, not of a possession, that prompts us to preach or to brag

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

All Right.

Cook—There is sand in this sugar.

Grocer's Boy—That's all right if you use it for the dessert.

All Dead.

"Do you suppose there are any men who can prove they had no vices?"

"Certainly."

"Where's their proof?"

"On their tombstones."

Wayside Philosophy.

"Easy Street must be a nice street to live on," remarked the first hobo.

"That's nothing to me," declared the second wayfarer. "I never found that the alley back of it provided anything extra in the way of pickings."

May Win Later.

"What's the matter, old chap?"

"I have lost my girl. And that's the second I have lost this spring."

"Well, the baseball sharps all agree that it's better to do your losing early in the season."

A Careful Parent.

"Tommy, when can I interview your scout captain?"

"I'll make an engagement for you, dad. What do you want?"

"Want to see if there is anything in the rules to prevent your putting in a ton of coal tomorrow afternoon."

Must Be Reckless.

"Women, like a brave man," remarked the first chappie.

"That's right," assented the other chappie. "A feller's got to be reckless where women are concerned. If a girl offers you a kiss, wade right in. Don't stop to ascertain if her lips have been sterilized."

Through the Phone.

"Hello! Is that the information editor?"

"Yes."

"There's a question I'd like to ask you, to settle a family dispute."

"Well?"

"Which is the proper implement to use in eating a beef stew—a tablespoon or a fork?"

The Verdict.

A Chicago politician invited his cousin from the old country and had him appointed a smoke inspector. This was in the old days. He was turned loose to inspect without any instructions whatever, and this is the report he rendered at the end of the first month:

"I certify that I have inspected the smoke of this city for the thirty days past. I find plenty of smoke and apparently of good quality. Respectfully submitted."

MEMORY IMPROVED.
Since Leaving Off Coffee.

Many persons suffer from poor memory who never suspect coffee has anything to do with it.

The drug—caffeine—in coffee, acts injuriously on the nerves and heart, causing imperfect circulation, too much blood in the brain at one time, too little in another part. This often causes a dullness which makes a good memory nearly impossible.

"I am nearly seventy years old and did not know that coffee was the cause of the stomach and heart trouble I suffered from for many years, until about four years ago," writes a Kansas woman.

"A kind neighbor induced me to quit coffee and try Postum. I had been suffering severely and was greatly reduced in flesh. After using Postum a little while I found myself improving. My heart beats became regular and now I seldom ever notice any symptoms of my old stomach trouble at all. My nerves are steady and my memory decidedly better than while I was using coffee.

"I like the taste of Postum fully as well as coffee."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Write for booklet, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms.

Regular (must be boiled).

Instant Postum doesn't require boiling but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in an ordinary cup of hot water, which makes it right for most persons.

A big cup requires more and some people who like strong things put in a heaping spoonful and temper it with a large supply of cream.

Experiment until you know the amount that pleases your palate and have it served that way in the future.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

THE TOWER OF BABEL

PHOTOS COPYRIGHTED BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

RUIN and desolation mark the site of the ancient biblical city of Babylon. Where, "by the water of Babylon," the Jewish nation "sat down and wept," stand today staggering walls of an old-time splendor. Until a few years ago what had once been the "cradle of civilization" was covered with the dirt and dust of ages, but in 1900 a number of German archaeologists cleared away the debris, in part, and uncovered portions of the royal city.

The work is still being carried on and the photographs here reproduced are the first to reach America showing the results of the German savants' labor of love. For twelve years Prof. Robert Koldewey, director of archaeological research in Babylon, assisted by Dr. Oscar Reuther, has carried on his work, supported by the emperor of Germany.

On the site shown in one of the pictures the Tower of Babel once stood. This is the scene of the confusion of tongues of the biblical story. Several sites have been assigned to the tower. That this is the true site is the conclusion of Dr. Koldewey and his associates in the expedition sent out by the Deutsche Orientgesellschaft of Berlin. Other scholars who have sought to locate the site have lacked the evidence obtained by Dr. Koldewey in his extensive researches.



ENTRANCE TO PASSAGE CONNECTING TOWER OF BABEL WITH TEMPLE OF ESAGILA

Only the site is left. Time and war and the elements assailed the tower. For twenty centuries it crumbled. It was a quarry of building materials for man. Practically Babylonia was left unexplored until the last quarter of the nineteenth century. Before that the work of destruction had been completed. In the last century modern towns and villages in the vicinity carted off or floated down the Euphrates the last bricks of the foundation of the Tower of Babel. The foundation was over 300 feet square, a huge, bulky mass. Hillah, a modern Arab town, four miles south of it, was built with the bricks of the ancient city. Thus perished the pride of Babylon.

The temple of Esagila, the most important Babylonian sanctuary brought to light, was a part of the Tower of Babel. Its ruins were uncovered by the German archaeologists after digging a hole forty feet deep that was as broad as the mouth of a volcano. The two walls in the center of the picture mark the entrance to the passage, a quarter of a mile long, which connected the steep pyramid of Etemenanki, known in the Bible as the Tower of Babel, with this temple.

Because of the depth of the debris caused by the action of the centuries which have veiled the earth here the entire foundation of the Tower of Babel has not yet been excavated, but tunnels at the floor level have been bored into the sides until the temple walls were properly established and then the whole edifice was measured.

This is the oldest and most momentous ruin on account of its connection with the Tower of Babel, and the bricks which once represented massive masonry are now so brittle that one can crush them between the fingers.

In the picture showing the ruins of Babylon the man on the left stands upon the remains of the brick pavement which was part of the long street named after Daniel, who, no doubt, himself traversed its length many times. In the ruins on the right, in the hollow, there is the gate named after the goddess Ishtar. This is the most prominent and best preserved ruin in Babylon. Its walls are adorned with reliefs of bulls, the holy animal of Nebo, and dragons, the holy animal of the god Marduk. It was through this gate that the processional road of the god of Marduk led, and passing it and turning to the right, it led on to Nebuchadnezzar's throne hall.

The excavations have brought to light many curious specimens of the work of the ancient people of Babylon. The largest piece of sculpture yet unearthed is that of a huge lion chiseled out of an enormous block of granite brought down the Euphrates on a raft from Mesopotamia. It shows a lion standing over a prostrate man. The work is crude and probably is a product of the very earliest art of Babylon. The sculptor typifies the superiority of the lion's strength over man's. Some coffins of the middle class were also found. They were of burned clay and like bathtubs in shape. Some of them were very short because of the custom of the Assyrians and Babylonians of burying their dead in a sitting position, with the head between the knees.



RUINS OF BABYLON

MOVING DAY IN ANCIENT BABYLON

These sarcophagi were depositetd often in round roofed tombs, in some of which have been found the bones of the dead of 2,500 years ago. Many of these coffins have been discovered in the excavations about the dwellings of the middle classes.

While German research has definitely fixed the location of the Tower of Babel, the origin of the biblical story of the confusion of tongues has not been found in Babylon. That it is a world myth is the conclusion of scholars. It is interesting to note that a similar legend is found in Central America in connection with the pyramid of Cholula, which was also intended to reach the heavens and which brought disaster to its builders.

But if this legend has not been verified by research the discoveries which have rewarded the labors of explorers and archaeologists in Babylonia have been many and of the highest value. Innumerable tablets have been collected which when deciphered will throw light upon a civilization which was born more than six thousand years ago. The oldest temple in the world has been unearthed at Bisya. Large square blocks have been discovered which date back to the reign of Sargon I., 3,800 years before Christ. Even older is a platform built of the peculiar convex bricks used in B. C. 4500. Inscriptions on bricks found in the temple at Bisya are stamped with the name of Dungi, B. C. 2750. A crumpled piece of gold bears the name of Param Sin, B. C. 3750. So much for the age of the antiquities of Babylon. The best preserved edifice of ancient Babylon thus far unearthed is the gate of the goddess Ishtar, of which the masonry remains well nigh perfect after two thousand years of neglect.

What is even more interesting to the general public, modern research is making the Babylonians live again after thousands of years. Much is known now of their daily life, their aims and occupations, their religious ceremonies. It is possible to reconstruct something of the life of the prophet Daniel in Babylon. It is possible to follow the course of a procession in honor of the god Marduk through the gate of Ishtar to the palace of Nebuchadnezzar. The sepultures of the people and of the princes have been laid open.

Everywhere on the walls of buildings are to be seen representations of the bull, which was the sacred animal of Babylon.

Though it is uncertain whether the ancient Babylonians were more civilized than their Egyptian contemporaries there is but little doubt that they were the pioneers of civilization in the whole of western Asia before Greece and Rome came to the front. Four thousand years B. C. their system of writing had already been developed, and applied also the Semitic Babylonian tongue. Fourteen hundred years B. C., as the Tell-el-Amarna tablets testify, its use extended over the whole of western Asia, as far as the Mediterranean and Egypt. Though not a warlike people the Babylonians possessed more than once what might have been described at the time as a world-wide empire. They were energetic, intelligent, polished in their way and fond of letters. Excellent sculptures and engravings on hard stone exist to testify to their skill and artistic instincts. Representations of musical instruments imply also that the art of harmony was not altogether unknown to them. To this must be added agriculture, mensuration and mathematics, such as they were, and their legal enactments, codified apparently by Hammurabi, are in their way noteworthy productions. In the matter of literature we owe to them no less than three accounts of the creation, two accounts of the flood, one of them put into the mouth of the Babylonian Noah (Utnapistim or Atre-hasis), who is represented as relating it to the semi-mythical Gilgames, a primitive king of Erech. To these must be added a number of other legends, such as the story of Ure (the pestilence), Etanna, the horse and the ox, with many others—one at least, the story of Sargon of Agade, being historical.

It is difficult to judge which was the more predominant characteristic of the Babylonians, their trading instinct or their reverence for their gods, for both are equally marked. They had intercourse by means of trade with Elam on the east, Syria on the west, and many other places on the north and south. Slavery was common, and contracts concerning the buying, selling and hiring of slaves are frequently met with.

One of the pictures shows an interesting phase of present day life. How would it feel if the worry of moving could be eliminated as in the picture of the Babylonian who is moving his household goods and chattels. The Babylonian gathers his earthly possessions together, carefully arranges his furniture (in most cases a rug) on the back of his donkey or mule, and with his family comfortably seated on the pack, he starts merrily off to some place which may strike his fancy.

The transportation by any other means than that of the donkey or mule is unheard of by the Babylonian who believes that this is the mode of transportation the world over. It is only the extremely wealthy, or personages of political importance, who can afford a carriage. A journey on the back of a donkey or mule is filled with many hardships and is very slow and tedious to those unaccustomed to that mode of conveyance, but the Babylonian, knowing no better, is satisfied with his lot and thankful to Allah that he has a donkey or mule to carry him about wherever his business or fancy dictate.

GOOD HAND.

Dummy made it no trumps and put down the ace, king and queen of hearts.

"Ah, good hearts," remarked her polite opponent.

She put down the ace, king and queen of spades.

"Good spades!"

She put down the same sequence in diamonds.

"Good diamonds!"

She then displayed the ace, king, queen and knave of clubs.

"Good gracious!"

OR SOMETHING.

"What do you think of a judge as a secretary of war?"

"I think it's a good move. If the enemy should ever prove too strong for us, he can launch an injunction at 'em or take a change of venue."

MEANS OF IDENTIFICATION.

"I took my laundry ticket to a friendly Chinaman, and, after some hesitation, he translated it for me."

"What did it say?"

"Little man; ears stick out; wart on nose."

MAY CLAIM TO BE UNIQUE

Feudal Dominions of Reuss in Germany Is Absolutely Without a Parallel on Earth.

One of the oldest of Germany's feudal dominions, and decidedly the most individual, is the little province of Reuss. Both halves combined (for it consists of two distinct principalities) only comprise 441 square miles, and a third of this area is given up to that primeval forest which covers that greater part of Thuringia. And it is the larger portion, called Reuss-Schleiz-Gera (as opposed to Reuss-Greiz) over which Prince Henry XIV., whose death occurred recently, ruled.

At the time when Reuss began to be Reuss, its overlords were vogts, or prefects, under the German kings. One of these bailiffs was a certain Henry, who died in 1120 with the title of Vogt of Gera and Weida, and his descendants took the Weida, title for many generations until some connection with Russia (either by residence or marriage) was the cause of changing the title to Reuss.

Then the family divided up into three branches, headed by the three sons of Henry XVI., and as one branch died of in 1616, there remained the two branches which survive today.

Since then the two sister principalities have gone on adding rulers to the double dynasty, and as all of them are christened Henry, the comparison has always been embarassing.

The head of the elder line rose from a count to be a prince of the empire in 1778, and the head of the younger in 1806. They both joined the Confederation of the Rhine in 1807, and in 1815 the German Confederation. There was a little brush between Reuss, Greiz and the authorities in 1866, owing to its avowed sympathies with Austria, but the offense was expiated by a fine, and this made little difference to a house which, like its companion, was, and is, extremely wealthy.

HAVING A PURPOSE IN LIFE

Mental Positivity, Declares Writer, Is the Key That Opens the Door of Success.

Find what you really want of life, discover your highest ideal, your most advanced aspiration. Then stimulate it with the fire of desire, and the steam of will. Furnish it with mental pictures. Make mental paths for it. Warm it with faith-hope, and confident expectation. Then move straight ahead, bewaring of sidetracking or wandering into bypaths. Choose the positive thing every time, discarding the negative on every hand. See what you want, and where you are going—and then move straight to the mark, climbing over, or tunneling under, or moving around, the obstacles in your path—keeping your eye ever on the goal until you and the goal blend into each other. Be satisfied with nothing but all of that you seek for—disdain compromise except as a step from which to attain the balance of the whole. Take the half-loaf merely to sustain you until you can get the other half. Demand, demand, and reach out for that which is yours ideally, so that it may become yours in reality. Grasp it firmly when you get the chance—and then never let go! Sing the song of the positive—the glad major of progress and achievement, leaving the weaklings the minor wail of the negative. Say to yourself: I can be positive; I will be positive—yes, by the "I" within me, I am positive, right now and here!"—William Walker Atkinson, in Nautilus.

Immense Antarctic Coal Vein.

Probably the most practical discovery made by the ill-fated Scott expedition to the south pole was a great coal field, said to be at least 650 miles long. Its width has not been ascertained. Australian reports are to the effect that the coal has been analyzed and is declared to be of workable quality. It is one of the largest deposits in the world.

FUNERAL HONORS FOR A MARE

Trotter Destroyed in Fire Is Given Obsequies in Keeping With Affectionate Regard of Owner.

Betty Green, a trotting mare destroyed in a fire at Belleville, Ill., was given funeral honors in keeping with her record of 2:10 and with the affectionate regard of her owner, William H. Reichert. The body was drawn to the grave, on the Walnut Grove stock farm, by six blooded youngsters, and was lowered by stable boys. The coffin was rose lined. Mr. Reichert pronounced a eulogy after recounting the mare's track achievements.

Perhaps Betty Green's terrible form of death aroused Mr. Reichert's sympathies the more keenly, but the intense love of a great race horse by an owner is a primary sentiment. Maud S. had more friends than any horse in history, being approachable, inquisitive and fond of contact with the many whom Robert Bonner delighted in taking to her paddock.

James R. Keene mourned Sysonby as he would one of his family. This superb runner had the admiration of the east without the popularity of Maud S., a trotter and a record breaker in times when trotting was the consuming passion. Mr. Keene, who never bet on the races, was to have Sysonby's remains preserved, but his only monument is his unique position among American thoroughbreds.

HAIR CAME OUT IN BUNCHES

813 E. Second St., Muncie, Ind.—"My little girl had a bad breaking out on the scalp. It was little white lumps. The pimples would break out as large as a common pinhead all over her head. They would break and run yellow matter. She suffered nearly a year with itching and burning. It was sore and itched all the time. The matter that ran from her head was very thick, I did not comb her hair very often, her head was too sore to comb it, and when I did comb, it came out in bunches. Some nights her head itched so bad she could not sleep.

"I tried several different soaps and ointments, also patent medicine, but nothing could I get to stop it. I began using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment this summer after I sent for the free samples. I used them and they did so much good I bought a cake of Cuticura Soap and some Cuticura Ointment. I washed her head with Cuticura Soap and rubbed the Cuticura Ointment in the scalp every two weeks. A week after I had washed her head three times you could not tell she ever had a breaking out on her head. Cuticura Soap and Ointment also made the hair grow beautifully." (Signed) Mrs. Emma Patterson, Dec. 22, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Tanbark as a Fuel.

Perhaps the most important of waste fuels in the United States has been spent tanbark. A rough estimate would indicate that this material generated a few years ago an amount of steam that would have otherwise required the yearly consumption of about 2,000,000 tons of high grade coal. Yet this valuable fuel was at one time considered a mere detriment and an expense to the leather industry. It was disposed of by dumping it into rivers, filling in waste ground and by making roads with it, often necessitating the paying out of large sums for its disposition. This strikingly illustrates a case of how the improvement of a furnace converted a hitherto supposed combustible into a valuable waste fuel of the auto—combustible class, and shows how an enormous waste was converted into an equally great economy.—Engineering Magazine.

Exonerating the Kingbird.

The department of agriculture has granted a certificate of good character to the kingbird, sometimes known in the rural districts as the bee martin, a species of fly catcher which inhabits nearly every part of the United States. The kingbird has been under indictment in many sections as a destroyer of bees and a foe of apiarists.

Experts now declare that it kills only the drones and the useless bees, and is, therefore, a boon to the bee raiser. Besides that, it preys on many harmful insects and protects farmers' chicken yards from depredations of crows and chicken hawks, which it savagely attacks.

Way With Most of Us.

Mayor Gaynor, at a dinner in New York, discussed the arguments of a very young and very cocksure lawyer.

"This young chap from the country," said the mayor, "would do well to follow—instead of trying to lead—older, wiser, and more experienced men than himself. But——"

The mayor sighed whimsically.

"Heigho!" he said. "Some men never have any respect for gray hairs till after they've acquired a few of their own."

Not Worth It.

"Why did you name the baby Nebuchadnezzar?"

"His Uncle Nebuchadnezzar has promised to leave him $5,000."

"The boy may not thank you in after life. I think he'd rather go out and earn $5,000 than to carry around that name."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

His Heir.

Mrs. Newedd (to tramp)—Aren't you the man wro called here last week?

Tramp—You mean the pore feller you gave the 'ome-made pie to? No, mum, I ain't him. He left me his ol' togs when he pegged out, dat's all.

ASK FOR ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,

the Antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes. Relieves Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sweating feet, Blisters and Callous spots. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y. Adv.

Always Trying.

"He's always trying to start something."

"A scrapper, eh?"

"No, he owns a motorcycle."

It Depends.

"Don't you adore the voices of the night?"

"Not if the baby has the colic."

THE LURE OF THE WEST

WESTERN CANADA ATTRACTING THOUSANDS OF SETTLERS.

Writing on the Canadian West, an eastern exchange truthfully says:

"The West still calls with imperative voice. To prairie and mountain, and for the Pacific Coast, Ontario's young men and women are attracted by tens of thousands yearly. The great migration has put an end to the fear, freely expressed not many years ago by those who knew the West from the lakes to the farther coast of Vancouver Island, that Canada would some day break in two because of the predominance of Continental European and American settlers in the West."

This is true. While the immigration from the United States is large, running close to 150,000 a year, that of the British Isles and Continental Europe nearly twice that number, making a total of 400,000 per year, there is a strong influx from Eastern Canada. It is not only into the prairie provinces that these people go, but many of them continue westward, the glory of British Columbia's great trees and great mountains, the excellent agricultural valleys, where can be grown almost all kinds of agriculture and where fruit has already achieved prominence. Then the vast expanse of the plains attract hundreds of thousands, who at once set to work to cultivate their vast holdings. There is still room, and great opportunity in the West. The work of man's hands, even in the cities with their record-breaking building rush, is the smallest part of the great panorama that is spread before the eye on a journey through the country. Nature is still supreme, and man is still the divine pigmy audaciously seeking to impose his will and stamp his mark upon an unconquered half continent.

The feature that most commends itself in Western development today is the "home-making spirit." The West will find happiness in planting trees and making gardens and building schools and colleges and universities, and producing a home environment so that there will be no disposition to regard the country as a temporary place of abode in which everyone is trying to make his pile preparatory to going back East or becoming a lotus-eater beside the Pacific.

The lure of the West is strong. It will be still stronger when the crude new towns and villages of the plains are embowered in trees and vocal with the song of birds.—Advertisement.

Convicts College Students.

More than fifty convicts are enrolled at the State Agricultural College at Manhattan, taking the various courses offered at the college. They are, so far as is known, the only convict college students in the United States. Few, if any, of the convicts have ever seen the college building, and it will be some time before any of them can see it, but nevertheless they are enrolled students doing regular work.

All the convict college students are inmates of the United States penitentiary here. They do their class work in their cells and mail their lesson papers to the college for correction. Some of the convicts are studying agriculture, some civil engineering, others mechanics, and some are studying dairying. Nearly all of the students enrolled in the agricultural or dairy courses are men employed on the prison farm or in the dairy.—Leavenworth Dispatch to New York Times.

Parliamentary Suspension.

Sir Henry Lucy drops a hint from the "Cross Benches" in the Observer as to the "suspension" of members of the house—and the vagueness of the penalty. Can it be true that members get themselves named and suspended on purpose to achieve a compulsory holiday? Eight pounds a week will make for modest comfort at Brighton or Eastbourne. The member of parliament is paid whether he is in the house or at Margate or in the Clock Tower. Budapest has a more drastic way. If the member is suspended he is fined 16 shillings a day. That teaches him to behave. Now that we pay our representatives we might make payment conditional on their representing us in the proper place.—London Chronicle.

A New Metal.

Some remarkable qualities are claimed for steelite, a new metal which is composed of 75 per cent. of cobalt and the remainder of chromium. It may be cast and ground to a fine edge, is impervious to rust and the action of acids and highly flexible. As a lathe tool it will cut steel at the rate of 200 feet a minute, a speed at which steel would ordinarily burn. Certain modifications of this alloy will cut glass, and even quartz crystals. Steelite is said to be particularly suitable for watch fittings.

Absent-Minded? Oh, No!

Two absent-minded college professors were walking together on the street.

"Do you know," said one, "I must have a double. The other day a woman stopped me on the street and asked:

"'Your name is Mr. Kennington, isn't it?'"

"Well, well!" his friend replied, "and was it?"

Both Ways.

"Who is back of this show?"

"John Jenks—away back. I believe the sheriff is in front."

Omaha is trying girls as telegraph messengers.

Chicago's Schools in 1912 cost the city $27,399,275.

HAIR CUT BY A RODENT

Rodent Barber Gets Busy on Thatch of Sleeping Oregon Photographer.

Ernest J. Bloom, a photographer of Hood River, Ore., who has been passing the last two weeks at the ranch of R. E. Scott, secretary of the Commercial club, returned home with a portion of his hair gone.

Mr. Bloom had been working in the garden and making a lawn on the ranch. He was taking a nap after lunch when a squirrel that had been making its home in the house this winter, evidently thinking his long black locks would make an excellent lining for a nest, trimmed off a portion of the hair while he slept.

"The rodent's teeth must have been sharp," says the photographer, "for I could scarcely feel him at work there cutting away the hair. I must have moved in my sleep and in his excitement he evidently pulled some of the hairs out instead of cutting them. This awoke me and I let out a yell that almost frightened the squirrel to death."—Portland Oregonian.

In Jail.

Sympathetic Visitor—Can't you do something to make life smooth for these poor men?

Practical Officer—Sure, lady. Don't we iron them?

Hunger never kicks because the tablecloth is soiled.

HOW THIS WOMAN FOUND HEALTH

Would not give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for All Rest of Medicine in the World.

Utica, Ohio.—"I suffered everything from a female weakness after baby came. I had numb spells and was dizzy, had black spots before my eyes, my back ached and I was so weak I could hardly stand up. My face was yellow, even my fingernails were colorless and I had displacement. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now I am stout, well and healthy. I can do all my own work and can walk to town and back and not get tired. I would not give your Vegetable Compound for all the rest of the medicines in the world. I tried doctor's medicines and they did me no good."—Mrs. MARY EARLEWINE, R.F.D. No. 3, Utica, Ohio.



Another Case.

Nebo, Ill.—"I was bothered for ten years with female troubles and the doctors did not help me. I was so weak and nervous that I could not do my work and every month I had to spend a few days in bed. I read so many letters about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound curing female troubles that I got a bottle of it. It did me more good than anything else I ever took and now it has cured me. I feel better than I have for years and tell everybody what the Compound has done for me. I believe I would not be living to-day but for that."—Mrs. HETTIE GREENSTREET, Nebo, Illinois.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion.



They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean or ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. All dealers or direct express paid for $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 180 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

RAT-EXIT RATS MICE ROACHES

Most Economical and Effective Remedy. In Self-sealing boxes, convenient to handle. At all druggists, 15, 25 and 75c. Manufactured by Wisconsin Pharmacal Co Milwaukee, Wis.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves any irritation caused by dust, sun or wind. Booklet Free. JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N.Y.

LADIES Get wise. Improve your own beauty and appearance. Particulars free. PURDUE SPECIALTY CO., BRADFORD BLDG., BOLTON, PA.

INDIAN RELICS WANTED of copper and stone. Write and tell me what you have. H. F. MARLETT, Two Rivers, Wis.

Milwaukee Directory

FREE TO EVERY WOMAN who writes, one copy of "Ladies' Cyclopedia of Health and Beauty." This book tells how to cultivate health and beauty, what to use, and how to use it.

THE K. & C. SPECIALTY COMPANY
638-640 THIRD AVE. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.00 $3.50 $4.00
$4.50 AND $5.00
SHOES
FOR MEN AND WOMEN

BEST BOYS' SHOES in the WORLD $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

The largest makers of Men's $3.50 and $4.00 shoes in the world.

Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50 shoes. Just as good in style, fit and wear as other makes costing $5.00 to $7.00—the only difference is the price. Shoes in all leathers, styles and shapes to suit everybody. If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price.

If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from the factory and save the middleman's profit. Shoes for every member of the family, at all prices, by Parcel Post, postage free. Write for Illustrated Catalog. It will show you how to order by mail, and why you can save money on your footwear.

W. L. DOUGLAS - - Brockton, Mass.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

W. L. Douglas name is stamped on the bottom.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

CANADA'S OFFERING TO THE SETTLER

THE AMERICAN RUSH TO WESTERN CANADA IS INCREASING



Free Homesteads

In the new Districts of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta there are thousands of Free Homesteads left, which to the man making entry in a few years time will be worth from $20 to $25 per acre. These lands are well adapted to grain growing and cattle raising.

EXCELLENT RAILWAY FACILITIES

In many cases the railways in Canada have been built in advance of settlement, and in a short time there will not be a settler who need be more than ten or twelve miles from a line of railway. Railway rates are regulated by Government Commission.

Social Conditions

The American Settler is at home in Western Canada. He is not a stranger in a strange land, but finding nearly a million of his own people already settled there. If you desire to know why the condition of the Canadian Settler is prosperous write and send for literature, rates, etc., to

GEO. A. HALL

123 2nd Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Canadian Government Agent, or address Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

Do you realize the fact that thousands of women are now using

Paxtine

A Soluble Antiseptic Powder

as a remedy for mucous membrane affections, such as sore throat, nasal or pelvic catarrh, inflammation or ulceration, caused by female ills? Women who have been cured say "it is worth its weight in gold." Dissolve in water and apply locally. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women.

For all hygienic and toilet uses it has no equal. Only 50c a large box at Druggists or sent postpaid on receipt of price. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

W. N. U., MILWAUKEE, NO. 23-1913.

So strong is habit that when first a burden falls from our shoulders we feel discomfort in the loss.

As often as not it is the consciousness of a lack, not of a possession, that prompts us to preach or to brag.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.Adv.

All Right.

Cook—There is sand in this sugar.

Grocer's Boy—That's all right if you use it for the dessert.

All Dead.

"Do you suppose there are any men who can prove they had no vices?"

"Certainly."

"Where's their proof?"

"On their tombstones."

Wayside Philosophy.

"Easy Street must be a nice street to live on," remarked the first hobo.

"That's nothing to me," declared the second wayfarer. "I never found that the alley back of it provided anything extra in the way of pickings."

May Win Later.

"What's the matter, old chap?"

"I have lost my girl. And that's the second I have lost this spring."

"Well, the baseball sharps all agree that it's better to do your losing early in the season."

A Careful Parent.

"Tommy, when can I interview your scout captain?"

"I'll make an engagement for you, dad. What do you want?"

"Want to see if there is anything in the rules to prevent your putting in a ton of coal tomorrow afternoon."

Must Be Reckless.

"Women, like a brave man," remarked the first chappie.

"That's right," assented the other chappie. "A feller's got to be reckless where women are concerned. If a girl offers you a kiss, wade right in. Don't stop to ascertain if her lips have been sterilized."

Through the Phone.

"Hello! Is that the information editor?"

"Yes."

"There's a question I'd like to ask you, to settle a family dispute."

"Well?"

"Which is the proper implement to use in eating a beef stew—a tablespoon or a fork?"

The Verdict.

A Chicago politician invited his cousin from the old country and had him appointed a smoke inspector. This was in the old days. He was turned loose to inspect without any instructions whatever, and this is the report he rendered at the end of the first month:

"I certify that I have inspected the smoke of this city for the thirty days past. I find plenty of smoke and apparently of good quality. Respectfully submitted."

MEMORY IMPROVED.
Since Leaving Off Coffee.

Many persons suffer from poor memory who never suspect coffee has anything to do with it.

The drug—caffeine—in coffee, acts injuriously on the nerves and heart, causing imperfect circulation, too much blood in the brain at one time, too little in another part. This often causes a dullness which makes a good memory nearly impossible.

"I am nearly seventy years old and did not know that coffee was the cause of the stomach and heart trouble I suffered from for many years, until about four years ago," writes a Kansas woman.

"A kind neighbor induced me to quit coffee and try Postum. I had been suffering severely and was greatly reduced in flesh. After using Postum a little while I found myself improving. My heart beats became regular and now I seldom ever notice any symptoms of my old stomach trouble at all. My nerves are steady and my memory decidedly better than while I was using coffee.

"I like the taste of Postum fully as well as coffee."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Write for booklet, "The Road to Wellville."

Postum comes in two forms.

Regular (must be boiled).

Instant Postum doesn't require boiling but is prepared instantly by stirring a level teaspoonful in an ordinary cup of hot water, which makes it right for most persons.

A big cup requires more and some people who like strong things put in a heaping spoonful and temper it with a large supply of cream.

Experiment until you know the amount that pleases your palate and have it served that way in the future.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

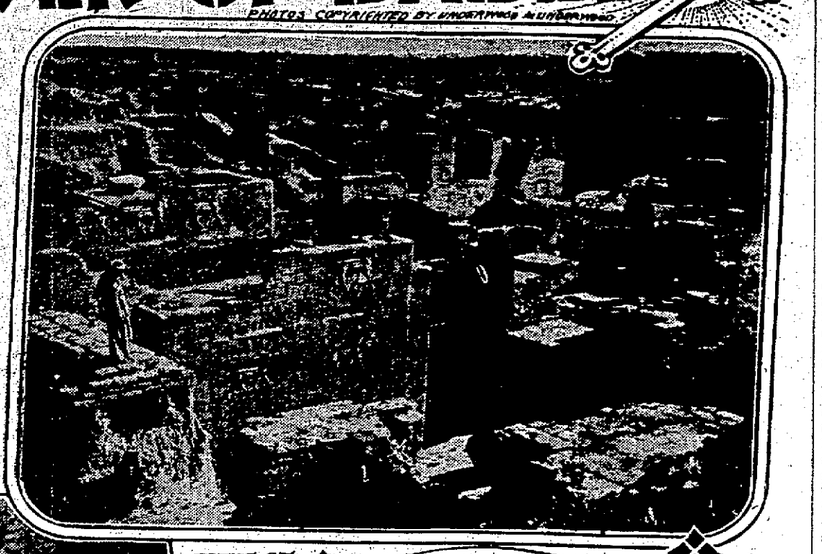
THE TOWER OF BABEL

PHOTOS COPYRIGHTED BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

RUIN and desolation mark the site of the ancient biblical city of Babylon. Where, "by the water of Babylon," the Jewish nation "sat down and wept," stand today staggering walls of an old-time splendor. Until a few years ago what had once been the "cradle of civilization" was covered with the dirt and dust of ages, but in 1900 a number of German archaeologists cleared away the debris, in part, and uncovered portions of the royal city.

The work is still being carried on and the photographs here reproduced are the first to reach America showing the results of the German savants' labor of love. For twelve years Prof. Robert Koldewey, director of archaeological research in Babylon, assisted by Dr. Oscar Reuther, has carried on his work, supported by the emperor of Germany.

On the site shown in one of the pictures the Tower of Babel once stood. This is the scene of the confusion of tongues of the biblical story. Several sites have been assigned to the tower. That this is the true site is the conclusion of Dr. Koldewey and his associates in the expedition sent out by the Deutsche Orientgesellschaft of Berlin. Other scholars who have sought to locate the site have lacked the evidence obtained by Dr. Koldewey in his extensive researches.



ENTRANCE TO PASSAGE CONNECTING TOWER OF BABEL WITH TEMPLE OF ESAGILA





MOVING DAY IN ANCIENT BABYLON

Only the site is left. Time and war and the elements assailed the tower. For twenty centuries it crumbled. It was a quarry of building materials for man. Practically Babylonia was left unexplored until the last quarter of the nineteenth century. Before that the work of destruction had been completed. In the last century modern towns and villages in the vicinity carted off or floated down the Euphrates the last bricks of the foundation of the Tower of Babel. The foundation was over 360 feet square, a huge, bulky mass. Hillah, a modern Arab town, four miles south of it, was built with the bricks of the ancient city. Thus perished the pride of Babylon.

The temple of Esagila, the most important Babylonian sanctuary brought to light, was a part of the Tower of Babel. Its ruins were uncovered by the German archaeologists after digging a hole forty feet deep that was as broad as the mouth of a volcano. The two walls in the center of the picture mark the entrance to the passage, a quarter of a mile long, which connected the steep pyramid of Etomenanki, known in the Bible as the Tower of Babel, with this temple.

Because of the depth of the debris caused by the action of the centuries which have veiled the earth here the entire foundation of the Tower of Babel has not yet been excavated, but tunnels at the floor level have been bored into the sides until the temple walls were properly established and then the whole edifice was measured.

This is the oldest and most momentous ruin on account of its connection with the Tower of Babel, and the bricks which once represented massive masonry are now so brittle that one can crush them between the fingers.

In the picture showing the ruins of Babylon the man on the left stands upon the remains of the brick pavement which was part of the long street named after Daniel, who, no doubt, himself traversed its length many times. In the ruins on the right, in the hollow, there is the gate named after the goddess Ishtar. This is the most prominent and best preserved ruin in Babylon. Its walls are adorned with reliefs of bulls, the holy animal of Nebo, and dragons, the holy animal of the god Marduk. It was through this gate that the processional road of the god of Marduk led, and passing it and turning to the right, it led on to Nebuchadnezzar's throne hall.

The excavations have brought to light many curious specimens of the work of the ancient people of Babylon. The largest piece of sculpture yet unearthed is that of a huge lion chiseled out of an enormous block of granite brought down the Euphrates on a raft from Mesopotamia. It shows a lion standing over a prostrate man. The work is crude and probably is a product of the very earliest art of Babylon. The sculptor typifies the superiority of the lion's strength over man's. Some coffins of the middle class were also found. They were of burned clay and like bathtubs in shape. Some of them were very short because of the custom of the Assyrians and Babylonians of burying their dead in a sitting position, with the head between the knees.

These sarcophagi were deposited often in round roofed tombs, in some of which have been found the bones of the dead of 2,500 years ago. Many of these coffins have been discovered in the excavations about the dwellings of the middle classes.

While German research has definitely fixed the location of the Tower of Babel, the origin of the biblical story of the confusion of tongues has not been found in Babylon. That it is a world myth is the conclusion of scholars. It is interesting to note that a similar legend is found in Central America in connection with the pyramid of Cholula, which was also intended to reach the heavens and which brought disaster to its builders.

But if this legend has not been verified by research the discoveries which have rewarded the labors of explorers and archaeologists in Babylonia have been many and of the highest value. Innumerable tablets have been collected which when deciphered will throw light upon a civilization which was born more than six thousand years ago. The oldest temple in the world has been unearthed at Bisya. Large square blocks have been discovered which date back to the reign of Sargon I., 3,800 years before Christ. Even older is a platform built of the peculiar convex bricks used in B. C. 4500. Inscriptions on bricks found in the temple at Bisya are stamped with the name of Dungi, B. C. 2750. A crumpled piece of gold bears the name of Param Sim, B. C. 3750. So much for the age of the antiquities of Babylon. The best preserved edifice of ancient Babylon thus far unearthed is the gate of the goddess Ishtar, of which the masonry remains well nigh perfect after two thousand years of neglect.

What is even more interesting to the general public, modern research is making the Babylonians live again after thousands of years. Much is known now of their daily life, their aims and occupations, their religious ceremonies. It is possible to reconstruct something of the life of the prophet Daniel in Babylon. It is possible to follow the course of a procession in honor of the god Marduk through the gate of Ishtar to the palace of Nebuchadnezzar. The sepultures of the people and of the princes have been laid open.

Everywhere on the walls of buildings are to be seen representations of the bull, which was the sacred animal of Babylon.

Though it is uncertain whether the ancient Babylonians were more civilized than their Egyptian contemporaries there is but little doubt that they were the pioneers of civilization in the whole of western Asia before Greece and Rome came to the front. Four thousand years B. C. their system of writing had already been developed, and applied also the Semitic Babylonian tongue. Fourteen hundred years B. C., as the Tell-el-Amarna tablets testify, its use extended over the whole of western Asia as far as the Mediterranean and Egypt. Though not a warlike people the Babylonians possessed more than once what might have been described at the time as a world-wide empire. They were energetic, intelligent, polished in their way and fond of letters. Excellent sculptures and engravings on hard stone exist to testify to their skill and artistic instincts. Representations of musical instruments imply also that the art of harmony was not altogether unknown to them. To this must be added agriculture, mensuration and mathematics, such as they were, and their legal enactments, codified apparently by Hammurabi, are in their way noteworthy productions. In the matter of literature we owe to them no less than three accounts of the creation, two accounts of the flood, one of them put into the mouth of the Babylonian Noah (Utnapistim or Atre-hasis), who is represented as relating it to the semi-mythical Gilgames, a primitive king of Erech. To these must be added a number of other legends, such as the story of Ure (the pestilence), Etanna, the horse and the ox, with many others—one at least, the story of Sargon of Agade, being historical.

It is difficult to judge which was the more predominant characteristic of the Babylonians, their trading instinct or their reverence for their gods, for both are equally marked. They had intercourse by means of trade with Elam on the east, Syria on the west, and many other places on the north and south. Slavery was common, and contracts concerning the buying, selling and hiring of slaves are frequently met with.

One of the pictures shows an interesting phase of present day life. How would it feel if the worry of moving could be eliminated as in the picture of the Babylonian who is moving his household goods and chattels. The Babylonian gathers his earthly possessions together, carefully arranges his furniture (in most cases a rug) on the back of his donkey or mule, and with his family comfortably seated on the pack, he starts merrily off to some place which may strike his fancy.

The transportation by any other means than that of the donkey or mule is unheard of by the Babylonian who believes that this is the mode of transportation the world over. It is only the extremely wealthy, or personages of political importance, who can afford a carriage. A journey on the back of a donkey or mule is filled with many hardships and is very slow and tedious to those unaccustomed to that mode of conveyance, but the Babylonian, knowing no better, is satisfied with his lot and thankful to Allah that he has a donkey or mule to carry him about wherever his business or fancy dictate.

GOOD HAND.

Dummy made it no trumps and put down the ace, king and queen of hearts.

"Ah, good hearts," remarked her polite opponent.

She put down the ace, king and queen of spades.

"Good spades!"

She put down the same sequence in diamonds.

"Good diamonds!"

She then displayed the ace, king, queen and knave of clubs.

"Good gracious!"

OR SOMETHING.

"What do you think of a judge as a secretary of war?"

"I think it's a good move. If the enemy should ever prove too strong for us, he can launch an injunction at 'em or take a change of venue."

MEANS OF IDENTIFICATION.

"I took my laundry ticket to a friendly Chinaman, and, after some hesitation, he translated it for me."

"What did it say?"

"Little man; ears stick out; wart on nose."

MAY CLAIM TO BE UNIQUE

Feudal Dominions of Reuss in Germany Is Absolutely Without a Parallel on Earth.

One of the oldest of Germany's feudal dominions, and decidedly the most individual, is the little province of Reuss. Both halves combined (for it consists of two distinct principalities) only comprise 441 square miles, and a third of this area is given up to that primeval forest which covers that greater part of Thuringia. And it is the larger portion, called Reuss-Schleiz-Gera (as opposed to Reuss-Greiz) over which Prince Henry XIV., whose death occurred recently, ruled.

At the time when Reuss began to be Reuss, its overlords were vogts, or prefects, under the German kings. One of these bailiffs was a certain Henry, who died in 1120 with the title of Vogt of Gera and Weida, and his descendants took the Weida title for many generations until some connection with Russia (either by residence or marriage) was the cause of changing the title to Reuss.

Then the family divided up into three branches, headed by the three sons of Henry XVI., and as one branch died of in 1616, there remained the two branches which survive today.

Since then the two sister principalities have gone on adding rulers to the double dynasty, and as all of them are christened Henry, the comparison has always been embarassing.

The head of the elder line rose from a count to be a prince of the empire in 1778, and the head of the younger in 1806. They both joined the Confederation of the Rhine in 1807, and in 1815 the German Confederation. There was a little brush between Reuss, Greiz and the authorities in 1866, owing to its avowed sympathies with Austria, but the offense was expiated by a fine, and this made little difference to a house which, like its companion, was, and is, extremely wealthy.

HAVING A PURPOSE IN LIFE

Mental Positivity, Declares Writer, Is the Key That Opens the Door of Success.

Find what you really want of life discover your highest ideal, your most advanced aspiration. Then stimulate it with the fire of desire, and the steam of will. Furnish it with mental pictures. Make mental paths for it. Warm it with faith-hope, and confident expectation. Then move straight ahead, bewaring of sidetracking or wandering into bypaths. Choose the positive thing every time, discarding the negative on every hand. See what you want, and where you are going—and then move straight to the mark, climbing over, or tunneling under, or moving around, the obstacles in your path—keeping your eye ever on the goal until you and the goal blend into each other. Be satisfied with nothing but all of that you seek for—disdain compromise except as a step from which to attain the balance of the whole. Take the half-loaf merely to sustain you until you can get the other half. Demand, demand, and reach out for that which is yours ideally, so that it may become yours in reality. Grasp it firmly when you get the chance—and then never let go! Sing the song of the positive—the glad major of progress and achievement, leaving the weaklings the minor wail of the negative. Say to yourself: I can be positive; I will be positive—yea, by the "I" within me, I am positive, right now and here!"—William Walker Atkinson, in Nautilus.

Immense Antarctic Coal Vein.

Probably the most practical discovery made by the ill-fated Scott expedition to the south pole was a great coal field, said to be at least 650 miles long. Its width has not been ascertained. Australian reports are to the effect that the coal has been analyzed and is declared to be of workable quality. It is one of the largest deposits in the world.

FUNERAL HONORS FOR A MARE

Trotter Destroyed in Fire Is Given Obsequies in Keeping With Affectionate Regard of Owner.

Betty Green, a trotting mare destroyed in a fire at Belleville, Ill., was given funeral honors in keeping with her record of 2:10 and with the affectionate regard of her owner, William H. Reichert. The body was drawn to the grave, on the Walnut Grove stock farm, by six blooded youngsters, and was lowered by stable boys. The coffin was rose lined. Mr. Reichert pronounced a eulogy after recounting the mare's track achievements.

Perhaps Betty Green's terrible form of death aroused Mr. Reichert's sympathies the more keenly, but the intense love of a great race horse by an owner is a primary sentiment. Maud S. had more friends than any horse in history, being approachable, inquisitive and fond of contact with the many whom Robert Bonner delighted in taking to her paddock.

James R. Keene mourned Sysonby as he would one of his family. This superb runner had the admiration of the east without the popularity of Maud S., a trotter and a record breaker in times when trotting was the consuming passion. Mr. Keene, who never bet on the races, was to have Sysonby's remains preserved, but his only monument is his unique position among American thoroughbreds.

HAIR CAME OUT IN BUNCHES

813 E. Second St., Muncie, Ind.—"My little girl had a bad breaking out on the scalp. It was little white lumps. The pimples would break out as large as a common pinhead all over her head. They would break and run yellow matter. She suffered nearly a year with itching and burning. It was sore and itched all the time. The matter that ran from her head was very thick. I did not comb her hair very often, her head was too sore to comb it, and when I did comb, it came out in bunches. Some nights her head itched so bad she could not sleep.

"I tried several different soaps and ointments, also patent medicine, but nothing could I get to stop it. I began using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment this summer after I sent for the free samples. I used them and they did so much good I bought a cake of Cuticura Soap and some Cuticura Ointment. I washed her head with Cuticura Soap and rubbed the Cuticura Ointment in the scalp every two weeks. A week after I had washed her head three times you could not tell she ever had a breaking out on her head. Cuticura Soap and Ointment also made the hair grow beautifully." (Signed) Mrs. Emma Patterson, Dec. 22, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Tanbark as a Fuel.

Perhaps the most important of waste fuels in the United States has been spent tanbark. A rough estimate would indicate that this material generated a few years ago an amount of steam that would have otherwise required the yearly consumption of about 2,000,000 tons of high grade coal. Yet this valuable fuel was at one time considered a mere detriment and an expense to the leather industry. It was disposed of by dumping it into rivers, filling in waste ground and by making roads with it, often necessitating the paying out of large sums for its disposition. This strikingly illustrates a case of how the improvement of a furnace converted a hitherto supposed combustible into a valuable waste fuel of the auto—combustible class, and shows how an enormous waste was converted into an equally great economy.—Engineering Magazine.

Exonerating the Kingbird.

The department of agriculture has granted a certificate of good character to the kingbird, sometimes known in the rural districts as the bee martin, a species of fly catcher which inhabits nearly every part of the United States. The kingbird has been under indictment in many sections as a destroyer of bees and a foe of apiarists.

Experts now declare that it kills only the drones and the useless bees, and is, therefore, a boon to the bee raiser. Besides that, it preys on many harmful insects and protects farmers' chicken yards from depredations of crows and chicken hawks, which it savagely attacks.

Way With Most of Us.

Mayor Gaynor, at a dinner in New York, discussed the arguments of a very young and very cocksure lawyer.

"This young chap from the country," said the mayor, "would do well to follow—instead of trying to lead—older, wiser, and more experienced men than himself. But——"

The mayor sighed whimsically.

"Heigho!" he said. "Some men never have any respect for gray hairs till after they've acquired a few of their own."

Not Worth It.

"Why did you name the baby Nebuchadnezzar?"

"His Uncle Nebuchadnezzar has promised to leave him $5,000."

"The boy may not thank you in after life. I think he'd rather go out and earn $5,000 than to carry around that name."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

His Heir.

Mrs. Newedd (to tramp)—Aren't you the man wro called here last week?

Tramp—You mean the pore feller you gave the 'ome-made pie to? No, mum, I ain't him. He left me his ol' togs when he pegged out, dat's all.

ASK FOR ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, the Antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes. Relieves Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sweating feet, Blisters and Callous spots. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y. Adv.

Always Trying.

"He's always trying to start something."

"A scrapper, eh?"

"No, he owns a motorcycle."

It Depends.

"Don't you adore the voices of the night?"

"Not if the baby has the colic."

THE LURE OF THE WEST

WESTERN CANADA ATTRACTING THOUSANDS OF SETTLERS.

Writing on the Canadian West, an eastern exchange truthfully says:

"The West still calls with imperative voice. To prairie and mountain, and for the Pacific Coast, Ontario's young men and women are attracted by tens of thousands yearly. The great migration has put an end to the fear, freely expressed not many years ago by those who knew the West from the lakes to the farther coast of Vancouver Island, that Canada would some day break in two because of the predominance of Continental European and American settlers in the West."

This is true. While the immigration from the United States is large, running close to 150,000 a year, that of the British Isles and Continental Europe nearly twice that number, making a total of 400,000 per year, there is a strong influx from Eastern Canada. It is not only into the prairie provinces that these people go, but many of them continue westward, the glory of British Columbia's great trees and great mountains, the excellent agricultural valleys, where can be grown almost all kinds of agriculture and where fruit has already achieved prominence. Then the vast expanse of the plains attract hundreds of thousands, who at once set to work to cultivate their vast holdings. There is still room, and great opportunity in the West. The work of man's hands, even in the cities with their record-breaking building rush, is the smallest part of the great panorama that is spread before the eye on a journey through the country. Nature is still supreme, and man is still the divine pigmy audaciously seeking to impose his will and stamp his mark upon an unconquered half continent.

The feature that most commends itself in Western development today is the "home-making spirit." The West will find happiness in planting trees and making gardens and building schools and colleges and universities, and producing a home environment so that there will be no disposition to regard the country as a temporary place of abode in which everyone is trying to make his pile preparatory to going back East or becoming a lotus-eater beside the Pacific.

The lure of the West is strong. It will be still stronger when the crude new towns and villages of the plains are embowered in trees and vocal with the song of birds.—Advertisement.

Convicts College Students.

More than fifty convicts are enrolled at the State Agricultural College at Manhattan, taking the various courses offered at the college. They are, so far as is known, the only convict college students in the United States. Few, if any, of the convicts have ever seen the college building, and it will be some time before any of them can see it, but nevertheless they are enrolled students doing regular work.

All the convict college students are inmates of the United States penitentiary here. They do their class work in their cells and mail their lesson papers to the college for correction. Some of the convicts are studying agriculture, some civil engineering, others mechanics, and some are studying dairying. Nearly all of the students enrolled in the agricultural or dairy courses are men employed on the prison farm or in the dairy.—Leavenworth Dispatch to New York Times.

Parliamentary Suspension.

Sir Henry Lucy drops a hint from the "Cross Benches" in the Observer as to the "suspension" of members of the house—and the vagueness of the penalty. Can it be true that members get themselves named and suspended on purpose to achieve a compulsory holiday? Eight pounds a week will make for modest comfort at Brighton or Eastbourne. The member of parliament is paid whether he is in the house or at Margate or in the Clock Tower. Budapest has a more drastic way. If the member is suspended he is fined 16 shillings a day. That teaches him to behave. Now that we pay our representatives we might make payment conditional on their representing us in the proper place.—London Chronicle.

A New Metal.

Some remarkable qualities are claimed for steelite, a new metal which is composed of 75 per cent. of cobalt and the remainder of chromium. It may be cast and ground to a fine edge, is impervious to rust and the action of acids and highly flexible. As a lathe tool it will cut steel at the rate of 200 feet a minute, a speed at which steel would ordinarily burn. Certain modifications of this alloy will cut glass, and even quartz crystals. Steelite is said to be particularly suitable for watch fittings.

Absent-Minded? Oh, No!

Two absent-minded college professors were walking together on the street.

"Do you know," said one, "I must have a double. The other day a woman stopped me on the street and asked:

"'Your name is Mr. Kennington, isn't it?'"

"Well, well!" his friend replied, "and was it?"

Both Ways.

"Who is back of this show?"

"John Jenks—away back. I believe the sheriff is in front."

Omaha is trying girls as telegraph messengers.

Chicago's Schools in 1912 cost the city $27,399,275.

HAIR CUT BY A SQUIRREL

Rodent Barber Gets Busy on Thatch of Sleeping Oregon Photographer.

Ernest J. Bloom, a photographer of Hood River, Ore., who has been passing the last two weeks at the ranch of R. E. Scott, secretary of the Commercial club, returned home with a portion of his hair gone.

Mr. Bloom had been working in the garden and making a lawn on the ranch. He was taking a nap after lunch when a squirrel that had been making its home in the house this winter, evidently thinking his long black locks would make an excellent lining for a nest, trimmed off a portion of the hair while he slept.

"The rodent's teeth must have been sharp," says the photographer, "for I could scarcely feel him at work there cutting away the hair. I must have moved in my sleep and in his excitement he evidently pulled some of the hairs out instead of cutting them. This awoke me and I let out a yell that almost frightened the squirrel to death."—Portland Oregonian.

In Jail.

Sympathetic Visitor—Can't you do something to make life smooth for these poor men?

Practical Officer—Sure, lady. Don't we iron them?

Hunger never kicks because the tablecloth is soiled.

HOW THIS WOMAN FOUND HEALTH

Would not give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for All Rest of Medicine in the World.

Utica, Ohio.—"I suffered everything from a female weakness after baby came. I had numb spells and was dizzy, had black spots before my eyes, my back ached and I was so weak I could hardly stand up. My face was yellow, even my fingernails were colorless and I had displacement. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and now I am stout, well and healthy. I can do all my own work and can walk to town and back and not get tired. I would not give your Vegetable Compound for all the rest of the medicines in the world. I tried doctor's medicines and they did me no good."—Mrs. Mary Earlewine, R.F.D. No. 3, Utica, Ohio.



Another Case.

Nebo, Ill.—"I was bothered for ten years with female troubles and the doctors did not help me. I was so weak and nervous that I could not do my work and every month I had to spend a few days in bed. I read so many letters about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound curing female troubles that I got a bottle of it. It did me more good than anything else I ever took and now it has cured me. I feel better than I have for years and tell everybody what the Compound has done for me. I believe I would not be living to-day but for that."—Mrs. Hettie Greenetreet, Nebo, Illinois.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

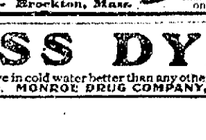


SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clear, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything; guaranteed effective. All dealers or sent express paid for $1.00. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.



RAT-EXIT Most Economical and Effective Remedy. In Self-sealing boxes, convenient to handle. At all druggists, 15, 25 and 75c. RATS MICE ROACHES. Wisconsin Pharmacal Co Manufacturers Milwaukee, Wis.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves eye irritation caused by dust, sun or wind. Booklet free. JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N.Y.

LADIES Get wise. Improve your own beauty and appearance. Parisienne Tonic, PURDUE SPECIALTY CO., BRADFORD BLDG., HOUSTON, TEX.

INDIAN RELICS WANTED of copper and iron. Write and tell me what you have. H. F. HAMILTON, The Rivers, Wis.

Milwaukee Directory

FREE TO EVERY WOMAN who writes, one copy of "Ladies' Cyclopedia of Health and Beauty." This book tells how to cultivate health and beauty, what to use, and how to use it

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$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00

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BEST BOYS' SHOES in the WORLD $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

The largest makers of Men's $3.50 and $4.00 shoes in the world.

Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50 shoes. Just as good in style, fit and wear as other makes costing $5.00 to $7.00

The only difference is the price. Shoes in all leathers, styles and shapes to suit everybody.

If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price.

If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from the factory and save the middleman's profit. Shoes for every member of the family, at all prices, by Parcel Post, postage free. Write for Illustrated Catalog. It will show you how to order by mail, and why you can save money on your footwear.

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PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

KELLNER

Mr. Ward has placed a new churn in his creamery and is also painting the inside and outside of the building.

A baby boy arrived at the Albert Saeger home June 8th.

Mrs. Sinthy Blood, wife of Ed Blood passed away at the family home last Saturday at the age of 47 years, 2 months and 21 days, after a brief illness. She was buried at Meehan Station last Monday afternoon, Rev. Meilicke officiating at the services.

Our section crew was damaged a little by being thrown from the handcar which was derailed about two miles east of the station. They report that their dinner pails were damaged beyond repair so now they will patronize the hardware store by compulsion

Ed Johnson sold 30 acres of his farm and all of his buildings to Mr. Ward. Consideration $1100.00

Ed Hahn of your city is visiting at the H. Novak home this week.

According to reports wedding bells will ring a few times in the near future in our neighborhood.

A new bridge is being built over the Four Mile Creek crossing the road between Mr. Osterman's farm and the Lutheran church. J. D. Yetter and B. Arndt are doing the work.

ALTDORF

Esther Leu has gone to St. Paul to stay with her cousin, Mrs. Frank Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schulzer of Racine are visiting at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Wirtz.

A. Kundert is putting up an addition to his machine shed and Jos. Schilter is building a new hen house.

L. J. Ruesch has the frame work of his new barn started.

H. J. Bassuener purchased two pure bred Holstein heifers of O. J. Leu on Monday.

School closed last Thursday with a picnic and Miss Camp returned to her home at Grand Rapids Saturday. Five pupils received diplomas this year, viz., George Peters, Herbert Wipfli Rosa Kundert, Mabel and Earle Leu.

Wm. Peters loaded a car of hay at Elm Lake last week.

Casper Huser was at Jos. McConnell's shingling a new barn last Monday.

It is reported that Mr. Kramer has purchased the E. Reilley farm.

The Altdorf ball team defeated the Hansen team last Sunday by a score of 4 to 3. It is a game apiece and next Sunday they intend to decide which is champion.



WOMEN know and men notice that no matter how carefully she is marcelled, corsetted or gowned, no woman is smart if her shoes aren't right. That's why so many women will buy La France this season.

LET us show you No. 6527, a Sterling (patent) Colt Pump, with welt sole and tailored bow; also similar style in White Nu-Buck and Gun Metal.

GLEUE BROS.
Grand Rapids, Wis.

Seasonable Suggestions

Lawn Mowers.....$3.00 to $12.00
Lawn Hose, per foot.....10c to 18c
Dandelion Cutters, Weeders, Lawn Trimmers, Sprayers.

Garden Tools

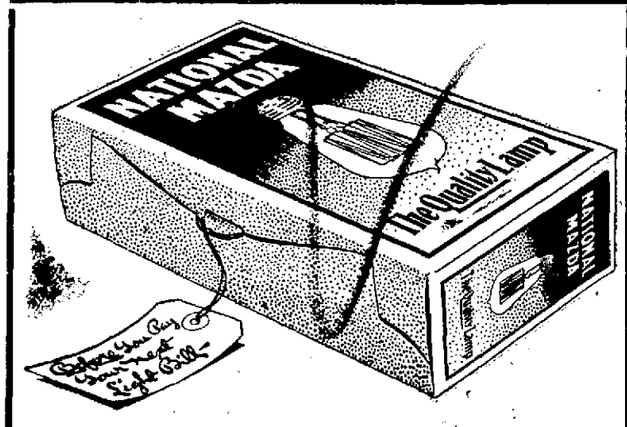
Planet Jr's, Seeders Cultivators, everything to keep up the lawn and garden. Try some of our Special Lawn Grass Seed.

NASH HARDWARE CO.
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

It's the car higher up in the esteem of the automobile buying public. We have had to double our gigantic output--and the demand is more than doubling. Those who placed winter orders for Ford cars last year were not disappointed in delivery.

Every third car is a Ford. Nearly 180,000 have been sold and delivered. New prices—runabout $525—touring car $600—town car $800—with all equipment, f. o. b. Detroit. Get particulars from Huntington & Lessig, Agents, Grand Rapids, Wis.



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Office over Wood County National Bank on the East Side. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin. Telephone No. 260.

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Best of work guaranteed. Call telephone 233 or at the house 447 Third avenue north.

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By all means have a case in Your Home

THIS

is the time to order your next winter's Coal. The price will advance 10 per cent before winter.

We have a large stock of Summer Wood at $1.75 per cord. Call 416 or 54

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WANT COLUMN

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—At a bargain, 80 acre cleared farm. Address P. O. Box 291, Grand Rapids, Wis.—tf.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—A male fox terrier dog. Color black and white. Finder will receive a reward. Edward Pomainville, Real Estate hustler.

FOR SALE—A dandy house on the east side. Price $1900, worth $2000. Owner lives out of town. Easy terms for a quick sale. Inquire of Edward Pomainville, the Fire Insurance agent. Office over Otto's Drug store.

MEN WANTED—By the Brunet Falls Manufacturing Company, Cornell, Wisconsin, for work in woods, yard and mill. Steady employment for good men.

FOR SALE—Two good farms, stock and machinery located at Strongs Prairie. Would accept city property in part payment. M. C. Jacobson—2t. pd.

FOR SALE—Conover piano, good as new. A bargain for someone. Inquire at this office.

FOR RENT—Offices in MacKinnon block lately vacated by J. J. Cooper. —tf.

WANTED—Good competent girl for general house work. Mrs. F. W. Kruger.

TAN BARK WANTED—We want 20 cars tan bark. We pay good prices. Write for prices. Hart Lumber & Cedar Co., Oconto, Wis.—6t

MEN WANTED—To unload pulp wood at our Biron mill. Good accommodations.

FOR SALE—Farm horses and mares. Can be seen at 1078 Washington street —tf.

FOR SALE—Rubber tired buggy, in first class condition. Inquire of H. B. Welland, at the Reiland packing plant.

FOR SALE—A five passenger Oakland touring car. For particulars see Edward Lynch, City.

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300 Pairs Men's Khaki Pants at

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We have all sizes, all styles and shades.
Only two pair to a customer.

Abel & Podawiltz Company

Grand Rapids Wisconsin.

Johnson & Hill Co.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.



We have a complete line of Kayser Gloves, and our prices are lower than at other stores.

Kayser Gloves for Women in fine Cotton, colors tan, white or black, per pair only **24c**

Women's Silk Gloves, Black, white or tan, per pair **48c**

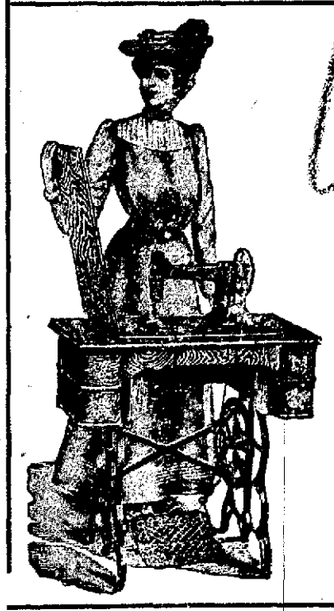
Buy a Phongraph



Have music in your home, it is one of the greatest pleasures possible to obtain at so small expense.

This large Phonograph complete with horn for only

$9.95



Sewing Machines, fully guaranteed $16.75

We sell these sewing machines with our guarantee for good service. The best machine in the market for any where near this price.

Come and see it!

Our June Clearing Sale which commenced Monday and continues until Saturday has been a big success. Crowds of eager buyers have taken advantage of the special prices. If you have not been to this sale, be sure and come, for it means money for you.

JOHNSON & HILL COMPANY

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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KELLNER

Mr. Ward has placed a new churn in his creamery and is also painting the inside and outside of the building.

A baby boy arrived at the Albert Saeger home June 8th.

Mrs. Sinthy Blood, wife of Ed Blood passed away at the family home last Saturday at the age of 47 years, 2 months and 21 days, after a brief illness. She was buried at Meehan Station last Monday afternoon, Rev. Meilicke officiating at the services.

Our section crew was damaged a little by being thrown from the hand-car which was derailed about two miles east of the station. They report that their dinner pails were damaged beyond repair so now they will patronize the hardware store by compulsion

Ed Johnson sold 30 acres of his farm and all of his buildings to Mr. Ward. Consideration $1100.00

Ed Hahn of your city is visiting at the H. Novak home this week.

According to reports wedding bells will ring a few times in the near future in our neighborhood.

A new bridge is being built over the Four Mile Creek crossing the road between Mr. Osterman's farm and the Lutheran church. J. D. Yetter and B. Arndt are doing the work.

ALTDORF

Esther Leu has gone to St. Paul to stay with her cousin, Mrs. Frank Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schulzer of Racine are visiting at the home of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Wirtz.

A. Kundert is putting up an addition to his machine shed and Jos. Schilter is building a new hen house.

L. J. Ruesch has the frame work of his new barn started.

H. J. Bassuener purchased two pure bred Holstein heifers of O. J. Leu on Monday.

School closed last Thursday with a picnic and Miss Camp returned to her home at Grand Rapids Saturday. Five pupils received diplomas this year, viz., George Peters, Herbert Wipfli Rosa Kundert, Mabel and Earle Leu.

Wm. Peters loaded a car of hay at Elm Lake last week.

Casper Huser was at Jos. McConnell's shingling a new barn last Monday.

It is reported that Mr. Kramer has purchased the E. Reilley farm.

The Altdorf ball team defeated the Hansen team last Sunday by a score of 4 to 3. It is a game apiece and next Sunday they intend to decide which is champion.



LA FRANCE SHOE for WOMEN

WOMEN know and men notice that no matter how carefully she is marcelled, corsetted or gowned, no woman is smart if her shoes aren't right. That's why so many women will buy La France this season.



LET us show you No. 6337, a Sterling (patent) Colt Pump, with welt sole and tailored bow; also similar style in White Nu-Buck and Gun Metal.

GLEUE BROS.
Grand Rapids, Wis.

Seasonable Suggestions

Lawn Mowers.....$3.00 to $12.00
Lawn Hose, per foot.....10c to 18c
Dandelion Cutters, Weeders, Lawn Trimmers, Sprayers.

Garden Tools

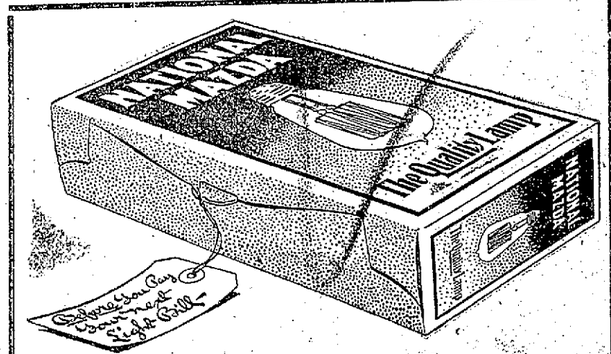
Planet Jr's, Seeders Cultivators, everything to keep up the lawn and garden. Try some of our Special Lawn Grass Seed.

NASH HARDWARE CO.
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

Ford

It's the car higher up in the esteem of the automobile buying public. We have had to double our gigantic output--and the demand is more than doubling. Those who placed winter orders for Ford cars last year were not disappointed in delivery.

Every third car is a Ford. Nearly 180,000 have been sold and delivered. New prices—runabout $525—touring car $600—town car $800—with all equipment, f. o. b. Detroit. Get particulars from Huntington & Lessig, Agents, Grand Rapids, Wis.



Subject to our Short Night Call

—FOR SALE BY—
The Natwick Electric Company

GEO. L. WILLIAMS
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office in Wood Block, over post office. Telephone No. 91. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

J. R. RAGAN
Licensed Embalmer and Undertaker
House phone No. 69, Store 313. Spafford's Building, East Side. John Ereser, Residence phone No. 435.

J. J. JEFFREY
LAWYER
Loans and Collections. Commercial and Probate Law. Office across from Church's drugstore. Telephone 251.

CHAS. C. ROWLEY, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office specialty Osteopathy. 14 MacKinnon Block. Phones 150 and 466.

GEO. W. BAKER & SON
UNDERTAKERS AND LICENSED EMBALMERS
North Second Street, East Grand Rapids, Wis. Business Phone 401, Night Calls 402.

GOGGINS & BRAZEAU
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
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W. E. WHEELAN
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office in Daly Block, East Side Telephone No. 243. Grand Rapids, Wis.

D. A. TELFER
DENTIST
Office over Wood County National Bank on the East Side. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin. Telephone No. 200.

J. A. GAYNOR
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Office over the Postoffice on the East Side. Will practice in all courts. Telephone No. 142.

B. M. VAUGHAN
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W. Melvin Ruckle, M. D.
—PRACTICE LIMITED TO—
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
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EQUITABLE FRATERNAL UNION
Meets in Foresters Hall First and Third Thursdays of each month. R. A. Weeks, president; Wm. H. Burchell, secretary.

GRAND RAPIDS BEER
PHONE 177
By all means have a case in Your Home

THIS

is the time to order your next winter's Coal. The price will advance 10 per cent before winter.

We have a large stock of Summer Wood at $1.75 per cord. Call 416 or 54

Bossert Coal Co.
Phone 416 Residence 54

WANT COLUMN

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A bargain, 80 acre cleared farm. Address P. O Box 291, Grand Rapids, Wis.—tf.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—A male fox terrier dog, color black and white. Finder will receive a reward. Edward Pomainville, Real Estate hustler.

FOR SALE—A dandy house on the east side. Price $1,600, worth $2000. Owner lives out of town. Easy terms for a quick sale. Inquire of Edward Pomainville, the Fire Insurance agent. Office over Otto's Drug store.

MEN WANTED—By the Brunet Falls Manufacturing Company, Cornell, Wisconsin, for work in wood yard and mill. Steady employment for good men.

FOR SALE—Two good farms, stock and machinery located at Strongs Prairie. Would accept city property in part payment. M. C. Jacobson.—2t. pd.

FOR SALE—Conover piano, good as new. A bargain for someone. Inquire at this office.

FOR RENT—Offices in MacKinnon block lately vacated by J. J. Cooper.—tf.

WANTED—Good competent girl for general house work. Mrs. F. W. Kruger.

TAN BARK WANTED—We want 20 cars tan bark. We pay good prices. Write for prices. Hart Lumber & Cedar Co., Oconto, Wis.—6t

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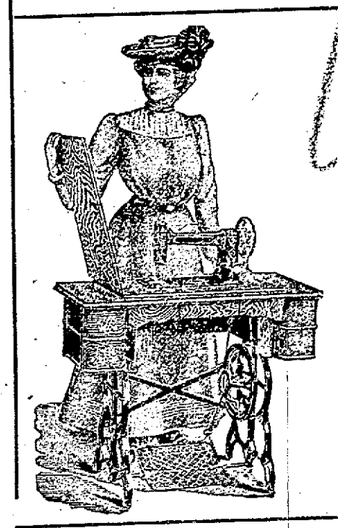
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